## Department of Defense Fiscal Year (FY) 2023 Budget Estimates

April 2022



## **Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency**

Defense-Wide Justification Book Volume 1 of 5

Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide

UNCLASSIFIED
THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency • Budget Estimates FY 2023 • RDT&E Program

## **Table of Volumes**

Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency	Volume 1
Missile Defense Agency	Volume 2
Office of the Secretary Of Defense	Volume 3
Chemical and Biological Defense Program	Volume 4
Defense Contract Audit Agency	Volume 5
Defense Contract Management Agency	Volume 5
Defense Counterintelligence and Security Agency	Volume 5
Defense Information Systems Agency	Volume 5
Defense Logistics Agency	Volume 5
Defense Security Cooperation Agency	Volume 5
Defense Technical Information Center	Volume 5
Defense Threat Reduction Agency	Volume 5
DoD Human Resources Activity	Volume 5
Operational Test and Evaluation, Defense	
Space Development Agency	Volume 5
The Joint Staff	Volume 5

Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency • Budget Estimates FY 2023 • RDT&E Program

United States Special Operations Command	Volume 5
Washington Headquarters Services	Volume 5

Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency • Budget Estimates FY 2023 • RDT&E Program

## **Volume 1 Table of Contents**

Comptroller Exhibit R-1	Volume 1 - v
Program Element Table of Contents (by Budget Activity then Line Item Number)	Volume 1 - xx
Program Element Table of Contents (Alphabetically by Program Element Title)	Volume 1 - xxii
Exhibit R-2s	Volume 1 - 1



## Department of Defense FY 2023 President's Budget Exhibit R-1 FY 2023 President's Budget Total Obligational Authority (Dollars in Thousands)

30 Mar 2022

Appropriation	FY 2021 (Base + OCO)	FY 2022 Less Supplementals Enactment	FY 2022 Division B Division C P.L.117-43 Enactment*	FY 2022 Division B P.L.117-70 Enactment**	FY 2022 Division A P.L. 117-86 Enactment***	FY 2022 Division N P.L. 117-103 Enactment****
Research, Development, Test & Eval, DW	3,504,048	3,855,290				12,500
Total Research, Development, Test & Evaluation	3,504,048	3,855,290				12,500

<sup>\*</sup>Includes enacted funding pursuant to the Extending Government Funding and Delivering Emergency Assistance Act (Public Law 117-43).

<sup>\*\*</sup>Includes enacted funding pursuant to the Further Extending Government Funding Act (Public Law 117-70).

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>Includes enacted funding pursuant to the Further Additional Extending Government Funding Act (Public Law 117-86).

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup>Includes enacted funding pursuant to the Ukraine Supplemental Appropriations Act (Public Law 117-103).

## Department of Defense FY 2023 President's Budget Exhibit R-1 FY 2023 President's Budget Total Obligational Authority (Dollars in Thousands)

30 Mar 2022

FY 2022

Appropriation	Supplemental Enactment	Total Enactment	FY 2023 Request
Research, Development, Test & Eval, DW	12,500	3,867,790	4,119,194
Total Research, Development, Test & Evaluation	12,500	3,867,790	4.119.194

## Department of Defense FY 2023 President's Budget Exhibit R-1 FY 2023 President's Budget Total Obligational Authority (Dollars in Thousands)

30 Mar 2022

Summary Recap of Budget Activities	FY 2021 (Base + OCO)	FY 2022 Less Supplementals Enactment	FY 2022 Division B Division C P.L.117-43 Enactment*	FY 2022 Division B P.L.117-70 Enactment**	FY 2022 Division A P.L. 117-86 Enactment***	FY 2022 Division N P.L. 117-103 Enactment***
Basic Research	506,864	521,360				
Applied Research	1,306,407	1,529,405				
Advanced Technology Development	1,491,510	1,718,640				12,500
Management Support	199,267	85,885				
Total Research, Development, Test & Evaluation	3,504,048	3,855,290				12,500
Summary Recap of FYDP Programs						
Research and Development	3,504,048	3,855,290				12,500
Total Research, Development, Test & Evaluation	3,504,048	3,855,290				12,500

<sup>\*</sup>Includes enacted funding pursuant to the Extending Government Funding and Delivering Emergency Assistance Act (Public Law 117-43).

<sup>\*\*</sup>Includes enacted funding pursuant to the Further Extending Government Funding Act (Public Law 117-70).

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>Includes enacted funding pursuant to the Further Additional Extending Government Funding Act (Public Law 117-86).

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup>Includes enacted funding pursuant to the Ukraine Supplemental Appropriations Act (Public Law 117-103).

# Department of Defense FY 2023 President's Budget Exhibit R-1 FY 2023 President's Budget Total Obligational Authority (Dollars in Thousands)

30 Mar 2022

FY 2022

Summary Recap of Budget Activities	Total Supplemental Enactment	FY 2022 Total Enactment	FY 2023 Request
Basic Research		521,360	482,744
Applied Research		1,529,405	1,650,891
Advanced Technology Development	12,500	1,731,140	1,884,054
Management Support		85,885	101,505
Total Research, Development, Test & Evaluation	12,500	3,867,790	4,119,194
Summary Recap of FYDP Programs			
Research and Development	12,500	3,867,790	4,119,194
Total Research, Development, Test & Evaluation	12,500	3,867,790	4,119,194

### Defense-Wide FY 2023 President's Budget Exhibit R-1 FY 2023 President's Budget Total Obligational Authority

(Dollars in Thousands)

30 Mar 2022

Summary Recap of Budget Activities	FY 2021 (Base + OCO)	FY 2022 Less Supplementals Enactment	FY 2022 Division B Division C P.L.117-43 Enactment*	FY 2022 Division B P.L.117-70 Enactment**	FY 2022 Division A P.L. 117-86 Enactment***	FY 2022 Division N P.L. 117-103 Enactment****
Basic Research	506,864	521,360				•
Applied Research	1,306,407	1,529,405				
Advanced Technology Development	1,491,510	1,718,640				12,500
Management Support	199,267	85,885				
Total Research, Development, Test & Evaluation	3,504,048	3,855,290				12,500
Summary Recap of FYDP Programs						
Research and Development	3,504,048	3,855,290				12,500
Total Research, Development, Test & Evaluation	3,504,048	3,855,290				12,500

<sup>\*</sup>Includes enacted funding pursuant to the Extending Government Funding and Delivering Emergency Assistance Act (Public Law 117-43).

<sup>\*\*</sup>Includes enacted funding pursuant to the Further Extending Government Funding Act (Public Law 117-70).

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>Includes enacted funding pursuant to the Further Additional Extending Government Funding Act (Public Law 117-86).

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup>Includes enacted funding pursuant to the Ukraine Supplemental Appropriations Act (Public Law 117-103).

# Defense-Wide FY 2023 President's Budget Exhibit R-1 FY 2023 President's Budget Total Obligational Authority (Dollars in Thousands)

30 Mar 2022

FY 2022

Summary Recap of Budget Activities	Total Supplemental Enactment	FY 2022 Total Enactment	FY 2023 Request
Basic Research		521,360	482,744
Applied Research		1,529,405	1,650,891
Advanced Technology Development	12,500	1,731,140	1,884,054
Management Support		85,885	101,505
Total Research, Development, Test & Evaluation	12,500	3,867,790	4,119,194
Summary Recap of FYDP Programs			
Research and Development	12,500	3,867,790	4,119,194
Total Research, Development, Test & Evaluation	12,500	3,867,790	4,119,194

### Defense-Wide FY 2023 President's Budget Exhibit R-1 FY 2023 President's Budget Total Obligational Authority

(Dollars in Thousands)

30 Mar 2022

Appropriation	FY 2021 (Base + OCO)	FY 2022 Less Supplementals Enactment	FY 2022 Division B Division C P.L.117-43 Enactment*	FY 2022 Division B P.L.117-70 Enactment**	FY 2022 Division A P.L. 117-86 Enactment***	FY 2022 Division N P.L. 117-103 Enactment****
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency	3,504,048	3,855,290				12,500
Total Research, Development, Test & Evaluation	3,504,048	3,855,290				12,500

<sup>\*</sup>Includes enacted funding pursuant to the Extending Government Funding and Delivering Emergency Assistance Act (Public Law 117-43).

<sup>\*\*</sup>Includes enacted funding pursuant to the Further Extending Government Funding Act (Public Law 117-70).

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>Includes enacted funding pursuant to the Further Additional Extending Government Funding Act (Public Law 117-86).

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup>Includes enacted funding pursuant to the Ukraine Supplemental Appropriations Act (Public Law 117-103).

## Defense-Wide FY 2023 President's Budget Exhibit R-1 FY 2023 President's Budget Total Obligational Authority (Dollars in Thousands)

30 Mar 2022

Appropriation			
Defense Advanced	Research	Projects	Naency
Defense Advanced	Mesearch	riojects	Agency

Total Research, Development, Test & Evaluation

FY 2022 Total Supplemental Enactment	FY 2022 Total Enactment	FY 2023 Request
12,500	3,867,790	4,119,194
12,500	3,867,790	4,119,194

## Defense-Wide FY 2023 President's Budget Exhibit R-1 FY 2023 President's Budget Total Obligation Measured

al Obligational Authority 30 Mar 2022 (Dollars in Thousands)

Appropriation: 0400D Research, Development, Test & Eval, DW

Progr Line Eleme No Numbe	nt r Item	Act 	FY 2021 (Base + OCO)	FY 2022 Less Supplementals Enactment	FY 2022 Division B Division C P.L.117-43 Enactment*	FY 2022 Division B P.L.117-70 Enactment**	FY 2022 Division A P.L. 117-86 Enactment***	FY 2022 Division N P.L. 117-10 Enactment***	3 е
2 06011	01E Defense Research Sciences	01	449,322	443,842					U
5 06011	17E Basic Operational Medical Research Science	01	57,542	77,518					Ū
Basic Research			506,864	521,360					-
11 06021	15E Biomedical Technology	02	98,319	108,698					U
17 06023	03E Information & Communications Technology	02	405,789	480,363					Ū
18 06023	83E Biological Warfare Defense	02	26,082	31,421					U
22 06027	02E Tactical Technology	02	230,211	207,515					U
23 06027	15E Materials and Biological Technology	02	238,215	308,024					U
24 06027	16E Electronics Technology	02	307,791	393,384					U
;	Applied Research		1,306,407	1,529,405					-
40 06032	86E Advanced Aerospace Systems	03	216,283	194,043					U
41 06032	87E Space Programs and Technology	03	144,463	181,524					U
60 06037	39E Advanced Electronics Technologies	03	92,989	140,716					U
61 06037	60E Command, Control and Communications Systems	03	220,184	251,794					U
62 06037	66E Network-Centric Warfare Technology	03	628,540	655,771				12,500	U

<sup>\*</sup>Includes enacted funding pursuant to the Extending Government Funding and Delivering Emergency Assistance Act (Public Law 117-43).

<sup>\*\*</sup>Includes enacted funding pursuant to the Further Extending Government Funding Act (Public Law 117-70).

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>Includes enacted funding pursuant to the Further Additional Extending Government Funding Act (Public Law 117-86).

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup>Includes enacted funding pursuant to the Ukraine Supplemental Appropriations Act (Public Law 117-103).

### Defense-Wide FY 2023 President's Budget Exhibit R-1 FY 2023 President's Budget Total Obligational Authority

(Dollars in Thousands)

Appropriation: 0400D Research, Development, Test & Eval, DW

Line No	Program Element Number	Item 	Act	FY 2022 Total Supplemental Enactment	FY 2022 Total Enactment	FY 2023 Request	S e C
2	0601101E	Defense Research Sciences	01		443,842	401,870	
5	0601117E	Basic Operational Medical Research Science	01		77,518	80,874	
	Basic	Research			521,360	482,744	
11	0602115E	Biomedical Technology	02		108,698	106,958	U
17	0602303E	Information & Communications	02		480,363	388,270	U
18	0602383E	Biological Warfare Defense	02		31,421	23,059	Ū
. 22	0602702E	Tactical Technology	02		207,515	221,883	U
23	0602715E	Materials and Biological Technology	02		308,024	352,976	Ū
24	0602716E	Electronics Technology	02		393,384	557,745	U
	Appli	ed Research			1,529,405	1,650,891	-
40	0603286E	Advanced Aerospace Systems	03		194,043	253,135	U
41	0603287E	Space Programs and Technology	03		181,524	81,888	U
60	0603739E	Advanced Electronics Technologies	03		140,716	250,917	U
61	0603760E	Command, Control and Communications Systems	03		251,794	305,050	U
62	0603766E	Network-Centric Warfare Technology	7 03	12,500	668,271	678,562	U

R-123PBP: FY 2023 President's Budget (Total Base Published Version), as of March 30, 2022 at 14:45:28

30 Mar 2022

### Defense-Wide FY 2023 President's Budget Exhibit R-1 FY 2023 President's Budget Total Obligational Authority

(Dollars in Thousands)

EX 2022

Appropriation: 0400D Research, Development, Test & Eval, DW

Line No 	Program Element Number	Item	Act 	FY 2021 (Base + OCO)	FY 2022 Less Supplementals Enactment	Division B Division C P.L.117-43 Enactment*	FY 2022 Division B P.L.117-70 Enactment**	FY 2022 Division A P.L. 117-86 Enactment***	FY 2022 Division N P.L. 117-103 Enactment****	е
63	0603767E	Sensor Technology	03	189,051	294,792					U
	Advai	nced Technology Development		1,491,510	1,718,640				12,500	
148	0605001E	Mission Support	06	75,246	73,145					U
162	0605502E	Small Business Innovative Research	06	109,867						U
171	0605898E	Management HQ - R&D	06	14,154	12,740					U
	Manag	gement Support		199,267	85,885					
Tota	l Research,	Development, Test & Eval, DW		 3,504,048	3,855,290				12,500	

R-123PBP: FY 2023 President's Budget (Total Base Published Version), as of March 30, 2022 at 14:45:28

30 Mar 2022

<sup>\*</sup>Includes enacted funding pursuant to the Extending Government Funding and Delivering Emergency Assistance Act (Public Law 117-43).

<sup>\*\*</sup>Includes enacted funding pursuant to the Further Extending Government Funding Act (Public Law 117-70).

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>Includes enacted funding pursuant to the Further Additional Extending Government Funding Act (Public Law 117-86).

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup>Includes enacted funding pursuant to the Ukraine Supplemental Appropriations Act (Public Law 117-103).

### Defense-Wide FY 2023 President's Budget Exhibit R-1 FY 2023 President's Budget Total Obligational Authority

(Dollars in Thousands)

Appropriation: 0400D Research, Development, Test & Eval, DW

Program Line Element No Number	Item	Act	FY 2022 Total Supplemental Enactment	FY 2022 Total Enactment	FY 2023 Request	S e c
63 0603767E	Sensor Technology	03		294,792	314,502	U
Adva	nced Technology Development		12,500	1,731,140	1,884,054	•
148 0605001E	Mission Support	06		73,145	86,869	U
162 0605502E	Small Business Innovative Research	h 06				Ū
171 0605898E	Management HQ - R&D	06		12,740	14,636	U
Mana	gement Support			85,885	101,505	
Total Research	, Development, Test & Eval, DW		12,500	3,867,790	4,119,194	•

R-123PBP: FY 2023 President's Budget (Total Base Published Version), as of March 30, 2022 at 14:45:28

30 Mar 2022

## Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency FY 2023 President's Budget Exhibit R-1 FY 2023 President's Budget Total Obligational Authority (Dollars in Thousands)

30 Mar 2022

Appropriation: 0400D Research, Development, Test & Eval, DW

Program Line Element No Number	Item 	Act	FY 2021 (Base + OCO)	FY 2022 Less Supplementals Enactment	FY 2022 Division B Division C P.L.117-43 Enactment*	FY 2022 Division B P.L.117-70 Enactment**	FY 2022 Division A P.L. 117-86 Enactment***	FY 2022 Division N S P.L. 117-103 e Enactment**** c
2 0601101E	Defense Research Sciences	01	449,322	443,842				U
5 0601117E	Basic Operational Medical Research Science	01	57,542	77,518				U
Basic Resear	cch		506,864	521,360				
11 0602115E	Biomedical Technology	02	98,319	108,698				U
17 0602303E	Information & Communications Technology	02	405,789	480,363				Ū
18 0602383E	Biological Warfare Defense	02	26,082	31,421				U
22 0602702E	Tactical Technology	02	230,211	207,515				Ū
23 0602715E	Materials and Biological Technology	02	238,215	308,024				U
24 0602716E	Electronics Technology	02	307,791	393,384				U
Applied Rese	earch		1,306,407	1,529,405				
40 0603286E	Advanced Aerospace Systems	03	216,283	194,043				U
41 0603287E	Space Programs and Technology	03	144,463	181,524				U
60 0603739E	Advanced Electronics Technologies	03	92,989	140,716				U
61 0603760E	Command, Control and Communications Systems	03	220,184	251,794				U
62 0603766E	Network-Centric Warfare Technology	03	628,540	655,771				12,500 U
63 0603767E	Sensor Technology	03	189,051	294,792				υ

<sup>\*</sup>Includes enacted funding pursuant to the Extending Government Funding and Delivering Emergency Assistance Act (Public Law 117-43).

<sup>\*\*</sup>Includes enacted funding pursuant to the Further Extending Government Funding Act (Public Law 117-70).

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>Includes enacted funding pursuant to the Further Additional Extending Government Funding Act (Public Law 117-86).

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup>Includes enacted funding pursuant to the Ukraine Supplemental Appropriations Act (Public Law 117-103).

# Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency FY 2023 President's Budget Exhibit R-1 FY 2023 President's Budget Total Obligational Authority (Dollars in Thousands)

30 Mar 2022

Appropriation: 0400D Research, Development, Test & Eval, DW

Program Line Element No Number		Act 	FY 2022 Total Supplemental Enactment	FY 2022 Total Enactment	FY 2023 Request	S e C
2 0601101E	Defense Research Sciences	01		443,842	401,870	U
5 0601117E	Basic Operational Medical Research Science	01		77,518	80,874	Ū
Basic Resea:	rch			521,360	482,744	
11 0602115E	Biomedical Technology	02		108,698	106,958	U
17 0602303E	Information & Communications Technology	02		480,363	388,270	U
18 0602383E	Biological Warfare Defense	02		31,421	23,059	U
22 0602702E	Tactical Technology	02		207,515	221,883	U
23 0602715E	Materials and Biological Technology	02		308,024	352,976	U
24 0602716E	Electronics Technology	02		393,384	557,745	
Applied Rese	earch			1,529,405	1,650,891	•
40 0603286E	Advanced Aerospace Systems	03		194,043	253,135	U
41 0603287E	Space Programs and Technology	03		181,524	81,888	U
60 0603739E	Advanced Electronics Technologies	03		140,716	250,917	U
61 0603760E	Command, Control and Communications Systems	03		251,794	305,050	Ū
62 0603766E	Network-Centric Warfare Technology	03	12,500	668,271	678,562	U U
63 0603767E	Sensor Technology	03		294,792	314,502	

# Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency FY 2023 President's Budget Exhibit R-1 FY 2023 President's Budget Total Obligational Authority (Dollars in Thousands)

30 Mar 2022

Appropriation: 0400D Research, Development, Test & Eval, DW

Program Line Element No Number	Item	Act 	FY 2021 (Base + OCO)	FY 2022 Less Supplementals Enactment	FY 2022 Division B Division C P.L.117-43 Enactment*	FY 2022 Division B P.L.117-70 Enactment**	FY 2022 Division A P.L. 117-86 Enactment***	FY 2022 Division N S P.L. 117-103 e Enactment**** c
Advanced Ted	chnology Development		1,491,510	1,718,640				12,500
148 0605001E	Mission Support	06	75,246	73,145				U
162 0605502E	Small Business Innovative Research	06	109,867					U
171 0605898E	Management HQ - R&D	06	14,154	12,740				U
Management S	Support		199,267	85,885				
Total Defense A	Advanced Research Projects Agency		3,504,048	3,855,290				12,500

<sup>\*</sup>Includes enacted funding pursuant to the Extending Government Funding and Delivering Emergency Assistance Act (Public Law 117-43).

<sup>\*\*</sup>Includes enacted funding pursuant to the Further Extending Government Funding Act (Public Law 117-70).

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>Includes enacted funding pursuant to the Further Additional Extending Government Funding Act (Public Law 117-86).

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup>Includes enacted funding pursuant to the Ukraine Supplemental Appropriations Act (Public Law 117-103).

# Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency FY 2023 President's Budget Exhibit R-1 FY 2023 President's Budget Total Obligational Authority (Dollars in Thousands)

Appropriation: 0400D Research, Development, Test & Eval, DW

Tino	Program Element		
No	Number	Item	Act
A	dvanced Te	chnology Development	
148	0605001E	Mission Support	06
162	0605502E	Small Business Innovative Re	search 06
171	0605898E	Management HQ - R&D	06
М	anagement	Support	
Tota	l Defense	Advanced Research Projects Age	ncu

R-123PBP: FY 2023 President's Budget (Total Base Published Version), as of March 30, 2022 at 14:45:28

Ş

30 Mar 2022

Supplemental Enactment	Total Enactment	FY 2023 Request	e
12,500	1,731,140	1,884,054	
	73,145	86,869	U
			U
	12,740	14,636	U
	85,885	101,505	
12,500	3,867,790	4,119,194	

FY 2022

FY 2022 Total

Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency • Budget Estimates FY 2023 • RDT&E Program

## **Program Element Table of Contents (by Budget Activity then Line Item Number)**

### Appropriation 0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide

Line #	Budget Activ	ity Program Element Number	Program Element Title	Page
2	01	0601101E	DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCESVolume	÷ 1 - 1
5	01	0601117E	BASIC OPERATIONAL MEDICAL SCIENCEVolume	1 - 39

### Appropriation 0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide

Line #	Budget Activity	Program Element Number	Program Element Title Pa	age
11	02	0602115E	BIOMEDICAL TECHNOLOGY	47
17	02	0602303E	INFORMATION & COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGYVolume 1 -	57
18	02	0602383E	BIOLOGICAL WARFARE DEFENSEVolume 1 -	91
22	02	0602702E	TACTICAL TECHNOLOGYVolume 1 -	95
23	02	0602715E	MATERIALS AND BIOLOGICAL TECHNOLOGYVolume 1 - 1	119
24	02	0602716E	ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGYVolume 1 - 1	139

Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency • Budget Estimates FY 2023 • RDT&E Program

### Appropriation 0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide

Line #	Budget Activity	Program Element Number	Program Element Title	Page
40	03	0603286E	ADVANCED AEROSPACE SYSTEMSVolum	ne 1 - 167
41	03	0603287E	SPACE PROGRAMS AND TECHNOLOGYVolum	ne 1 - 177
60	03	0603739E	ADVANCED ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGIESVolum	ne 1 - 183
61	03	0603760E	COMMAND, CONTROL AND COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMSVolum	ne 1 - 195
62	03	0603766E	NETWORK-CENTRIC WARFARE TECHNOLOGYVolum	ne 1 - 207
63	03	0603767E	SENSOR TECHNOLOGYVolum	ne 1 - 225

## Appropriation 0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide

Line #	Budget Activit	ty Program Element Number	Program Element Title Page
148	06	0605001E	MISSION SUPPORT
162	06	0605502E	SMALL BUSINESS INNOVATION RESEARCH
171	06	0605898E	MANAGEMENT HQ - R&DVolume 1 - 243

Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency • Budget Estimates FY 2023 • RDT&E Program

## **Program Element Table of Contents (Alphabetically by Program Element Title)**

Program Element Title	Program Element Number	Line #	BA Page
ADVANCED AEROSPACE SYSTEMS	0603286E	40	03Volume 1 - 167
ADVANCED ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGIES	0603739E	60	03Volume 1 - 183
BASIC OPERATIONAL MEDICAL SCIENCE	0601117E	5	01Volume 1 - 39
BIOLOGICAL WARFARE DEFENSE	0602383E	18	02Volume 1 - 91
BIOMEDICAL TECHNOLOGY	0602115E	11	02Volume 1 - 47
COMMAND, CONTROL AND COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS	0603760E	61	03Volume 1 - 195
DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES	0601101E	2	01Volume 1 - 1
ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY	0602716E	24	02Volume 1 - 139
INFORMATION & COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY	0602303E	17	02Volume 1 - 57
MANAGEMENT HQ - R&D	0605898E	171	06Volume 1 - 243
MATERIALS AND BIOLOGICAL TECHNOLOGY	0602715E	23	02Volume 1 - 119
MISSION SUPPORT	0605001E	148	06Volume 1 - 237
NETWORK-CENTRIC WARFARE TECHNOLOGY	0603766E	62	03Volume 1 - 207
SENSOR TECHNOLOGY	0603767E	63	03Volume 1 - 225
SMALL BUSINESS INNOVATION RESEARCH	0605502E	162	06Volume 1 - 239
SPACE PROGRAMS AND TECHNOLOGY	0603287E	41	03Volume 1 - 177
TACTICAL TECHNOLOGY	0602702E	22	02Volume 1 - 95



Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)

0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 1: Basic PE 0601101E I DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES

Research

Appropriation/Budget Activity

COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023 Base	FY 2023 OCO	FY 2023 Total	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
Total Program Element	-	449.322	443.842	401.870	-	401.870	396.555	439.811	447.586	447.640	-	-
CCS-02: MATH AND COMPUTER SCIENCES	-	273.633	293.845	224.416	-	224.416	208.185	248.752	264.013	256.785	-	-
ES-01: ELECTRONIC SCIENCES	-	28.681	16.361	17.645	-	17.645	29.153	34.178	52.200	52.410	-	-
ES-02: BEYOND SCALING SCIENCES	-	57.365	65.145	70.188	-	70.188	58.923	58.940	43.250	53.540	-	-
MS-01: MATERIALS SCIENCES	-	53.663	40.303	58.356	-	58.356	82.602	89.818	80.000	76.782	-	-
TRS-01: TRANSFORMATIVE SCIENCES	-	35.980	28.188	31.265	-	31.265	17.692	8.123	8.123	8.123	-	-

### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

The Defense Research Sciences Program Element is budgeted in the Basic Research Budget Activity because it provides the technical foundation for long-term National Security enhancement through the discovery of new phenomena and the exploration of the potential of such phenomena for Defense applications. It supports the scientific study and experimentation that is the basis for more advanced knowledge and understanding in information, electronic, mathematical, computer, and materials sciences. This Program Element also supports innovation and robust transition planning in the technology cycle by working with entrepreneurs to increase the likelihood that DARPA funded technologies take root in the U.S. and provide new capabilities for national defense.

The Math and Computer Sciences project supports scientific study and experimentation on new mathematical and computational algorithms, models, and mechanisms in support of long-term national security objectives. Modern analytic and information technologies enable important new military capabilities and drive the productivity gains essential to U.S. economic competitiveness. Conversely, new classes of threats, in particular threats that operate in or through the cyber domain, put military systems, critical infrastructure, and the civilian economy at risk. This project aims to magnify these opportunities and mitigate these threats by leveraging emerging mathematical and computational capabilities including artificial intelligence (AI), computational social science, machine learning and reasoning, data science, quantum science, complex systems modeling and simulation, and theories of computation and programming. The basic research conducted under the Math and Computer Sciences project will produce breakthroughs that enable new capabilities for national and homeland security.

The Electronic Sciences project is for basic exploration of electronic and optoelectronic devices, circuits, and processing concepts to meet the military's need for near real-time information gathering, transmission, and processing. In seeking to continue the phenomenal advancement in microelectronics innovation that has characterized the last few decades, the project should provide DoD with new, improved, or potentially revolutionary device options for accomplishing these critical functions. The resulting technologies should help maintain knowledge of the enemy, communicate decisions based on that knowledge, and substantially improve the cost and performance of military systems. Research areas include: analog, mixed signal, and photonic circuitry for communications and other applications; alternative computer

PE 0601101E: DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED Page 1 of 38

R-1 Line #2

Date: April 2022

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)

0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 1: Basic PE 0601101E I DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES Research

Appropriation/Budget Activity

architectures: and magnetic components to reduce the size of Electromagnetic (EM) and sensing systems. Other research could support field-portable electronics with reduced power requirements, ultra-high density information storage "on-a-chip", and new approaches to nanometer-scale structures, molecules, and devices.

The Beyond Scaling Sciences project supports investigations into materials, devices, and architectures to provide continued improvements in electronics performance with or without the benefit of Moore's Law (silicon transistor scaling). Within the next ten years, traditional scaling will start to encounter the fundamental physical limits of silicon, requiring fresh approaches to new electronic systems. Over the short term, DoD will therefore need to unleash circuit specialization in order to maximize the benefit of traditional silicon. Over the longer term, DoD and the nation will need to engage the computer, material, and mechanical sciences to explore electronics improvements through new non-volatile memory devices that combine computation and memory, and new automated design tools using machine learning. Other memory devices could also leverage an emerging understanding of the physics of magnetic states, electron spin properties, topological insulators, or phase-changing materials. Beyond Scaling programs will address fundamental exploration into each of these areas.

The Materials Sciences project provides the fundamental research that underpins the design, development, assembly, and optimization of advanced materials, devices, and systems for DoD applications in areas such as robust diagnostics and therapeutics, novel energetic materials, and complex hybrid systems.

The Transformative Sciences project supports research and analysis that leverages converging technological forces and transformational trends in information-intensive subareas of the social sciences, life sciences, and manufacturing. The project integrates these diverse disciplines to eliminate reliance on foreign sources for critical materials, improve military adaptation to sudden changes in requirements, threats, and emerging/converging trends, especially trends that have the potential to disrupt military operations or threaten National Security. Specific research in this project will investigate technologies to enable detection of novel threat agents (e.g., bacterial pathogens) and maintain warfighter health and improve recovery. This project also includes efforts to create innovative materials of interest to the military, as well as biological platforms for fabrication.

B. Program Change Summary (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023 Base	FY 2023 OCO	FY 2023 Total
Previous President's Budget	474.158	395.781	0.000	-	0.000
Current President's Budget	449.322	443.842	401.870	-	401.870
Total Adjustments	-24.836	48.061	401.870	-	401.870
<ul> <li>Congressional General Reductions</li> </ul>	0.000	-1.939			
<ul> <li>Congressional Directed Reductions</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
Congressional Rescissions	0.000	0.000			
Congressional Adds	0.000	50.000			
<ul> <li>Congressional Directed Transfers</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
Reprogrammings	-9.569	0.000			
SBIR/STTR Transfer	-15.267	0.000			
<ul> <li>Adjustments to Budget Year</li> </ul>	-	-	401.870	-	401.870

PE 0601101E: DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED Page 2 of 38

R-1 Line #2

Date: April 2022

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Res	search Projects Agency Da	te: April 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 1: Basic Research	1 Program Element (Number/Name) 6 0601101E / DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES		
Congressional Add Details (\$ in Millions, and Includes General Reduct	ions)	FY 2021	FY 2022
Project: CCS-02: MATH AND COMPUTER SCIENCES		·	
Congressional Add: Foundational Artificial Intelligence - Congressional	Add	5.000	-
Congressional Add: Alternative Computing - Congressional Add		3.000	-
Congressional Add: Al Cyber Data Analytics (Al) - Congressional Add		-	10.000
Congressional Add: Al Cyber Data Analytics (Cyber) - Congressional Ad	dd	-	10.000
Congressional Add: Al Cyber Data Analytics (Data) - Congressional Add	d	-	10.000
	Congressional Add Subtotals for Project: CCS-02	8.000	30.000
Project: ES-02: BEYOND SCALING SCIENCES			
Congressional Add: ERI 2.0 Congressional Add		-	20.000
	Congressional Add Subtotals for Project: ES-02	-	20.000

## **Change Summary Explanation**

FY 2021: Decrease reflects reprogrammings and SBIR/STTR transfer.

FY 2022: Increase reflects Congressional adds for ERI 2.0 and AI Cyber & Data Analytics offset by a decrease for Sec. 8027 FFRDC.

FY 2023: FY 2023 funding increase reflects the fact that the FY 2022 President's Budget request did not include out-year funding.

PE 0601101E: DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED

R-1 Line #2

Congressional Add Totals for all Projects

8.000

50.000

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency  Date: April 2022											
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 1				PE 0601101E I DEFENSE RESEARCH SCI				Project (Number/Name) CCS-02 I MATH AND COMPUTER SCIENCES				
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023 Base	FY 2023 OCO	FY 2023 Total	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
CCS-02: MATH AND COMPUTER SCIENCES	-	273.633	293.845	224.416	-	224.416	208.185	248.752	264.013	256.785	-	-

### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

The Math and Computer Sciences project supports scientific study and experimentation on new mathematical and computational algorithms, models, and mechanisms in support of long-term national security objectives. Modern analytic and information technologies enable important new military capabilities and drive the productivity gains essential to U.S. economic competitiveness. Conversely, new classes of threats, in particular threats that operate in or through the cyber and information domain, put military systems, critical infrastructure, and the civilian economy at risk. This project aims to magnify these opportunities and mitigate these threats by leveraging emerging mathematical and computational capabilities including artificial intelligence (AI), computational social science, machine learning and reasoning, data science, quantum science, complex systems modeling and simulation, and theories of computation and programming. The basic research conducted under the Math and Computer Sciences project will produce breakthroughs that enable new capabilities for national and homeland security.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
Title: Foundational Artificial Intelligence (AI) Science	60.420	58.050	43.692
Description: The Foundational Artificial Intelligence (AI) Science thrust is developing a fundamental scientific basis for understanding and quantifying performance expectations and limits of AI technologies. Current AI technologies are challenged in handling uncertainty and incompleteness of training protocols and data. This has prevented the successful integration of AI technology into many transformative DoD applications. To address these limitations, the Foundational AI Science thrust will focus on the development of new learning architectures that enhance AI systems' ability to handle uncertainty, reduce vulnerabilities, and improve robustness for DoD AI systems. One focus area of this thrust is the ability to detect and accommodate novelty - i.e., violations of implicit or explicit assumptions - in AI applications. Another focus area is the development of a model framework for quantifying performance expectations and limits of AI systems as trusted human partners and collaborators. A third focus area is the development of new tools and methodologies that enable AI approaches for accelerated scientific discovery. The technology advances achieved under the Foundational AI Science thrust will ultimately remove technical barriers to exploiting AI technologies for scientific discovery, human-AI collaboration, accommodating novelties, and other DoD relevant applications.			
<ul> <li>FY 2022 Plans:</li> <li>Continue development of novelty generators and novelty-robust AI techniques to create and identify rapidly and respond appropriately to new agents, actions, relations, and interactions.</li> <li>Demonstrate and evaluate novelty generators and novelty-robust AI techniques compared to non-robust methods performing on known tasks incorporating new agents, actions, relations, and interactions.</li> <li>Develop methods to accurately correlate data across multiple sources, such as lab notebooks, tables, figures, and experimental databases.</li> </ul>			

PE 0601101E: DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED Page 4 of 38

R-1 Line #2

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense A	dvanced Research Projects Agency	Date: /	April 2022			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 1	PE 0601101E I DEFENSE RESEARCH SCI	Project (Number/Name) CCS-02 I MATH AND COMPUTER SCIENCES				
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023		
<ul> <li>Develop prediction models across multiple molecular properties</li> <li>Demonstrate closed-loop feedback between experimental platformolecular design.</li> <li>Demonstrate competency-aware machine learning behaviors and Experimentally test small-scale prototype hardware capable of it efficiency and quantify the utility of quantum information processing.</li> <li>Initiate investigation of how organizational culture affects Al systone Demonstrate the accuracy of Al models for pneumothorax classes.</li> <li>Develop analysis tools to characterize patterns of open-sourcestoontributions, and map relevant social activity timelines to importate Demonstrate a basic capability to characterize and quantify the repressive governments to stifle free speech on the Internet.</li> <li>Develop techniques to predict the behavior of deep neural network with emphasis on manifolds, manifold learning, and nonlinear dimensism of manifolds.</li> <li>Develop Al mediation technologies to encourage positive behave.</li> <li>Examine approaches to preserve and promote positive factors of negative social and psychological impacts.</li> <li>Evaluate and refine Al agents and toolkit to understand nuanced understanding to inform improved strategic decision-making and of Initiate formulation of Al negotiation agents for multi-party interactlynamic goals.</li> <li>Describe the technical approach for 1) intelligent array operation language, and 3) hardware implementation.</li> <li>Develop a model that demonstrates the combined array and ma array algorithms are abstracted to hardware-independent operation architecture.</li> <li>Continue efforts to explore frontiers in Artificial Intelligence with a propertion of the properties of the properties.</li> <li>Demonstrate fully autonomous, closed-loop feedback between explaining the analysis of the properties.</li> <li>Demonstrate fully autonomous, closed-loop feedback b</li></ul>	and AI models to facilitate process optimization and invention of capabilities on integrated application platforms. Information processing near the theoretical limit of energy graph systems for tasks related to machine learning. Items generated by those organizations. Items generated by those organizations in code decisions in order to uncover key trends. Items generated by the sample of the information control techniques used by the sample of the information control techniques used by the organization of the information of the i	rse s, f				

PE 0601101E: *DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES*Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED Page 5 of 38

R-1 Line #2

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense A	dvanced Research Projects Agency	Date:	April 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 1	Project (Number/ CCS-02 / MATH A SCIENCES	Name)	ER	
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
<ul> <li>Initiate efforts to utilize information about the impact of organizate</li> <li>Examine the feasibility of Al-enabled accelerated search of advance</li> <li>Demonstrate and evaluate novelty generators and novelty-robust</li> <li>known tasks incorporating new rules, goals, and events.</li> <li>Develop techniques for quantifying the uniqueness and stability for using these techniques to address issues related to adversaria</li> <li>Further develop and test refined hybrid artificial intelligence (Al) reconventional models for rapid scenario analysis as well as for globe.</li> <li>Develop new Al architectures and ecosystems of "small Al" build by individuals and small organizations.</li> <li>Continue efforts to explore frontiers in Artificial Intelligence with a small organization.</li> </ul>	anced functional materials without training dataset. It AI techniques compared to non-robust methods performing of functions learned over manifolds, and formulate approad I, explainable, and trustworthy AI. It models of climate processes, and explore their advantages and regional predictions. It is important to the processes of	over		
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY2023 decrease reflects a shift in focus from design and dev	velopment to technology demonstrations.			
Title: Alternative Computing		24.000	33.000	28.00
<b>Description:</b> The Alternative Computing thrust is exploring and desimulating complex systems. Despite decades of rapid advancement security relevant challenge problems that do not lend themselves to power (SWaP) constrained conditions. For example, simulation of flow, and plasma dynamics can be challenging even using current technologies developed under the Advanced Tools for Modeling a Alternative Computing thrust is to develop novel architectural and for problems that are practically intractable using electronic compution following: (1) analog computing substrates for efficiently simulating multi-functional spin-based devices for scalable, efficient neuromo capacity of nonlinear systems to simulate nonlinear dynamical systems.	ent in electronic computing, there remain important national to achieving tractable solutions under size, weight, and complex nonlinear phenomena such as turbulence, fluid ly available high power computing resources. Building on and Simulation thrust, also in this PE/Project, the goal of the algorithmic approaches to enable fast and accurate simula uters. Approaches considered under this thrust include the g systems governed by complex non-linear phenomena; (2) urphic computing; (3) computing approaches that exploit the	tions		
FY 2022 Plans:  - Demonstrate the use of a near term quantum computer for solving - Perform benchmarking of the quantum processor performance at linitiate efforts to create new hardware agnostic benchmarks for measure progress towards specific, transformational computational	against the best classical system. quantum information processing performance that quantita	tively		

PE 0601101E: *DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES*Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED Page 6 of 38

R-1 Line #2

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense A	Advanced Research Projects Agency	Date:	April 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 1	Project (Number/Name) CCS-02 / MATH AND COMPUTER SCIENCES			
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
<ul> <li>Initiate development of scalable testing techniques for measuring addressing specific, transformational computational challenges.</li> <li>Initiate efforts to verify and validate at least one approach to fause.</li> <li>Demonstrate a closed-loop verification system for fine-grained the forwarding elements to indicate the path it took, the queueing</li> </ul>	ult-tolerant quantum computing. measurement of networks in which every packet is stamped			
FY 2023 Plans:  - Experimentally demonstrate quantum optimization algorithms for the Perform benchmarking of quantum optimization algorithms aga quantum advantage.  - Select specific problems to focus on when developing hardware performance, prioritizing problems with the potential for transformed light core enabling mathematical operations underlying each establish initial hardware resource estimates for quantum compotential for transformational impact.  - Field and evaluate a closed-loop, verified, geographically dispe	e agnostic benchmarks for quantum information processing ational impact.  of the selected hardware agnostic quantum benchmarks. buters that would be needed to solve specific problems with			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects a shift in focus from technology ex	xploration to design and fabrication.			
Title: Agile Artificial Intelligence (AgAI)		-	21.000	22.00
<b>Description:</b> The Agile Artificial Intelligence (AgAI) program aims important to national security. In many significant domains with possibly to acquire, sensors and other data sources may be rapidly traceability may be significant. Building on emerging technical opwill create scientific and technological foundations for the agile creates that are critical to AgAI include explicit domain models, har of multiple AI methods with techniques including game theory and of the AI capabilities themselves. The AgAI program will also comexplanation to enhance reliability and traceability of AI capabilities	otentially urgent mission needs, labeled data may be sparse evolving in their capabilities, and requirements for reliability portunities in machine learning and symbolic reasoning, Agreation and evolution of Al-based capabilities. Emerging tech monization of statistical and symbolic approaches, hybridizal optimization, and meta-cognition to support rapid improver abine emerging techniques for mathematical modeling and for	and N nical tion nent		
FY 2022 Plans:  - Explore the potential for a flexible, broadly-scoped AI developm maintenance, and improvement of AI and machine learning bases				

PE 0601101E: DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED Page 7 of 38

R-1 Line #2

Volume 1 - 7

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Adv	anced Research Projects Agency	Date: A	pril 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 1	PE 0601101E I DEFENSE RESEARCH SCI CCS	Project (Number/Name) CCS-02 I MATH AND COMPUT SCIENCES		
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
<ul> <li>Formulate repeatable approaches for harmonization of statistical a with techniques such as game theory and optimization, and meta-conthemselves.</li> <li>Conceptualize approaches for combining emerging techniques for reliability and traceability of the developed AI capabilities.</li> </ul>	ognition to support rapid improvement of the AI capabilities			
FY 2023 Plans:  - Develop a flexible, broadly-scoped AI development environment to ongoing improvement of AI and machine learning based systems accepted process. Develop integrated statistical-symbolic approaches, hybrid AI/gam diverse applications such as strategic planning, modeling and simulational services in austere environments.  - Develop techniques for mathematical modeling and explanation gradeveloped AI capabilities.  FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement:	cross diverse application domains.  ne theory/optimization techniques, and meta-cognition for ation, knowledge management, transactional infrastructure,			
The FY 2023 increase reflects minor program repricing. <b>Title:</b> Perceptually-Enabled Task Guidance (PTG)		6.330	12.234	17.30
<b>Description:</b> The Perceptually-Enabled Task Guidance (PTG) prog guides users in the performance of a wide range of cognitively challe in machine perception, automated reasoning, and augmented reality reasoning to augmented reality (AR) so as to create personalized, reperception and reasoning, PTG will develop AI technologies for (1) perception and reasoning, and (2) perceptual attention, to select impronnect reasoning with AR, PTG will develop AI technologies for (3) intended for humans, and (4) user modeling, to determine if, when, at the PTG technologies will lay the foundation for perceptually-enable enables mechanics, medics, and other military specialists to perform accuracy and efficiency.	enging physical tasks. PTG leverages recent advances y. The program will connect perception to reasoning and eal-time feedback and contextualized assistance. To connect perceptual grounding, to create a shared vocabulary for cortant information from large volumes of perceptual data. To knowledge transfer, to derive task models from instructions and how to best convey task information to the user. Together, d guidance and a qualitatively new type of Al device that	3.300	.2.207	
FY 2022 Plans: - Explore rule-based and statistical Al approaches for perceptual greasoning, and perceptual attention, to select important information				

PE 0601101E: *DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES*Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED Page 8 of 38

R-1 Line #2

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense	Date: April 2022			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 1	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0601101E / DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES	Project (Number/Name) CCS-02 I MATH AND COMPUTER SCIENCES		
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
<ul> <li>Formulate approaches for connecting reasoning with AR, focumodels from instructions intended for humans, and user modeli to the user.</li> <li>Identify and collaborate with military stakeholders on high-price emergency medical care, for demonstration and evaluation of ir</li> </ul>	ng, to determine if, when, and how to best convey task inform ority task use cases, potentially involving repair of systems or			
FY 2023 Plans:  - Develop approaches for perceptual grounding as required for recognize task-related terms, including objects, actions, and see - Devise new techniques for combining visual and audio exampthem into task models, and for inferring model visual and audio - Develop knowledge transfer approaches for taking the knowledge instructions such as checklists, procedure manuals, and training processable form.  - Initiate integration of perceptual grounding, perceptual attention demonstrate and evaluate prototypes on a surrogate task use opriority task use cases.	ttings.  ples scraped from multimedia knowledge sources and transfer properties from the properties of related model classes.  edge that currently is available only in human-oriented task g materials and representing that knowledge in machine-  on, knowledge transfer, and user modeling technologies and	ring		
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects continued effort to develop found increased efforts to integrate and demonstrate the techniques of		and		
Title: Machine Common Sense (MCS)		16.500	18.000	17.00
<b>Description:</b> The Machine Common Sense (MCS) program is a machines. Recent advances in machine learning have resulted image recognition, task-focused natural language processing, a application domains, the machine reasoning is narrow and high programmed for every situation. This program addresses the chuman cognition. MCS is developing computational models tha grounded in perceptual, motor, and memory modalities; a simul manipulation of grounded concept models; and common sense systems that are capable of human-like reasoning will be able to with reduced requirements for training data.	in new artificial intelligence (AI) capabilities in areas such as and strategy games such as Chess, Go, and Poker. In all of the ly specialized, and the machine must be carefully trained or nallenge of general machine reasoning on par with common set mimic core systems of human cognitive development that are ated interaction and learning environment to support machine knowledge repositories to support AI system development. All	ense e		
FY 2022 Plans:				

PE 0601101E: *DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES*Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED Page 9 of 38

R-1 Line #2

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense	Date: A	Date: April 2022		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 1	PE 0601101E I DEFENSE RESEARCH SCI	Project (Number/Name) CCS-02 I MATH AND COMPUTER SCIENCES		
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
<ul> <li>Develop core cognitive models with enhanced experience task experience learning tasks requiring elements of intuitive physics.</li> <li>Explore enhancements to core cognitive models, such as mod and evaluate model performance on prediction tasks.</li> <li>Augment the simulation environment to support dynamic evalucapabilities, prediction tasks, and experience learning tasks, inclocollaboration, or knowledge transfer.</li> <li>Extend common knowledge capabilities to improve performance develop novel common sense challenge problem benchmark suitered.</li> </ul>	, navigation, and basic models of intentional agents.  lels of self-supervised intentional agents used by human infan  uation of a diverse set of machine learning methods, cognitive luding problems that require sensemaking, human-machine  ce on common sense tasks with increased complexity, and	ts,		
FY 2023 Plans:  - Develop agent models focused on understanding other agent in a comment cognitive models with expanded experience learning require agent sensemaking, human-machine collaboration, and in a comment consumption techniques for generative question-answering utilize cross-modal (text, image, video) data to improve performance to the dynamic simulation environment to assess performance environments exhibiting high complexity, noise, and novelty.	capabilities, and enable self-evaluation modes for scenarios that knowledge transfer.  In grow for commonsense reasoning tasks, and extend capabilities ance.			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects ramping down of work to develop environment, and continued work to refine techniques and asses problem suites.				
Title: Guaranteeing Al Robustness against Deception (GARD)		15.400	17.500	17.00
<b>Description:</b> The Guaranteeing AI Robustness against Deceptic deception and other adversarial attacks on machine learning (MI need to defend against deception attacks, whereby an adversary the system to produce erroneous results. Deception attacks can conclusions of ML-based decision support applications, and come Current techniques for defending ML and AI have proven brittle testing and evaluation. The GARD program is developing technique and AI systems suitable for use in adversarial environments. In fundamental limits on achievable ML robustness.	L) and artificial intelligence (AI) systems. GARD addresses they inputs engineered data into an ML system intending to cause enable adversaries to take control of autonomous systems, a appromise tools and systems that rely on ML and AI technological due to a focus on individual attack methods and weak method ques that address the current limitations of defenses and produces.	e eter es. s for uce		

PE 0601101E: *DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES*Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 10 of 38

R-1 Line #2

Volume 1 - 10

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Ad	dvanced Research Projects Agency	Date: A	pril 2022		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 1	propriation/Budget Activity 0 / 1  R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0601101E / DEFENSE RESEARCH SCI		Project (Number/Name)		
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	
FY 2022 Plans:  - Develop defenses against novel types of adversarial inputs, with physical world.  - Develop and validate novel measures of attack strength, and into Extend evaluation framework for testing ML defenses for adaptive for use against an Al-enabled adversary.	egrate these measures into the evaluation framework.				
<ul> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>Develop and validate measures of adversary costs and enhance adversary.</li> <li>Demonstrate model training methods that reduce vulnerability to</li> <li>Extend evaluation framework to support simulation environments</li> </ul>	data poisoning.				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects minor program repricing.					
Title: Young Faculty Award (YFA)		17.000	17.000	17.000	
<b>Description:</b> The goal of the Young Faculty Award (YFA) program equivalent at non-profit science and technology research institution augment capabilities for future defense systems. This program foc microsystems technologies, biological technologies, and defense so next generation of scientists, engineers, and mathematicians in ke on DoD and national security issues. The aim is for YFA recipients programs, performers, and the user community. Current activities is Learning and Many Body Physics, to Wideband Transmitter-Anten Dynamics. A key aspect of the YFA program is DARPA-sponsored participate in one or more military site visits to help them better under the program is	ns to participate in sponsored research programs that will uses on cutting-edge technologies for greatly enhancing sciences. The long-term goal for this program is to develop y disciplines who will focus a significant portion of their cars to receive deep interactions with DARPA program managinclude research in fifteen topic areas spanning from Machina Interfaces and Multi-Scale Models of Infectious Diseased military visits; all YFA Principal Investigators are expected	eers ers, ine			
FY 2022 Plans:  - Award new FY 2022 grants for new two-year research efforts actechnologies to solve current DoD problems.  - Continue FY 2021 research on new concepts for microsystem, binnovation; and defense sciences by exercising second year funding managers.	oiological, strategic, and tactical technologies; information				

PE 0601101E: DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 11 of 38

R-1 Line #2

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense A		Date: A	pril 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 1	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0601101E I DEFENSE RESEARCH SCI ENCES PROGRAM ELEMENT (Number/Name) CCS		lame) ID COMPUTI	ER
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
- Award Director's Fellowships for top FY 2020 participants to ref	ine technology further and align to DoD needs.			
FY 2023 Plans:  - Award new FY 2023 grants for new two-year research efforts at technologies to solve current DoD problems.  - Continue FY 2022 research on new concepts for microsystem, innovation; and defense sciences by exercising second year fund managers.  - Award Director's Fellowships for top FY 2021 participants to ref	biological, strategic, and tactical technologies; information ling and by providing continued mentorship by program			
Title: Knowledge Management at Scale	<u> </u>	6.000	9.061	16.30
<b>Description:</b> The Knowledge Management at Scale thrust is focution efficiently capture, analyze and reason with expertise, experied will help address a critical need for assimilating and preserving or being lost due to attrition and other factors. Specific objectives into approaches for domain agnostic knowledge acquisition at scale; and to knowledge acquired from different sources; and 3) techniques are more extensive reasoning-based applications. Example approach demonstrating robust knowledge acquisition tools, exploiting Artificknowledge analysis and causal reasoning, and developing automize triendly interfaces.	ence and data. The technology development under this thrustitical national security knowledge and expertise that is currenctude the following: 1) effective, trustworthy, and easily accept capabilities to identify correlations or hidden factors relating for incorporating domain models and other data sources for nes towards achieving these objectives include identifying an icial Intelligence (AI) techniques to establish a framework for	t ntly oted g		
<ul> <li>FY 2022 Plans:</li> <li>Develop novel Al tools capable of recognizing and representing</li> <li>Develop automated methods to identify and capture, fuse, and workflows.</li> <li>Design and evaluate comfortable, trusted, and enticing software resolve, and apply effectively and timely different and overlapping</li> <li>Use context to provide effective and appropriate knowledge from</li> <li>Evaluate methods and tools in diverse task domains.</li> </ul>	disseminate knowledge across organizations as part of exist e tools to be used by groups of non-technical people to capture aspects of their shared experiences at multiple time scales.			
FY 2023 Plans:  - Extend novel AI tools capable of recognizing and representing i organizations and diverse tasks.  - Incorporate audio/video as input modalities into novel AI tools.	implicit and explicit context of human tasks to scale to large			

PE 0601101E: DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 12 of 38

R-1 Line #2

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense	Advanced Research Projects Agency	Date: A	pril 2022		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 1	00 / 1 PE 0601101E / DEFENSE RESEARCH SCI CCS-		oject (Number/Name) S-02 I MATH AND COMPUTER IENCES		
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	
- Evaluate novel AI tools in common domain of potential military	interest.				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects a shift from initial technology deve	elopment to explorations of application spaces.				
Title: Artificial Social Intelligence for Successful Teams (ASIST)		17.000	15.000	14.30	
<b>Description:</b> The Artificial Social Intelligence for Successful Teal can create shared mental models to enable effective teaming with models are key elements of human social intelligence. Together all scales, whether the setting is a playing field or a military mission machines to exhibit similar capabilities for collaboration and team social intelligence. These include the capability to infer the goals human partners will need, and to formulate context-aware actions developing proof-of-concept software agents that demonstrate a humans in an effective team by representing and helping to main machines that can participate effectively with humans on tasks we	th humans. Theory of mind and the ability to create shared me these capabilities enable human collaboration and teamwork on. The ASIST program aims to develop technologies to enaptive with humans, capabilities which can be termed artificial and situational knowledge of human partners, to predict what is having high value to team outcomes. The ASIST program is machine theory of mind and the capability to participate with the start mental models. ASIST aims to provide the basis	ental a at able l at s			
FY 2022 Plans:  - Demonstrate and test prototype computational agents that exheffective human teams in specialized environments.  - Derive performance, trust, and acceptance predictions for comperformance of complex tasks, thereby reducing the collective conscience of complex tasks, thereby reducing the collective conscience of complex tasks.	putational agents capable of advising and guiding humans in ognitive load.				
<ul> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>Develop and demonstrate computational agents that understar needed by partners, and intervene as an effective partner.</li> <li>Develop agents able to handle perturbations in task, team, mis resilience.</li> <li>Conduct experiments in multiple virtual testbed environments to DoD missions such as urban search and rescue, information ope</li> </ul>	sion, and environment as needed for fast adaptation and tea	m			

PE 0601101E: DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 13 of 38

R-1 Line #2

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Res	Date: April 2022		
1	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0601101E / DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES	• `	

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
The FY 2023 decrease reflects minor program repricing.			
Title: Human Social Systems	20.250	15.000	10.000
Description: The social sciences provide essential theories and models that can enable deeper understanding of human social systems and behaviors relevant to national security such as humanitarian aid, disaster relief, and stability support missions, as well as tactical, operational, strategic, and policy-level decision-making across the DoD. However, current limitations to the speed scalability, and reproducibility of empirical social science research continue to hamper its practical use by the DoD. Additionally, current social behavioral models often fail to accurately interpret social behaviors because they do not sufficiently capture diversity of context. The Human Social Systems thrust will address these limitations by focusing on the following technical challenges: (1) developing and validating new methods, models and tools to perform rigorous, reproducible experimental research at scales necessary to understand emergent properties of human social systems; (2) identifying methods to better characterize and quantity properties, dynamics, and behaviors of different social systems to enable better and more confident forecasting of changes in social systems, particularly when under stress; (3) developing an understanding of the complex effect of context and incorporating these effects into social science models; and (4) developing strategic forecasting and operational decision aiding capabilities that account for local contextual and cultural factors to assess the likely effectiveness of and/or responses to actions within an Area of Operations. This research thrust will provide DoD with new, reliable strategies to better understand and respond to social system issues at multiple scales (from small group to cities and/or regions) and will significantly improve DoD stabilization, deterrence, and/or gray zone mission outcomes.	fy g		
<ul> <li>FY 2022 Plans:</li> <li>Test algorithms for automatically assigning quantitative confidence scores to social and behavioral science research.</li> <li>Analyze expert and non-expert usability and explainability of algorithms for automatically assigning quantitative confidence scores.</li> <li>Validate increased efficiency of algorithms for automatically assigning quantitative confidence scores to social and behavioral science research.</li> <li>Evaluate the accuracy of developed causal models of regional socioeconomic systems in representing the collective implicit casual models held by locals to the region.</li> <li>Investigate the amount of information that can be gathered remotely versus what must be gathered locally to create accurate,</li> </ul>			

causal models of local socioeconomic systems.

- Scope testbed for developing and understanding what metrics are appropriate for measuring the impact of actions such as in Influence Operations.

- Demonstrate that mechanisms developed for engaging local populations are compatible with local infrastructure.

- Explore external and internal validity of social influence metrics within testbed.

#### FY 2023 Plans:

Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 1  3. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0601101E I DEFENSE RESEARCH SCI ENCES	CCS-02 I MATH A		FR	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		SCIENCES	Project (Number/Name) CCS-02		
• • • •		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	
or Test the accuracy of causal models of regional socioeconomic syloredicting event outcomes compared to the current state of practice. Evaluate the efficiency of methodologies for developing causal modelective local understanding compared to the current state of practice. Continue to demonstrate that mechanisms developed for engaging generate sufficient quality data to generate predictive causal modelective.	nodels of regional socioeconomic systems derived from ctice. ng local populations are compatible with local infrastructure	e and			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects a shift from development to demon	stration.				
Title: Safe Documents (SafeDocs)		15.000	12.000	8.00	
n data exchange formats, and improve the capability to reject invastreaming data. The high complexity and unmanaged evolution of egreatly increase the computational attack surface. The SafeDocs psignificant to the defense mission, with attention to compatibility, and data format parsers. SafeDocs advances will enable automated coenforced, and secure documents and streaming data.	electronic document formats and streaming data protocols program is rationalizing existing data exchange formats and advancing the state of the art in the security of documen	nt and			
FY 2022 Plans:  - Create methods for comparing multiple distinct classes of analyticlechniques to merge and tag control flow graph blocks with derived.  - Develop machine-readable feedback mechanisms from format volume.  - Automate testing methodologies and demonstrate safe parser controls.	d semantics for streaming format parsers. erification tools to improve system automation.	р			
FY 2023 Plans: Refine, improve, and validate the software parser prototypes for systems. Scale the test corpus to the size representative of a large enterpresentation partner require standardize the simplified safe formats.	rise and test the parsers for usability, predictability, and sta	ability.			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement:					

PE 0601101E: DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 15 of 38

R-1 Line #2

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense A	dvanced Research Projects Agency		Date: A	oril 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 1	00 / 1 PE 0601101E / DEFENSE RESEARCH SCI CCS-		Project (Number/Name) CCS-02		
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
The FY 2023 decrease reflects ramping down of efforts to develop verified functionally correct, efficient parsers, and focus shifting to		and			
Title: Learning with Less Labeling (LwLL)			15.000	12.500	4.32
<b>Description:</b> The Learning with Less Labeling (LwLL) program is data required to train machine learning (ML) systems. In supervise examples to recognize and categorize attributes of images, text, o systems and, with enough labeled data, it is generally possible to lean be costly, particularly for national security applications. LwLL is and adapt more efficiently than current ML approaches, and by for These algorithms achieve the goals through training with a combin systems that are easier to train for use in variable, unpredictable, respectively.	ed ML, a system learns through the use of labeled training or speech. Humans provide these training-data examples to build useful models. Obtaining large amounts of labeled dat is addressing this problem by creating ML algorithms that learnally deriving the limits of machine learning and adaptation action of labeled and unlabeled data. LwLL aims to create N	ML ta earn n.			
FY 2022 Plans:  - Develop approaches to optimize label reduction in ML algorithms limits.  - Demonstrate new ML algorithms that retain state-of-the-art perfolabeled training data.  - Demonstrate the generalization capability of new ML algorithms	ormance even with several orders of magnitude reduction in				
FY 2023 Plans: - Demonstrate ML systems that require less labeled training data technology to the DoD and industry.	in multiple domains relevant to the DoD, and transition				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects conclusion of development of ML tand focus shifting to demonstration and transition of techniques to	·	g,			
Title: Pipelined Reasoning of Verifiers Enabling Robust Systems (	(PROVERS)		-	-	9.50
<b>Description:</b> The Pipelined Reasoning of Verifiers Enabling Robu capability, scope, and usability of scalable mathematically based to reasoning about complex systems that can support software develor formal methods, enable rigorous modeling, reasoning, and provexample the absence of a specific type of defect or security vulner incremental and iterative development process by running tools at	echnologies, tools, and practices to achieve continuous lopment pipelines. These mathematically based techniques ving diverse properties of software code or design models, frability. PROVERS will integrate formal methods into a mod	or ern			

PE 0601101E: DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 16 of 38

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense A	Advanced Research Projects Agency	Date:	April 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 1	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0601101E I DEFENSE RESEARCH SCI ENCES			
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
they can most effectively remediate discovered issues. To achiev evidence that can co-evolve with the system under change to sup free of identified categories of defects and security vulnerabilities proof maintenance and repair capabilities at a cost that is proporti properties, and proofs in a single workflow that reduces human in repair; and automating formal methods-based software analysis to experts. PROVERS technologies will facilitate the agile developm systems that meet the high security and quality standards require	oport continuous assessment and ensure that the system re through its lifetime. Key PROVERS objectives include enablicate to code change; integration of formal methods with of volvement; providing improved explanations to facilitate pro o support software developers that are not formal methods then and continuous improvement of mission-critical software	mains bling ode, oof		
FY 2023 Plans:  - Explore formal methods approaches and develop tools and data development processes and incremental proof maintenance and error Formulate mathematical approaches for proof engineering at some lidentify candidate mission-critical software applications and system of quantifying the improvements in development productivity	repair. cale including techniques such as distributed proofs. stems for controlled formal-methods-based experiments with			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects program initiation.				
Title: World Modelers		13.700	12.000	
<b>Description:</b> The World Modelers program is creating explanator at regional and global scales. Because of macro-economic interdedisruption of natural resources, supply chains, and production system and global systems with the goal of generating timely indications of particular interest, as persistent drought may cause crops to fail Modelers program aims to develop techniques for automating the models using publicly available news and analyst reports as a struguantitative inputs.	ependence, widespread consequences can result from the stems. World Modelers capabilities are focused on regional and warnings. Water and food security are application domil, leading to migration and regional conflicts. The World creation, maintenance, and validation of large-scale integral	ains		
FY 2022 Plans:  - Integrate software capabilities applicable to the diverse data and Demonstrate modeling modalities in support of analytic workflow user feedback.		to		

PE 0601101E: DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 17 of 38

R-1 Line #2

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Ad	vanced Research Projects Agency	Date: A	pril 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 1	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0601101E I DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES		oject (Number/Name) CS-02 I MATH AND COMPUTER CIENCES	
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions) - Harden technologies and perform evaluations in collaboration wit	h transition partners.	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects program completion.				
Title: Analyzing Software to Protect against Evolving Cyber Threats	s (ASPECT)	4.000	8.500	-
<b>Description:</b> The Analyzing Software to Protect against Evolving C to enable software developers to pose in-depth queries of code und patterns, capture the semantic features of vulnerability classes, and will enable developers to generate the types of evidence required for and assurance. At present, software faults and vulnerabilities are of because they are not easily discovered in codebases and because programming patterns. Moreover, searching for faults and vulnerabilities are of the semantics. ASPECT will enable developers to query software at this for the semantics of code and programs; representing code and programs, potential vulnerabilities, and undesirable behaviors.	der development and sustainment in order to discover neg dicharacterize undesirable behaviors. ASPECT technological confident certification, thereby improving software qualitaten unwittingly propagated throughout the software ecosy developers have strong incentives to re-use code and dilities in software is impractical because these flaws are not behaviors encoded in the software, i.e., in the software significant developing modeling languages.	ative es y stem ot		
FY 2022 Plans:  - Develop semantically-based metrics of software quality and evide otherwise useful information for software developers.  - Identify categories of latent vulnerabilities including syntactically-or	· · ·			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects program completion.				
Title: Advanced Tools for Modeling and Simulation		6.765	3.000	-
<b>Description:</b> The Advanced Tools for Modeling and Simulation throand multi-physics theories, approaches, and tools to better represe data analysis through part/system design and fabrication. One focu framework to enable better visualization and analysis of massive, c being developed to address uncertainty in the modeling and design incorporating capabilities to handle noisy data and model uncertain work in this thrust focuses on developing the mathematical and con enormous complexity of design, ultimately allowing designers to model.	nt, quantify, and model complex DoD systems from multing area of this thrust is developing a unified mathematical complex data sets. Rigorous mathematical theories are also of complex multi-scale physical and engineering systems ty that are well beyond the scope of current capabilities. Computational tools required to generate and better manage to	nodal o , ther he		

PE 0601101E: DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 18 of 38

UNCLASSIFIED				
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Adv	anced Research Projects Agency	Date:	April 2022	
0400 / 1 PE 0601101E / DEFENSE RESEARCH SCI   CCS		Project (Number CCS-02 / MATH A SCIENCES	ER	
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
fully leverage new materials and advanced manufacturing approache speed and accuracy of modeling and simulation, as well as enable materials. Another focus area of this thrust is multi-physics models for complex, dynamic physical systems.	nanagement of complexity across DoD devices, parts, an	d		
FY 2022 Plans:  - Explore applications of multi-basis imaging techniques via modelin  - Explore the effectiveness of modelling and simulating complex cortechniques.				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease is due to program completion.				
Title: Synergistic Discovery and Design (SD2)		16.000	-	
<b>Description:</b> The Synergistic Discovery and Design (SD2) program discovery and robust design in domains that lack complete models. I robust designs in complex domains such as aeronautics and integrat domains such as synthetic biology, neuro-computation, and synthetic SD2 program developed technologies to collect raw experimental dat that extract scientific knowledge directly from experimental data, and design. SD2 application domains include synthetic biology, solar cell capabilities in areas such as chemical and biological defense, and we	Engineers regularly use high-fidelity simulations to create ted circuits. In contrast, robust design remains elusive in c chemistry due to the lack of high-fidelity models. The ata into a data and analysis hub, computational technique d data sharing tools and metrics that facilitate collaborative chemistry, and protein design, which will impact future [1]	s e		
Title: Complex Hybrid Systems		7.300	-	-
<b>Description:</b> The Complex Hybrid Systems program was focused or computational approaches to collectives, complex hybrid (e.g., huma variety of DoD-relevant domains. Efforts include development of four and design of complex systems, as well as novel testing capabilities verification across multiple problem domains. Results from this prograystems helping to achieve unprecedented resilience and adaptability.	an-machine) systems and systems-of-systems across a ndational, quantitative theories and algorithms for the and for assessing the value of these theories using experime ram better enabled the systematic design of complex hyb	ental		
Title: Communicating With Computers (CWC)		4.968	-	
<b>Description:</b> The Communicating With Computers (CWC) program by enabling computers to comprehend language, gesture, facial exp		tion		

PE 0601101E: DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 19 of 38

UNCLAS	SIFIED					
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Research	Projects Agency		1	Date: A	April 2022	
0400 / 1 PE 06					Name) ND COMPUT	ER
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)				FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
Human language is inherently ambiguous, so humans depend on additional communi of the physical world and shared context, to communicate efficiently. CWC developed analogous capabilities to sense and encode aspects of the physical world in a percept to disambiguate language. To accomplish this, CWC applied and extended research i and interpretation, dialog management, cognitive linguistics, and the psychology of viscommunication techniques developed for physical contexts to nonphysical contexts are	techniques to provide comp tual structure, and to use this n language, vision, gesture r sual encoding. CWC also ex nd virtual constructs.	outers with s structure recognition tended the				
Accor	nplishments/Planned Prog	grams Sub	totals	265.633	263.845	224.41
		FY 2021	FY 2	022		
Congressional Add: Foundational Artificial Intelligence - Congressional Add		5.000		-		
<b>FY 2021 Accomplishments:</b> - Developed and applied symbolic and statistical Artificitechniques to understand collaborative open-source software development activities a patterns of manipulation that have the potential to expose critical information, defeat no being implemented, or otherwise degrade security.	it scale and to detect					
Congressional Add: Alternative Computing - Congressional Add		3.000		-		
<b>FY 2021 Accomplishments:</b> - Assessed point designs in the lossy, noisy regime for computing architecture to strengthen understanding of the viability of the approach.	a commercial quantum					
Congressional Add: Al Cyber Data Analytics (Al) - Congressional Add		-	10	.000		
<b>FY 2022 Plans:</b> Explore the feasibility of so-called adaptive de-learning by machine learning that was performed using invalid data can be backed out of the system without system from scratch.						
Congressional Add: Al Cyber Data Analytics (Cyber) - Congressional Add		-	10	.000		
<b>FY 2022 Plans:</b> Develop high assurance computing architectures suitable for mission operate with resilience in contested environments.	-critical systems that must					
Congressional Add: Al Cyber Data Analytics (Data) - Congressional Add		-	10	.000		
<b>FY 2022 Plans:</b> Develop high assurance computing architectures suitable for mission operate with resilience in contested environments.	-critical systems that must					
Cong	ressional Adds Subtotals	8.000	30	.000		

PE 0601101E: DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED Page 20 of 38

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 D	efense Advanced Research Projects Agency	Date: April 2022
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 1	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0601101E / DEFENSE RESEARCH SCI ENCES	Project (Number/Name) CCS-02 I MATH AND COMPUTER SCIENCES
C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)	,	
N/A		
Remarks		
D. Acquisition Strategy		
N/A		

PE 0601101E: DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 21 of 38

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification	: PB 2023 E	Defense Adv	anced Res	earch Proje	cts Agency				Date: April	2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 1				R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0601101E I DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES				Project (Number/Name) ES-01 / ELECTRONIC SCIENCES			3	
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023 Base	FY 2023 OCO	FY 2023 Total	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
ES-01: ELECTRONIC SCIENCES	-	28.681	16.361	17.645	-	17.645	29.153	34.178	52.200	52.410	-	-

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)

The Electronic Sciences project is for basic exploration of electronic and optoelectronic devices, circuits, and processing concepts to meet the military's need for near real-time information gathering, transmission, and processing. In seeking to continue the phenomenal advancement in microelectronics innovation that has characterized the last few decades, the project should provide DoD with new, improved, or potentially revolutionary device options for accomplishing these critical functions. The resulting technologies should help maintain knowledge of the enemy, communicate decisions based on that knowledge, and substantially improve the cost and performance of military systems. Research areas include analog, mixed signal, and photonic circuitry for communications and other applications; alternative computer architectures; and magnetic components to reduce the size of Electromagnetic (EM) and sensing systems. Other research could support field-portable electronics with reduced power requirements, ultra-high density information storage "on-a-chip", and new approaches to nanometer-scale structures, molecules, and devices.

D. Accomplianments/ larmed i rograms (\$ in minions)	F1 2021	F1 2022	F1 2023
Title: Atomic-Photonic Integration (A-PhI)	14.681	9.361	9.000
<b>Description:</b> The Atomic-Photonic Integration (A-PhI) program is reducing the size, weight, and power of atomic clocks and gyroscopes for position, navigation, and timing (PNT) applications through the development of integrated photonics. Specifically, A-PhI will demonstrate that a compact photonic integrated chip can replace the optical assembly for trapped atomic gyroscopes and clocks without degrading the performance of the device. PNT is a critical resource for all DoD missions such as communications, navigation, reconnaissance, and electronic warfare. While PNT needs usually are met by using the global positioning system (GPS), GPS signals are vulnerable to a variety of disruption modalities and a fallback from GPS is essential. In the absence of GPS, tactical grade clocks and tactical/navigation grade inertial measurement units (IMUs) currently can provide GPS-like accuracy only for the short term, and longer-term GPS independent strategies are highly desirable. A-PhI will enable long-term GPS independence and enable better-than-GPS PNT accuracy for short durations.			
FY 2022 Plans:  - Demonstrate an atomic clock physics package meeting size, frequency stability, and phase noise metrics.  - Improve atom trap gyroscope sensitivity.			
FY 2023 Plans:  - Demonstrate a trapped atom gyroscope with single measurement angle rate resolution and scale factor exceeding commercial gyroscopes.  - Test integrated photonics based atomic clock by referencing to civilian and military time standards at National Institute of			
Standards and Technology (NIST) and United States Naval Observatory (UNSO).			

PE 0601101E: DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED Page 22 of 38

R-1 Line #2

Volume 1 - 22

FY 2023

FY 2021 FY 2022

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense A	dvanced Research Projects Agency	Date: A	pril 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity  0400 / 1  R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0601101E / DEFENSE RESEARCH SCI ES  ENCES			lame) NIC SCIENC	ES
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
<ul> <li>Initiate research into other reference frequency sources, such as atomic clock-level accuracy, precision, and stability.</li> </ul>	s sub-millimeter wave oscillators, with the potential to achiev	/e		
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects minor program repricing.				
Title: Ultra-Wide Bandgap Semiconductors (UWBG)		1.000	7.000	8.64
<b>Description:</b> The Ultra-Wide Bandgap Semiconductors (UWBG) processed semiconductor materials that will offer performance breakthroughs compound semiconductors. Electrical bandgap determines a material color (wavelength) of light emission, and also impacts the maximular from the material. Consequently, wide bandgaps have considerable currents, voltages, and frequencies often required by emerging his communications, directed energy, and electronic warfare. This prochallenges that currently prevent implementation of UWBG material These challenges include reliably manufacturing low-defect substitutive and n-type doping.	s for a range of applications when compared to existing erial breakdown voltage, intrinsic charge carrier density, and im output power and operating frequency of a transistor made interest for the DoD due to the high operating temperature gh power, agile Radio Frequency (RF) sources for radar, ogram will overcome the fundamental materials and device ials into power, RF, and optoelectronic devices and systems	de es,		
FY 2022 Plans: - Design low-energy heterogeneous epitaxially-grown UWBG dev - Develop theoretical models of high-energy performance and available.				
FY 2023 Plans: - Characterize low-energy heterogeneous epitaxially-grown UWB - Experimentally verify theoretical models of high-energy performance.				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects transition from basic design efforts models.	to characterization and experimental verification of devices	and		
Title: Magnetic Miniaturized and Monolithically Integrated Compo	nents (M3IC)	8.000	-	-
<b>Description:</b> The Magnetic Miniaturized and Monolithically Integrated components onto semiconductor materials, improving the size and communications, radar, and electronic warfare (EW). The M3IC primagnetic materials and systems with semiconductor technology, a	d functionality of electromagnetic (EM) systems for rogram was divided into three technical areas: integration of			

PE 0601101E: DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 23 of 38

R-1 Line #2

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Res	Date: April 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 1	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0601101E I DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES	umber/Name) ECTRONIC SCIENCES

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
the molecular to the system level, and exploitation of magnetic phenomena in innovative component designs relevant to DoD EM systems.			
Title: A MEchanically Based Antenna (AMEBA)	5.000	-	-
Description: The A MEchanically Based Antenna (AMEBA) program developed and demonstrated efficient radio frequency (RF) transmitters operating in the Ultra-Low Frequency (ULF) and Very Low Frequency (VLF) ranges for portable applications in underground and underwater communications. Whereas traditional antennas generate electromagnetic waves by driving current through a conductive material, AMEBA took the novel approach of mechanically moving an electrical charge or magnet to generate electromagnetic waves at ULF and VLF. AMEBA focused on developing both the materials and precision-controlled electromechanical systems required for an efficient transmitter system. This new capability enables a range of applications including wireless communications for use over very long distances and short-range underground and underwater RF links. Other potential applications include terrestrial navigation systems for GPS-denied environments and ground-penetrating radar for detecting unexploded ordnance, underground facilities, and tunnels.			
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals	28.681	16.361	17.645

# C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

N/A

**Remarks** 

## D. Acquisition Strategy

N/A

PE 0601101E: DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 24 of 38

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency						Date: April	2022					
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 1				R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0601101E / DEFENSE RESEARCH SCI ES-02 / ENCES					Number/Name) BEYOND SCALING SCIENCES			
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023 Base	FY 2023 OCO	FY 2023 Total	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
ES-02: BEYOND SCALING SCIENCES	-	57.365	65.145	70.188	-	70.188	58.923	58.940	43.250	53.540	-	-

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

The Beyond Scaling Sciences project supports investigations into materials, devices, and architectures to provide continued improvements in electronics performance with or without the benefit of Moore's Law (silicon transistor scaling). Within the next ten years, traditional scaling will start to encounter the fundamental physical limits of silicon, requiring fresh approaches to new electronic systems. Over the short term, DoD will therefore need to unleash circuit specialization in order to maximize the benefit of traditional silicon. Over the longer term, DoD and the nation will need to engage the computer, material, and mechanical sciences to explore electronics improvements through new non-volatile memory devices that combine computation and memory, and new automated design tools using machine learning. Other memory devices could also leverage an emerging understanding of the physics of magnetic states, electron spin properties, topological insulators, or phase-changing materials. Additionally, new design and manufacturing advances for three-dimensional microelectronics integration will underpin continued performance improvements as silicon transistor scaling plateaus. Beyond Scaling programs will address fundamental exploration into each of these areas.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
Title: Beyond Scaling - Materials	11.000	5.000	-
<b>Description:</b> The Beyond Scaling - Materials program investigates new materials to support next-generation logic and memory components. The program pursues potential enhancements in electronics that do not rely on Moore's Law, i.e. silicon transistor scaling, including research into new materials and into the implications of those materials at the device, algorithm, and packaging levels. These basic explorations include novel mechanisms for computation based on inherent material properties and innovative processes to vertically integrate these materials with others to realize superior computational mechanisms. Applied research for this program is funded within PE 0602716E, Project ELT-02.			
FY 2022 Plans: - Design energy efficient in-memory computing processing units with high energy efficiency per operation Design advanced compute units for advanced DoD-relevant machine learning applications.			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects program completion.			
Title: Low Temperature Logic Technology (LTLT)*	-	3.000	13.000
Description: *Previously part of Beyond Scaling - Materials			
The Low Temperature Logic Technology (LTLT) program will exploit the unique device and material performance characteristics of state-of-the-art silicon transistors at cryogenic temperatures. Current silicon transistors are performance and power limited			

PE 0601101E: DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 25 of 38

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense	e Advanced Research Projects Agency	Date:	April 2022			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 1  R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0601101E / DEFENSE RESEARCH SCI ES-0 ENCES			Project (Number/Name) I ES-02 I BEYOND SCALING SCIE!			
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023		
when operating at room temperature or higher. This program re silicon transistors to optimize their performance at cryogenic ter complementary metal-oxide-semiconductor (CMOS) fabrication and power efficiency over room temperature devices. This prog ELT-02.	mperatures. These devices will be compatible with current process flows and will offer significant increases in performan	nce				
FY 2022 Plans: Initiate simulations of transistor, memory, and interconnects for Simulate and analyze transistor, memory, and interconnect possible.	•					
FY 2023 Plans: - Perform initial design of low temperature transistors, memory - Refine simulations of transistor, memory, and interconnect pe						
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects the program moving from simula	tion and analysis to design of low temperature circuits.					
Title: Beyond Scaling - Architectures and Designs		10.000	6.645			
<b>Description:</b> The Beyond Scaling - Architectures and Designs both the integrated circuit and board level to provide enhanced silicon transistors scaling (Moore's Law). Currently, improvement of silicon components. As Moore's Law slows and the nation lost performance, DoD will need to maximize the benefits of available investigates the potential for lowering the barriers to designing a protections. Approaches include the use of machine learning are integrate them into existing designs, and deploy them in completoreate secure and specialized hardware that does not depend of for this program is funded within PE 0602716E, Project ELT-02	performance and security with or without the benefit of continents in electronics largely depend on a regular reduction in the ses the benefit of free, exponential improvements in electronically silicon technologies through circuit specialization. This program specialized circuits and to incorporating privacy and security and automated design tools to program specialized hardware beax systems. This program will also support a new DoD capability on continued improvements in silicon transistors. Applied reserved.	size cs gram locks, lity to				
FY 2022 Plans:  - Fabricate and test automatically generated digital and analog software tools.  - Develop specialized machine designed hardware, and bench		urce				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement:						

PE 0601101E: DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED Page 26 of 38

R-1 Line #2

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense A	dvanced Research Projects Agency	Date: A	pril 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 1	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0601101E I DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES	Project (Number/I ES-02 / BEYOND S		IENCES
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
The FY 2023 decrease reflects program completion.				
Title: Guaranteed Architectures for Physical Security (GAPS)*		4.000	4.000	9.00
Description: *Previously part of Beyond Scaling - Architectures and The Guaranteed Architectures for Physical Security (GAPS) prograwith provable security interfaces. These interfaces will physically is system build, and will ensure that such protections are enforced at the development of hardware and software that is open, extendible environments to enable security across DoD and commercial system enabling high-risk transactions, thus allowing for fast computer-to-need for unreliable software partitioning solutions, and more computer applied research efforts funded in PE 0602716E, Project ELT-FY 2022 Plans:  - Demonstrate the implementation of novel provably-secure hardware in FY 2023 Plans:	am is developing hardware security and software architecture solate high-risk transactions during both system design and trun-time. GAPS will reduce the inherent complexity through e, and compatible with size, weight, and power constrained ems. The program will substantially lower the barrier to safe computer transactions, physical spatial isolation reducing the blex missions without putting sensitive data at risk. This program.	y e ram		
<ul> <li>Demonstrate integration of provably-secure hardware into multi-</li> <li>Perform initial testing of integrated provably-secure hardware.</li> <li>FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement:</li> </ul>	level security architecture.			
The FY 2023 increase reflects the program moving from design to	integration and testing.			
Title: Ferroelectric Computing (FC)	<del>-</del>	-	3.000	10.18
<b>Description:</b> The Ferroelectric Computing (FC) program will deve (CMOS)-compatible ferroelectric transistor technology, compute-in for critical data-intensive DoD applications such as radar processir Current compute-in-memory devices are not compatible with adva and efficiency levels necessary to support these applications. This compatible ferroelectric transistor technology for next-generation paccelerators. This program has applied research efforts funded in	n-memory element, and memory compute array technologiesing, signal intercept and identification, and image processing inced CMOS, and are too large to be scaled to the performate program will address this shortfall by developing CMOS-bower-efficient, dense, and scalable compute-in-memory			
FY 2022 Plans:				

PE 0601101E: DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED Page 27 of 38

	UNCLASSIFIED					
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Ad	Ivanced Research Projects Agency	Date: A	April 2022			
			Project (Number/Name) ES-02 I BEYOND SCALING SCIENCE			
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023		
- Analyze material properties and device characteristics to evaluate	e suitability for use in a ferroelectric transistor.					
<ul> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>Simulate performance of ferroelectric transistors and analyze pot</li> <li>Perform initial designs of ferroelectric transistor architectures from</li> </ul>						
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects additional fundamental research act	ivities in ferroelectric materials and transistors.					
Title: Next Generation Microelectronics - Advanced Manufacturing	Science	-	-	20.000		
<b>Description:</b> Next Generation Microelectronics - Advanced Manufa advanced design, fabrication, packaging, assembly, and testing for the underlying device physics of novel material systems to enable environments with high voltage, high current, high temperature, low upon a fundamental understanding of the materials, interconnects, testing, and digital emulation of three-dimensional heterogeneous is standard and extreme environments. The physics of interfaces between the characterize and reduce defect densities will be critical to the future transport, photon transport, and heat dissipation are key areas of standard in the reduced power delivery. Applied research related to this effort is funded with	r complex microsystems. This area also addresses leverage electronics that operate in extreme environments, such as a temperature, and radiation exposure. This effort will build and device technologies to enable the design, assembly, integration (3DHI) in microsystems, and their use in both ween similar and dissimilar materials and the ability to e of 3DHI approaches. In addition, the physics of electron tudy. Materials advances and metrology that improve the essed, including those that enable high current density for	ng				
FY 2023 Plans: - Investigate electrical characterization techniques and metrology for thermally hardened microsystems Identify the surface and interface physics to allow precisely aligne Explore novel materials and material systems to extend temperate interfaces, leveraging artificial intelligence (AI) and additive manufaces.	ed, high-density interconnects for digital components.  ure operation range and to improved management of therm	nal				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects program initiation.						
<i>Title:</i> Joint University Microelectronics Program 2.0 (JUMP 2.0)		-	-	18.000		
<b>Description:</b> The Joint University Microelectronics Program 2.0 (Junext-generation microelectronics technologies through public-private and the semiconductor industry. The JUMP 2.0 program addresses	te partnership with universities, the defense industrial base	,				

PE 0601101E: DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 28 of 38

R-1 Line #2

	D 4 Due suggest Flowers (Nousele ou/Nouse)	'		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 400 / 1  R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0601101E / DEFENSE RESEARCH SCI ENCES			<b>Name)</b> SCALING SC	IENCES
s. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
world that must be overcome including: the need for innovation is at a storage, the imbalance between data generation and committerconnected Artificial Intelligent systems, and the unsustainable. O program sponsors academic research teams focused on relained national security capabilities but also strengthen U.S. leader to program will push fundamental technology research themes and processing, memory and storage, integration and packaging disruptive advances in microelectronic technology.	nunication capacity, the emerging security vulnerabilities in hible growth in energy demands for computing. Therefore, the Jated key technology areas that will not only impact future defeaship in information and communication technology. The JUN in cognition, communications, sensing to action, computing	ghly- UMP ense IP		
Explore high-performance energy-efficient materials, devices, Investigate cognition, communications, sensing to action, comerformance energy efficient devices.	and 3D integration technology for future microsystems.			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects program initiation.				
Title: Joint University Microelectronics Program (JUMP)		18.000	18.000	
Description: The Joint University Microelectronics Program (JU omputing, sensing, communication, and data storage innovation accognizes that the densely interconnected microsystems of the evolutionary devices, advanced architectures, and unconvention arms focused on related key technology areas that will impact favill not only push fundamental technology research but also estate emphasis on end-application and systems-level computation. By evercoming engineering challenges, JUMP will enable DoD applications (RF) to terahertz (THz) and to employ both distributed the mory.	ns for applications beyond the 2030 horizon. The program future will be built through the use of groundbreaking materia nal computing. Therefore, JUMP sponsors academic research future DoD capabilities and national security. The JUMP prograblish long-range microelectronic research themes with great or discovering the science underlying new technologies and dications to exploit the entire electromagnetic spectrum from r	als, h ram er		
<b>FY 2022 Plans:</b> Advance materials, power efficient RF, THz, digital, and storac	ge devices for technology adoption or transition.			

PE 0601101E: DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 29 of 38

R-1 Line #2

	UNULAUGII ILD					
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Adva	anced Research Projects Agency			Date: A	pril 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 1		Number/N EYOND S	lame) SCALING SC	IENCES		
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			F	Y 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
<ul> <li>Demonstrate next-generation distributed and centralized computing information extraction, processing, and autonomous control.</li> </ul>	g architectures and subsystems with enhance	d efficiency	y of			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects program completion.						
Title: Lifelong Learning Machines (L2M)				14.365	5.500	-
<b>Description:</b> The Lifelong Learning Machines (L2M) program is reseablearning mechanisms, enabling machines that learn continuously as the in advance of deployment, and so have difficulty accounting for in-the data being processed. To overcome this limitation, L2M will pursue be continuously learn and improve their skills without losing previous known performance by processing new data seen in the field, learn new task into their understanding of the environment. These capabilities would processing and understanding data in real-time, often have limited day where unpredictable events may occur.	they operate. Current learning machines are fe- field mission changes or unexpected deviation earning approaches inspired by biological systowledge. L2M will explore network structures as without forgetting previous tasks, and incorting impact a broad array of military applications.	fully configuons in the tems, which that improven that improven that require	h ve itext			
FY 2022 Plans: - Demonstrate integrated L2M systems in multiple domains Transition L2M algorithms into selected applications.						
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects program completion.						
	Accomplishments/Planned Prog	rams Sub	totals	57.365	45.145	70.18
		FY 2021	FY 2022	7		
Congressional Add: ERI 2.0 Congressional Add		-	20.00	0		
FY 2022 Plans: - Initiate developing new material systems to extend hardened and high-reliability microsystems Initiate developing new materials for three-dimensional heterogeneo - Identify new materials and structures for passive components for 3D - Develop novel materials for reducing losses in vertical high frequence	ous integration (3DHI) photonics.  OHI power modules.					
				<b>⊣</b>		

PE 0601101E: DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 30 of 38

R-1 Line #2

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 De	fense Advanced Research Projects Agency	Date: April 2022
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 1	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0601101E / DEFENSE RESEARCH SCI ENCES	Project (Number/Name) ES-02 / BEYOND SCALING SCIENCES
C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)	'	
N/A		
Remarks		
D. Acquisition Strategy		
N/A		

PE 0601101E: DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 31 of 38

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency  Date: April 2022												
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 1					R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0601101E I DEFENSE RESEARCH SCI ENCES Project (Number/Name) MS-01 I MATERIALS SCIENCES							
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023 Base	FY 2023 OCO	FY 2023 Total	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
MS-01: MATERIALS SCIENCES	-	53.663	40.303	58.356	-	58.356	82.602	89.818	80.000	76.782	-	-

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

The Materials Sciences project provides the fundamental research that underpins the design, development, assembly, and optimization of advanced materials, devices, and systems for DoD applications in areas such as robust diagnostics and therapeutics, novel energetic materials, and complex hybrid systems.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
Title: Molecular Systems and Materials Assembly	5.500	10.000	24.900
<b>Description:</b> The Molecular Systems and Materials Assembly thrust is exploring new approaches for the synthesis, assembly, characterization and application of molecules and materials for a variety of DoD applications from the atomic to the product scale. Ultimately, materials and methods developed in this thrust will support a wide range of DoD applications that span electrochemical energy storage, corrosion resistant materials, data storage and nutrient generation. Specific approaches include understanding and controlling interfacial phenomena, developing technologies for microbial production of macronutrients (e.g., proteins and carbohydrates) and exploiting molecules for use in data storage and computing. Efforts in this thrust range from fundamental science to better understand the chemistry and physics related to each application, to developing means to utilize such capabilities in future test systems and prototype devices.			
FY 2022 Plans: - Assess novel approaches to use local energy gradients to sense onset of damage and enable restoration of morphology and function in electrochemical interfaces Initiate efforts to enable production of food on demand at point of consumption that addresses supply line vulnerabilities.			
<ul> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>Discover or design novel materials and materials-architectures that can self-regulate morphology in electrochemical interfaces.</li> <li>Assess system level persistence improvements in solid-state batteries such as (number of charge/recharge cycles) due to morphology regulation.</li> <li>Assess material systems improvements for corrosion resistant materials such as galvanic corrosion and corrosion fatigue due to morphology regulation.</li> <li>Achieve simultaneous production of four human macronutrients in microbial food.</li> <li>Demonstrate integration of all component processes required to produce microbial food in the field.</li> <li>Demonstrate ability to flavor microbial food.</li> </ul>			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement:			

PE 0601101E: DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency UNCLASSIFIED
Page 32 of 38

R-1 Line #2

Appropriation/Budget Activity  400 / 1  R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0601101E / DEFENSE RESEARCH SO ENCES  B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions) The FY 2023 increase is due to a shift from initial designs to development and demonstration.  Fittle: Fundamental Limits  Description: Understanding the Fundamental Limits (i.e., achievable boundaries) of scientific principles, processes and echnologies is critical to better anticipate technological surprise for our adversaries and ourselves. This thrust explores coundaries across fields such as physics, chemistry, mathematics, biology, and engineering to address critical questions for pational security, addressing foundational theory and approaches that include, for example, the fundamental limitations of contact of the program of the prog	or optical	Date: Ap (Number/N MATERIAL  FY 2021  30.103	ame)	FY 2023 19.500
PE 0601101E / DEFENSE RESEARCH SO ENCES  8. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)  The FY 2023 increase is due to a shift from initial designs to development and demonstration.  Fitle: Fundamental Limits  Description: Understanding the Fundamental Limits (i.e., achievable boundaries) of scientific principles, processes and echnologies is critical to better anticipate technological surprise for our adversaries and ourselves. This thrust explores boundaries across fields such as physics, chemistry, mathematics, biology, and engineering to address critical questions for	or optical	MATERIAL FY 2021	S SĆIENCES	FY 2023
The FY 2023 increase is due to a shift from initial designs to development and demonstration.  Fitle: Fundamental Limits  Description: Understanding the Fundamental Limits (i.e., achievable boundaries) of scientific principles, processes and echnologies is critical to better anticipate technological surprise for our adversaries and ourselves. This thrust explores boundaries across fields such as physics, chemistry, mathematics, biology, and engineering to address critical questions for	or optical			
<b>Pitle:</b> Fundamental Limits <b>Description:</b> Understanding the Fundamental Limits (i.e., achievable boundaries) of scientific principles, processes and echnologies is critical to better anticipate technological surprise for our adversaries and ourselves. This thrust explores boundaries across fields such as physics, chemistry, mathematics, biology, and engineering to address critical questions for	optical	30.103	20.203	19.500
<b>Description:</b> Understanding the Fundamental Limits (i.e., achievable boundaries) of scientific principles, processes and echnologies is critical to better anticipate technological surprise for our adversaries and ourselves. This thrust explores boundaries across fields such as physics, chemistry, mathematics, biology, and engineering to address critical questions for	optical	30.103	20.203	19.500
echnologies is critical to better anticipate technological surprise for our adversaries and ourselves. This thrust explores boundaries across fields such as physics, chemistry, mathematics, biology, and engineering to address critical questions for	optical			
echnologies, potential implications for basic biology on national security, and the ability for modeling and simulation to provetter understanding of complex systems.				
Replicate ionospheric total electron content signatures caused by meteorological and geophysical transient disturbances next generation modeling and simulation.  Discover and characterize the nature of atmospheric background conditions through experimental campaigns in the mesological.  Commence development of new multimodal whole-of-atmosphere sensors to identify atmospheric transient disturbances produced by meteorological and geophysical sources.  Demonstrate improved sensitivity of atomic vapor-based electric field sensors in the millimeter wave frequency range.  Demonstrate an atomic vapor cell-based vector magnetometer with improved sensitivity and accuracy in a reduced physical package size.  Demonstrate the potential for improving the atom-photon interaction strength and quantum coherence of vapor quantum of Identify DoD relevant applications for room temperature, vapor cell-based electric and magnetic field sensors and quantum atom-light interfaces.	es devices.			
Complete development of new multimodal whole-of-atmosphere sensors to identify atmospheric transient disturbances proportion meteorological and geophysical sources.  Demonstrate using the atmosphere as a sensor to discover sources of transient disturbances in real-world conditions relevational security.  Continue to improve sensitivity of atomic vapor-based electric and magnetic field sensors.  Continue to increase the atom-photon interaction strength and quantum coherence of vapor-based quantum devices.				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects a shift from component development and integration to system demonstration and refineme	ent.			
Title: Basic Photon Science		10.060	10.100	13.956

PE 0601101E: DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 33 of 38

	UNCLASSII ILD			
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense	Advanced Research Projects Agency	Date: A	pril 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 1	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0601101E I DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES	<b>Project (Number/I</b> MS-01 / MATERIA	•	6
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
<b>Description:</b> The Basic Photon Science thrust is examining the integrated devices for potential DoD-applications such as common Research efforts will explore development of a complex theoret scenes to guide development of new imaging technologies. We detector performance in a variety of detector technologies to en	nunications, signal processing, spectroscopic sensing and ima- ical framework for maximum information extraction from comp ork in this thrust will establish the first-principles limits of photon	ex		
FY 2022 Plans: - Characterize measurement hyperdiversity techniques to generate operate at high speed at night without a detectable signal Create initial predictions of the vehicle speeds that are theoret environments.				
FY 2023 Plans: - Fabricate novel sensors that use measurement hyperdiversity - Demonstrate stationary ranging in a laboratory setting using a				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects a shift from system characterizate	ion to fabrication and demonstration.			
Title: Non-Equilibrium Materials		8.000	-	
<b>Description:</b> The Non-Equilibrium Materials thrust explored may when driven far from equilibrium. Work in this thrust examined areas of interest to the DoD, including next generation electronic the development of topologically protected excitations in electromatter in periodically driven solid-state systems.	the physical underpinnings and applications of these systems cs, high-performance computing, and sensing. Efforts include	in d		
	Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subt	otals 53.663	40.303	58.35

N/A

**Remarks** 

D. Acquisition Strategy

N/A

PE 0601101E: DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

**UNCLASSIFIED** Page 34 of 38

R-1 Line #2

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency										Date: April	2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 1	<sup>1</sup> 1				R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0601101E I DEFENSE RESEARCH SCI ENCES				, ,	roject (Number/Name) RS-01 / TRANSFORMATIVE SCIENCES		
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023 Base	FY 2023 OCO	FY 2023 Total	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
TRS-01: TRANSFORMATIVE SCIENCES	-	35.980	28.188	31.265	-	31.265	17.692	8.123	8.123	8.123	-	-

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

B Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)

The Transformative Sciences project supports research and analysis that leverages converging technological forces and transformational trends in information-intensive subareas of the social sciences, life sciences, and manufacturing. The project integrates these diverse disciplines to eliminate reliance on foreign sources for critical materials, improve military adaptation to sudden changes in requirements, threats, and emerging/converging trends, especially trends that have the potential to disrupt military operations or threaten National Security. Specific research in this project will investigate technologies to enable detection of novel threat agents (e.g., bacterial pathogens), maintain warfighter health, and improve recovery. This project also includes efforts to create innovative materials of interest to the military, as well as biological platforms for fabrication. This Program Element also supports innovation and robust transition planning in the technology cycle by working with entrepreneurs to increase the likelihood that DARPA-funded technologies take root in the U.S. and provide new capabilities for national defense.

B. Accomplishments/Flatmed Flograms (\$\pi\$ in \text{willions})	F 1 2021	F1 2022	F1 2023
Title: Biology for Security (BIOSEC)	11.672	9.351	7.535
<b>Description:</b> The Biology for Security (BIOSEC) program seeks to investigate novel approaches to address the DoD need for rapid detection of unknown and/or emerging biological threats from state actors or violent extremist organizations (VEOs). This program will investigate approaches for identifying pathogens based on specific behaviors, or phenotypes, such as niche finding or cell toxicity. Unlike current methods, which rely on a priori knowledge of the pathogen and cannot detect or otherwise analyze unknown threats, this approach will handle scenarios involving engineered or undiscovered bacterial pathogens that do not have known hallmarks. Advances in this area will produce a completely new capability to assess the emergence of pathogens and to detect pathogens that have been specifically engineered to evade detection by traditional methods. Resulting systems may be used to alert deployed military personnel operating around the world to new biothreats, or in response to a U.Sbased discovery, outbreak, or pandemic.			
<ul> <li>FY 2022 Plans:</li> <li>Develop isolation and interrogation platforms on sterilized real-world samples spiked with 50-100 different types of bacteria.</li> <li>Develop algorithms that combine trait scoring for predictive threat identification.</li> <li>Develop decision tree optimization algorithm and demonstrate increased pipeline efficiency.</li> <li>Demonstrate ability to map pathogenic traits to single bacteria.</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>Demonstrate integrated platforms that identify pathogens from unknown consortia.</li> <li>Transition technology to U.S. government partners tasked with preventing or responding to pathogen outbreaks.</li> </ul>			

EV 2023

EV 2021 EV 2022

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Ad	vanced Research Projects Agency	Date: A	pril 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 1	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0601101E I DEFENSE RESEARCH SCI TENCES	roject (Number/I RS-01 / TRANSF		SCIENCES
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)  - Complete independent verification and validation (IV&V) analysis	of integrated platforms.	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects the shift from research and develop samples in conjunction with transition partners.	ment activities to testing integrated systems on real-world			
Title: Rapid Healing for Warfighter Injuries		13.430	16.587	20.42
<b>Description:</b> The Rapid Healing for Warfighter Injuries effort is addinjury by developing technologies that can accelerate the restoration approaches that combine high-resolution biosensors to track the herestoration where and when needed. The primary challenge to ach manipulate highly complex signaling pathways in wounds and the difference artificial intelligence to guide the delivery of the signals need bioactuators that can release diverse stimuli with high spatial and to situ measurement to guide the healing process.	n and repair of complex tissues. This program will develop ealing process in real-time with bioactuators to stimulate lieving this is the lack of a closed-loop interface that can developmental interdependencies that scale from cell to tissual information into the body's native repair processes, and we cessary for healing. Advances from this program will produce.	e. vill ce		
<ul> <li>FY 2022 Plans:</li> <li>Demonstrate biocompatibility, reliable operation of sensors and a processes in animal models.</li> <li>Produce an in vivo sensor system that can accurately report the validation (IV&amp;V) team.</li> <li>Demonstrate that the model predicts the wound stage from in vivo Demonstrate closed-loop control over at least one physiological power power provided improved wound healing for one wound healing stage.</li> <li>Develop an initial integrated model for multi-systems interventions.</li> </ul>	wound state to be delivered to the independent verification a o test data with 80% accuracy. process. ge.			
FY 2023 Plans:  - Integrate sensors and actuators for one physiological process into - Demonstrate that predictions made by the machine-learning algoraccuracy.  - Initiate independent verification and validation (IV&V) of in vivo bi - Demonstrate improved wound healing for two stages of wound he	o a single platform. rithms occur at therapy-relevant time scales without sacrifici focompatibility of integrated systems.	ng		
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement:				

PE 0601101E: DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 36 of 38

	UNCLASSIFIED			
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advance	ed Research Projects Agency	Date:	April 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 1	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0601101E I DEFENSE RESEARCH SCI ENCES	Project (Number TRS-01 / TRANS		SCIENCES
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
The FY 2023 increase reflects conducting in vivo experiments in large are platform, and conducting IV&V assessment of the technology.	nimal models, integrating all components into a single	9		
Title: Engineered Living Materials (ELM)		2.200	2.250	3.30
<b>Description:</b> The Engineered Living Materials (ELM) program is pursuin systems for enhanced capabilities and functional materials to improve m and platforms. Complex biological materials and systems have unique pweight ratios, magnetic, optical) not only because of the inherent composassembled together across length scales. Engineering biology tools and organization, and function of biomaterial systems for a variety of improve technological platforms to enable information-driven assembly of hierarc for the advanced development of critical molecules and materials. Adva design for optical and electronic applications; military approaches to infra established methods for the manufacture and maintenance of military plants.	positional properties (e.g., controlled porosity, high strength-to- properties (e.g., controlled porosity, high strength-to- prents but also because of how those components are districted techniques are now at a stage to pursue the product ed capabilities. This program is developing underlying thical biological systems as well as alternate approact ances in this program will impact next-generation mate astructure design in austere environments; as well as	tion, g hes erial		
FY 2022 Plans:  - Characterize biological and mechanical properties of material for dural  - Investigate methods to develop alternate approaches to produce critical environments.  - Exploit microbial processes and biomolecules to control the incorporat with magnetic and optical characteristics.	al molecules and materials for use in austere			
<ul> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>Demonstrate methods for alternate approaches to identify, engineer, a austere environments.</li> <li>Engineer biological systems that predictably control the composition, sexhibit optical and magnetic properties.</li> </ul>				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects development in technologies to advance environments.	development of critical molecules and materials in au	stere		
Title: Social Simulation (SocialSim)		8.678	-	_
<b>Description:</b> The Social Simulation (SocialSim) program developed con evolution of information in the online environment including multiple glob				

PE 0601101E: DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 37 of 38

R-1 Line #2

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Res	Date: April 2022		
· · ·	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0601101E I DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES	- 3 (	umber/Name) TRANSFORMATIVE SCIENCES

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
information environment is radically changing how and at what rate information spreads and evolves. Both nation-state and sub-state actors are incorporating messaging into their operations to great advantage. Existing approaches to modeling online information spread have been narrow in scope and focused on keywords or social networks. SocialSim combined models of holistic platform activity with models of anonymized users and networks to capture social media engagement and spread for better simulation and understanding of how information spreads through various platforms and is impacted by events in the real world. This capability will support assessment and prediction of adversary or U.S. information campaign spread and development of realistic, synthetic social media for training and other purposes.			
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals	35.980	28.188	31.265

C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

N/A

Remarks

D. Acquisition Strategy

N/A

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

Appropriation/Budget Activity R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)

0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 1: Basic PE 0601117E I BASIC OPERATIONAL MEDICAL SCIENCE

Research

COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023 Base	FY 2023 OCO	FY 2023 Total	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
Total Program Element	-	57.542	77.518	80.874	-	80.874	67.204	67.738	90.378	80.321	-	-
MED-01: BASIC OPERATIONAL MEDICAL SCIENCE	-	57.542	77.518	80.874	-	80.874	67.204	67.738	90.378	80.321	-	-

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

The Basic Operational Medical Science Program Element will explore and develop basic research in medical-related information and technology leading to fundamental discoveries, tools, and applications critical to overcoming DoD challenges. Programs in this Program Element address the Department's identified medical gaps in warfighter care related to restorative function of the body, blood loss, sleep restriction, and prevention and treatment of infectious disease. Efforts will draw upon computational modeling and experimental data to discover properties of biological systems that cross multiple scales of biological architecture and function, from the molecular and genetic level through cellular, tissue, organ, and whole organism levels. To enable in-theater continuous monitoring, protection, and treatment of warfighters, this Program Element will explore multiple diagnostic and therapeutic approaches, including developing techniques to protect against emerging pathogens; exploring methods to prevent pathological infection; increasing the longevity of effective therapeutics against pathogenic threats; and leveraging fundamental and engineered biological mechanisms to enhance tolerance to insults such as pain, altitude, and chronic loss of sleep. This Program Element also supports innovation and robust transition planning in the technology cycle by working with entrepreneurs to increase the likelihood that DARPA-funded technologies take root in the U.S. and provide new capabilities for national defense.

B. Program Change Summary (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023 Base	FY 2023 OCO	FY 2023 Total
Previous President's Budget	53.730	76.018	0.000	-	0.000
Current President's Budget	57.542	77.518	80.874	-	80.874
Total Adjustments	3.812	1.500	80.874	-	80.874
<ul> <li>Congressional General Reductions</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
<ul> <li>Congressional Directed Reductions</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
<ul> <li>Congressional Rescissions</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
<ul> <li>Congressional Adds</li> </ul>	0.000	1.500			
<ul> <li>Congressional Directed Transfers</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
Reprogrammings	5.542	0.000			
SBIR/STTR Transfer	-1.730	0.000			
<ul> <li>Adjustments to Budget Year</li> </ul>	-	-	80.874	-	80.874

Congressional Add Details (\$ in Millions, and Includes General Reductions)

Project: MED-01: BASIC OPERATIONAL MEDICAL SCIENCE

FY 2021 FY 2022

Date: April 2022

PE 0601117E: BASIC OPERATIONAL MEDICAL SCIENCE Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 1 of 7

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced	Research Projects Agency	Date: April 2022
, ·· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)	
0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 1: Basic	Basic PE 0601117E I BASIC OPERATIONAL MEDICAL SCIENCE	
Research		

Congressional Add Details (\$ in Millions, and Includes General Reductions)	FY 2021	FY 2022
Congressional Add: Novel analytical and empirical approaches to the prediction and monitoring of disease transmission - Congressional Add	-	1.500
Congressional Add Subtotals for Project: MED-01	-	1.500
Congressional Add Totals for all Projects	_	1.500

### **Change Summary Explanation**

FY 2021: Increase reflects reprogrammings offset by SBIR/STTR transfer.

FY 2022: Increase reflects Congressional add for Project Increase - novel analytical and empirical approaches to the prediction and monitoring of disease transmission.

FY 2023: FY 2023 funding increase reflects the fact that the FY 2022 President's Budget request did not include out-year funding.

C. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
Title: Early Battlefield Interventions (EBI)	13.302	15.150	12.918
<b>Description:</b> The Early Battlefield Interventions (EBI) program is exploring new methods to slow and limit damage caused by acute trauma, injury, and infection often suffered by warfighters under far-forward conditions. Research efforts will apply advances in molecular and cellular biology, cell signaling, and biomaterials to develop new tools to alter the time course of pathological processes associated with infection and tissue damage. This tactic is a departure from traditional therapeutic approaches that seek to control symptoms associated with active infections or innate physiological responses to tissue trauma. Advances in this area may be applied to the development of both prophylactic and therapeutic medical countermeasures to forward-deployed service members.			
<ul> <li>FY 2022 Plans:</li> <li>Observe the effects of biostasis-inducing agents on cell function (e.g., toxicity, metabolism, DNA damage, etc.) and evaluate mechanisms of biostasis.</li> <li>Establish intervention approaches to focus on inducing and reversing biostasis in increasingly complex, multicellular systems.</li> <li>Evaluate biological uptake and distribution of biostasis interventions, and characterize molecular mechanisms of interventions.</li> <li>Begin to characterize time course of biostasis induction and reversibility of cellular stasis.</li> </ul>			
FY 2023 Plans: - Demonstrate biostasis induction at observable and molecular levels in complex, multicellular biological systems Evaluate the time course of biostasis induction and reversibility in multicellular systems.			

UI	NCLASSIFIED			
Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced	Research Projects Agency	Date: A	pril 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 1: Basic Research	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0601117E I BASIC OPERATIONAL MEDICAL S	SCIENCE		
C. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	[	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
- Detail mechanisms underlying biostasis, as well as potential negative effect biological systems.	s (e.g., toxicity, DNA damage, etc.) in multicellular			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects completion of discovery efforts and movement candidate effects.	towards final demonstration experiments to validate			
Title: Improved Interventions		15.137	15.733	15.912
<b>Description:</b> The Improved Interventions program seeks to develop novel phase optimize the performance of the healthy warfighter. The status quo for pharma often has many undesirable side effects. This program will create a platform to modulating multiple targets within biological systems of the body, which will refocus on the integration of novel bioinformatics approaches, high-content physichemical synthesis methods to treat the system in order to achieve desired phase to new pharmacological discovery and design principles that will lead to produtraining and maintenance for military populations.	acological intervention is one drug, one target, which of develop pharmacological interventions capable of duce side effects and promote safety. Research will siological model systems, and new bio-orthogonal pysiological effects. Progress in this area will lead			
<ul> <li>FY 2022 Plans:</li> <li>Begin validation of novel drug target network by predicting and testing drug</li> <li>Collect molecular response profiles to target drugs developed for the indicat</li> <li>Test novel chemical compounds in appropriate biological model systems an</li> <li>Accelerate the timeline to network assembly and drug synthesis platform.</li> </ul>	ions of interest.			
<ul> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>Analyze drug combination effects and compare to single drug therapy.</li> <li>Optimize novel multi-target drugs for activity based on response profiles.</li> <li>Identify protein targets and synthesize drugs in less than 60 days.</li> <li>Use biological model systems to validate multi-target drug actions for therap</li> </ul>	peutic use.			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects minor program repricing.				
Title: Physiological Overmatch		12.262	17.365	18.195
<b>Description:</b> Warfighters must operate under extreme physiological condition austere environments. The Physiological Overmatch program is investigating systems to adapt to environmental challenges during deployment. The program	innovative approaches to leverage biological			

PE 0601117E: BASIC OPERATIONAL MEDICAL SCIENCE Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 3 of 7

UN	CLASSIFIED			
Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced	Research Projects Agency	Date: A	pril 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 1: Basic Research	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0601117E I BASIC OPERATIONAL MEDICAL S	SCIENCE		
C. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
ability to defend against biological pathogens, resist fatigue, and receive adequengineered cells, bioelectronics, and cellular feedback circuits will enable the coby the warfighter. This approach represents a significant enhancement to warfighter novel threats.	ontrolled, in vivo release of therapies as needed			
<ul> <li>FY 2022 Plans:</li> <li>Demonstrate inducible biosynthesis enabling the delivery of a beneficial biometers biosynthesis of at least one therapy in vivo.</li> <li>Demonstrate communication with the carrier in vivo or through realistic mode</li> <li>Validate biocompatibility of the carrier device in vivo.</li> <li>Begin high-resolution data collection for characterization of fatigue states.</li> </ul>				
<ul> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>Demonstrate localization of the carrier device within a realistic model, such as</li> <li>Validate that a beneficial biomolecule can be delivered in vivo.</li> <li>Confirm biocompatibility of the carrier device for at least 30 days in a large ar</li> <li>Develop a prototype sensor for tracking circadian rhythm.</li> <li>Initiate development of approaches to improve resilience to fatigue.</li> </ul>	·			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects minor program repricing.				
Title: Combatting Anti-Microbial Resistant Pathogens		6.717	15.999	15.875
<b>Description:</b> The Combatting Anti-Microbial Resistant Pathogens program is in host machinery as a technology to create medical countermeasures that degral long recognized the warfighter's outsized risk of exposure to biological threat agincreasing prevalence of antimicrobial-resistant (AMR) organisms that are rank the danger posed by bacterial biothreats persists with few countermeasures avinclude identifying methods to discover and develop new classes of therapeutic DoD-relevant diseases and threats. These approaches represent a significant of typically rely on a limited number of small molecules with a narrow set of target may be applied to the mitigation of known, new, and emerging diseases that im threat.	de or deactivate pathogen targets. The DoD has gents and to infectious disease, including the ed as a Tier 1 threat to the U.S. military. Similarly, ailable. Key advances expected from this research as for AMR bacteria, bacterial biothreats, and other departure from conventional therapeutics, which is and mechanism of action. Advances in this area			
FY 2022 Plans:				

PE 0601117E: BASIC OPERATIONAL MEDICAL SCIENCE Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 4 of 7

R-1 Line #5

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advance	ed Research Projects Agency	Date: A	pril 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 1: Ba Research	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0601117E I BASIC OPERATIONAL MEDICAL S	SCIENCE		
C. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
<ul> <li>Investigate the ability of chimeric molecules to inhibit DoD-relevant pathog</li> <li>Develop methods to model the kinetics and outcomes of chimeric molecul</li> <li>Investigate the mechanism of action for chimeric molecules engaging new</li> <li>Develop rapid ligand identification and screening approaches for pathogen</li> </ul>	es against pathogens. host machinery.			
<ul> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>Demonstrate effective host and threat binding ligands and generalizable description.</li> <li>Demonstrate generalizable therapeutic candidate discovery and optimizate.</li> <li>Develop chimeric molecules showing specificity and efficacy against DoDRefine rapid drug identification and screening approaches for degradation.</li> </ul>	ion approaches. relevant pathogen threats in cell culture.			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects minor program repricing.				
Title: Preventing the Emergence of Disease (PED)		5.664	4.882	2.71
<b>Description:</b> Many emerging infectious disease outbreaks have origins in a personnel are deployed, putting them at high risk of endemic and emerging (PED) program is investigating how animal pathogens are transmitted to hur these events. Tools such as detailed molecular analysis and bioinformatics to quantify the probability of pathogen disease transmission from animals to developed to prevent viral species jumps from animal reservoirs to humans outbreaks originating in animal reservoirs.	diseases. The Preventing the Emergence of Disease mans and exploring novel approaches to prevent will be leveraged. Researchers will develop models humans. Promising intervention approaches will be			
FY 2022 Plans:  - Demonstrate safety, efficiency, and efficacy of scalable countermeasure of the countermeasures of the countermeasure of the c	controlled laboratory tests.			
FY 2023 Plans: - Identify optimal thermostabilizing properties, delivery formulations, and sto efficacy.	orage conditions to ensure vaccine stability, safety and			
- Validate phylodynamic and multi-scale modeling for other host species an	d diagona			

PE 0601117E: BASIC OPERATIONAL MEDICAL SCIENCE Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 5 of 7

UN	ICLASSIFIED			
Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced	Research Projects Agency	Date: A	pril 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 1: Basic Research	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0601117E I BASIC OPERATIONAL MEDICAL S	SCIENCE		
C. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
The FY 2023 decrease reflects completion of medical countermeasure and preindependent verification and validation efforts.	edictive modeling validation, and finalizing			
Title: Outpacing Infectious Disease		4.460	6.889	2.501
<b>Description:</b> Military readiness and national security depend on the health and Unfortunately, today's antivirals and vaccines are often circumvented by fast-m resistance. Military service members often deploy to areas with such diseases readiness. The Outpacing Infectious Disease program is investigating fundamed create adaptive therapeutic response mechanisms to outpace viral diseases so of newly developed therapeutics to ultimately outcompete the pathogen. Key a identifying methods to discover and develop new classes of dynamic therapeur represents a significant departure from conventional antiviral therapies, which formulation and re-development in attempt to keep pace with emerging strains be applied to the mitigation of known, new, or emerging diseases that impact ras a potential pandemic.	that require new protective measures to maintain ental methods for using biology as a technology to uch as enabling co-evolution and co-transmission dvances expected from this research include tics for fast-mutating viruses. This approach typically rely on static solutions and continuous reand disease variants. Advances in this area may			
<ul> <li>FY 2022 Plans:</li> <li>Submit pre-Investigational New Drug (IND) package for clinical trial for thera</li> <li>Initiate studies to facilitate clinical safety trials for TIPs.</li> <li>Determine spatial distribution and co-localization of TIPs and viruses in anim</li> <li>Identify alternative methods for discovery and development of prophylactics new, or emerging diseases.</li> </ul>	al models.			
<ul> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>Submit IND package for clinical trials for TIPs.</li> <li>Complete current Good Manufacturing Practice (cGMP) production of TIPs for TIPs.</li> <li>Initiate clinical safety trial for TIPs.</li> </ul>	or clinical trial.			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects the completion of cGMP production of TIPs for	clinical trial and submission of IND package.			
Title: Assessing Immune Memory (AIM)		-	-	12.757
<b>Description:</b> Warfighter defense against pathogens is reliant on multiple vacci effective protection. Building upon initial discoveries and technology developm program, the Assessing Immune Memory (AIM) program will seek to increase	ent under the Outpacing Infectious Disease			

PE 0601117E: BASIC OPERATIONAL MEDICAL SCIENCE Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 6 of 7

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency	Date: A	pril 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 1: Basic Research  R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0601117E I BASIC OPERATIONAL MEDICAL S	SCIENCE		
C. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
warfighters by establishing tools that can be employed in new prophylactic development pipelines. Specifically, this program will develop a research and evaluation (R&E) tool to predict vaccine duration through the understanding of critical host factors and immune responses. Further, the tool will evaluate prophylaxis candidates and leverage effective modalities for delivery against emerging, re-emerging, or entirely unknown pathogens. Advances in this program will enable the DoD to increase the number of effective and long-lasting vaccines for warfighters, ensuring broader and consistent immunity in field-forward environments.  FY 2023 Plans:  - Initiate studies to uncover host mechanisms that lead to the production of long-lasting immune memory cells after antigen presentation.  - Determine immune system challenge and appropriate biological model for profiling approaches.  - Initiate characterization of established immune responses to selected antigens.  - Begin to collect and compare molecular profiles of stimulated immune response.  - Begin developing computational frameworks required for analyzing large collections of molecular and phenotypic data.			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects program initiation.			

	FY 2021	FY 2022
<b>Congressional Add:</b> Novel analytical and empirical approaches to the prediction and monitoring of disease transmission - Congressional Add	-	1.500
<b>FY 2022 Plans:</b> - Conduct research in novel analytical and empirical approaches to the prediction and monitoring of disease transmission.		
Congressional Adds Subtotals	-	1.500

## D. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

N/A

Remarks

## E. Acquisition Strategy

N/A

PE 0601117E: BASIC OPERATIONAL MEDICAL SCIENCE Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

**UNCLASSIFIED** 

Page 7 of 7 R-1 Line #5

**Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals** 

57.542

76.018

80.874



Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

Appropriation/Budget Activity

R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)

0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 2:

PE 0602115E I BIOMEDICAL TECHNOLOGY

Applied Research

COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023 Base	FY 2023 OCO	FY 2023 Total	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
Total Program Element	-	98.319	108.698	106.958	-	106.958	120.671	141.371	161.215	151.066	-	-
BT-01: BIOMEDICAL TECHNOLOGY	-	98.319	108.698	106.958	-	106.958	120.671	141.371	161.215	151.066	-	-

### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

This Biomedical Technology Program Element focuses on applied research for medical related technology, information, processes, materials, systems, and devices. Successful battlefield medical and neural interface technologies developed within this Program Element address a broad range of DoD challenges to ensure warfighter readiness, including resilience to infectious disease, evidence-based techniques for readiness assessment, and neurotechnology for improved warfighter performance. To maintain warfighter health, battlefield medical technologies research in this project will investigate novel biothreat detection, injury, and therapeutic response. Example programs include the development of a platform for the identification of early infection biomarkers to diagnose and prevent widespread infection in-theater, new methods to rapidly develop medical countermeasures in response to an emerging biothreat, and in-theater manufacturing capabilities for field-relevant pharmaceuticals to reduce the logistical burden and infrastructure requirements. To improve warfighter performance, this project will characterize and assay biological traits driving performance and readiness as well as develop new neural architectures and data processing algorithms to interface the nervous system with multiple devices, facilitating human machine interaction. Additionally, advanced evidence-based techniques will be developed to supplement warfighter healthcare, including rapid battlefield triage of injury, development of shelf stable blood products, protection from traumatic brain injury (TBI), and treatment of spinal cord injury. This Program Element also supports innovation and robust transition planning in the technology cycle by working with entrepreneurs to increase the likelihood that DARPA-funded technologies take root in the U.S. and provide new capabilities for national defense.

B. Program Change Summary (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023 Base	FY 2023 OCO	FY 2023 Total
Previous President's Budget	107.568	108.698	0.000	-	0.000
Current President's Budget	98.319	108.698	106.958	-	106.958
Total Adjustments	-9.249	0.000	106.958	-	106.958
<ul> <li>Congressional General Reductions</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
<ul> <li>Congressional Directed Reductions</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
<ul> <li>Congressional Rescissions</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
<ul> <li>Congressional Adds</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
<ul> <li>Congressional Directed Transfers</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
Reprogrammings	-5.788	0.000			
SBIR/STTR Transfer	-3.461	0.000			
<ul> <li>Adjustments to Budget Year</li> </ul>	-	-	106.958	-	106.958

**Change Summary Explanation** 

FY 2021: Decrease reflects reprogrammings and SBIR/STTR transfer.

PE 0602115E: BIOMEDICAL TECHNOLOGY Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 1 of 9

R-1 Line #11

Volume 1 - 47

Date: April 2022

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced	d Research Projects Agency	Date: A	pril 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 2: Applied Research	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602115E I BIOMEDICAL TECHNOLOGY			
FY 2022: N/A				
FY 2023: FY 2023 funding increase reflects the fact that the FY 2022	President's Budget request did not include out-year fu	nding.		
C. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
Title: Neural Signal Interfaces and Applications (NSIA)		15.074	16.205	9.716
<b>Description:</b> As part of their daily duties, many military personnel must handle systems. These tasks could be made less difficult with advanced neurotechnologue require invasive surgery to implement. The Neural Signal Interfaces and Appli neurotechnologies able to interface with the nervous system with high resolutive recent advances to transduce neural signals through tissue. Resulting technological facilitate standard human-machine interfaces for improved workload balance in the standard human-machine interfaces.	ology platforms, but all such devices currently cations (NSIA) program is developing non-invasive on and precision without surgery. NSIA is utilizing logies will restore function in wounded warriors and			
<ul> <li>FY 2022 Plans:</li> <li>Evaluate system ability to input multiple channels of information into a single</li> <li>Quantify system latency when used in real time.</li> <li>Assess performance of read and write components on tissue of varying thick</li> <li>Conduct initial in vivo tests evaluating system use for controlling multiple out</li> </ul>	kness.			
<ul> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>Conduct studies to collect safety data to enable regulatory approval for clinic</li> <li>Submit safety evaluation data and documentation to request regulatory appr</li> <li>Conduct refined tests evaluating control of multiple outputs in real-time.</li> <li>Conduct refined tests evaluating reception of multiple channels of information</li> </ul>	roval for further system evaluations.			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects completion of system development activities to	o focus on final testing and transition activities.			
Title: Pandemic Prevention		19.550	8.521	5.450
<b>Description:</b> Military personnel are deployed all over the world for traditional infectious disease, and are often specifically called upon in response to emerging pandemic potential (e.g., Ebola). In both instances, the DoD needs effective comaintain warfighter readiness. The Pandemic Prevention program is focusing discovery, pre-clinical testing, and manufacturing. This program seeks to advanticulating bioinformatics assessment of genetic sequencing and nucleic acid-bottlenecks associated with each stage of medical countermeasure development.	ging or re-emerging disease outbreaks with ountermeasures to protect its deployed forces and on novel methods to accelerate countermeasure ance and integrate newly developed approaches based vaccines and to address technology			

PE 0602115E: *BIOMEDICAL TECHNOLOGY* Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED Page 2 of 9

	DNCLASSIFIED			
Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advance	ed Research Projects Agency	Date: A	pril 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 2: Applied Research	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602115E I BIOMEDICAL TECHNOLOGY			
C. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
methods improving the manufacturability, distribution, and delivery of novel integrated therapeutic development platform that leverages state-of-the-art t				
<ul> <li>FY 2022 Plans:</li> <li>Initiate a Phase I clinical safety study of a gene-encoded antibody.</li> <li>Complete clinical monitoring of patients in a Phase I antibody clinical safet</li> <li>Investigate antibody medical countermeasure products that bind and neut</li> <li>Integrate methodologies for mitigating viral mutant escape from candidate</li> <li>Investigate alternative nucleic acid antibody delivery strategies.</li> </ul>	ralize more than one target.			
<ul> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>Investigate novel mRNA formulations for increased stability.</li> <li>Initiate a Phase I clinical study of an antibody product that binds and neutr</li> <li>Complete clinical monitoring of patients in a Phase I gene-encoded antibo</li> </ul>	<u> </u>			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects completion of clinical safety study for Phase	I gene-encoded antibody.			
Title: Forensic Indicators of Threat Exposure (FITE)		11.436	12.957	5.251
<b>Description:</b> The Forensic Indicators of Threat Exposure (FITE) program is of an individual's exposure history to Weapons of Mass Destruction (WMD) ability to characterize epigenetic signatures in an individual's genome cause framework for modular technology capable of performing forensic or diagnoshigh specificity of the type of exposure and when it occurred. This novel cap use by the DoD to assist in Chemical, Biological, Radiological, and Nuclear	and WMD precursors. FITE will investigate the d by specific exposures. The program will create the stic analysis using epigenetic information to provide ability could serve as a field-forward forensic tool for			
<ul> <li>FY 2022 Plans:</li> <li>Perform pressure tests to assess the ability to distinguish viral from bacter samples.</li> <li>Perform pressure tests to assess the ability to identify time since exposure.</li> <li>Expand the number and type of human exposure signatures based on coll</li> <li>Build platform prototype and perform initial tests for module integration in the</li> </ul>	e on collected samples. lected samples.			
<ul> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>Finalize development of human exposure signatures based on collected s</li> <li>Finalize analytical methods to increase sensitivity and specificity for valida</li> </ul>				

PE 0602115E: *BIOMEDICAL TECHNOLOGY* Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

**UNCLASSIFIED** 

R-1 Line #11 **Volume 1 - 49** 

_	DNCLASSIFIED			
Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advance	ed Research Projects Agency	Date: A	pril 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 2: Applied Research	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602115E I BIOMEDICAL TECHNOLOGY	,		
C. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
<ul> <li>Perform tests on platform prototype for module integration and workflow in settings.</li> <li>Assess ability of field forward device to analyze epigenetic signatures with samples in the field.</li> </ul>				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects completion of significant research efforts to fe	ocus on final system and device demonstration.			
Title: Improved Personnel Placement (IPP)		19.317	16.866	14.97
<b>Description:</b> The Improved Personnel Placement (IPP) program aims to impand training candidates for specialized military positions and developing biol performance and resilience, while minimizing attrition. IPP will study the relaidentify unique physical, cognitive, and behavioral traits associated with a briwill link these phenotypic traits to underlying biological gene expression circuindividualize training and readiness assessment for specialized roles, while identifying the correct candidates without bias. Measuring an individual's biomaximum potential while facilitating readiness and resilience for the DoD.	ogical assays for readiness in order to maximize tionships between genotype and phenotype to oad spectrum of military specialties. The program uits driving performance. This knowledge will help providing training cadres greater precision for			
<ul> <li>FY 2022 Plans:</li> <li>Refine the mathematical and computational tools used to perform in silico</li> <li>Refine protocols to measure phenotypic traits and biological features.</li> <li>Validate phenotypes linked to elite performance.</li> <li>Validate expression circuits related to detected phenotypes.</li> </ul>	analysis of phenotypic and biological variables.			
FY 2023 Plans:  - Finalize and implement protocols for measuring phenotypic traits and biological measurements linked to  - Automate data acquisition and computational tools used to perform in silication and computation and co	elite performance. o analysis of phenotypic and biological features.			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects completion of significant research efforts to fe	ocus on system integration and transition activities.			
Title: Deployable Medical Countermeasures for Warfighter Readiness		13.578	16.877	16.133

PE 0602115E: *BIOMEDICAL TECHNOLOGY* Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED Page 4 of 9

R-1 Line #11

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced	Research Projects Agency	Date: A	pril 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 2: Applied Research	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0602115E <i>I BIOMEDICAL TECHNOLOGY</i>	,		
C. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
<b>Description:</b> Maintaining robust protection and treatment against infectious di (e.g., Humanitarian and Disaster Relief [HADR]) can cause a drug discovery, limitation of our current response to emerging biological and chemical threats countermeasures (MCMs) for rapid response. The Deployable Medical Counte to develop an on-demand deployable platform to manufacture nucleic acid dru comprised of a fully contained system capable of selectively manufacturing re (cGMP) grade nucleic acid therapeutics at or near the point of care. This on-decapable of combating novel threats, allowing a small force to prevent regional	manufacturing and supply chain burden. A major is the lack of immediate availability of ideal medical ermeasures for Warfighter Readiness program aimsugs at scale, in short timeframes. The platform will be levant doses of current Good Manufacturing Process emand platform will enable countermeasures			
<ul> <li>FY 2022 Plans:</li> <li>Determine the most effective methods for nucleic acid synthesis.</li> <li>Initiate stability studies for enzymes, intermediate nucleic acid products, and</li> <li>Demonstrate automation of each of the modules for nucleic acid synthesis, pure power of the products of the modules for nucleic acid synthesis, pure power of the product of the modules for nucleic acid synthesis, pure power of the product of the</li></ul>	purification, and formulation.			
<ul> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>Demonstrate assembly and amplification of nucleic acids using breadboard</li> <li>Select final formulation characteristics and production process for suitable n stability.</li> <li>Select full panel of in-line analytical methods.</li> <li>Initiate development of an integrated alpha-prototype instrument for nucleic</li> </ul>	nedical countermeasure safety, efficacy, and			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement:				
The FY 2023 decrease reflects minor program repricing. <i>Title:</i> Bridging the Gap after Spinal Cord Injury		15.997	16.754	16.016
<b>Description:</b> The Bridging the Gap after Spinal Cord Injury program is develor restore function associated with spinal cord injuries. This program will significate implantable, adaptive devices to address different stages of spinal cord injury of injury, this program will develop technologies for real-time biomarker tracking nerve connections at the injury site. For final phase of injury, the Bridging the and integrate a network of devices deployed across the body to effectively creating gap" of the spinal cord injury to restore function and sensory feedback. The Bridging the dramatically improve the quality of life for wounded warfighters and veterans sensory.	antly advance treatment technologies by developing (acute, sub-acute, and chronic). For early phases and delivery of therapies to stabilize or rebuild Gap after Spinal Cord Injury program will develop eate a synthetic nervous system and "bridge the ridging the Gap after Spinal Cord Injury program will			

PE 0602115E: *BIOMEDICAL TECHNOLOGY* Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

**UNCLASSIFIED** 

R-1 Line #11 Volume 1 - 51

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advance	d Research Projects Agency	Date: A	April 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 2: Applied Research	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602115E I BIOMEDICAL TECHNOLOGY	·		
C. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
FY 2022 Plans:  - Complete critical design review for implantable devices for spinal cord injury.  - Initiate experiments toward achieving regulatory approval for the system sure.  - Initiate test of system of systems for spinal cord injury stabilization and rest.  - Integrate machine learning algorithms and biological data to enable sensors intervene appropriately.	oration of function.			
FY 2023 Plans:  - Improve device design and performance features based on results from pro Integrate risk mitigation strategies for nervous system access to aid function - Initiate studies in an animal model to establish safety of prototype devices a - Initiate efficacy experiments in an animal model for the integrated system of	nal restoration. and therapies to meet regulatory requirements.			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects minor program repricing.				
Title: Distributed Access to Critical Biotherapeutics for Warfighters		-	10.273	10.02
<b>Description:</b> The goal of the Distributed Access to Critical Biotherapeutics fo critical medical countermeasures (MCMs) by establishing the foundational tec manufacturing of protein-based MCMs and critical reagents. To achieve this, enable immediate, high-yield synthesis of bioactive protein MCMs. This techn therapeutic proteins and to enzymes needed for nucleic-acid based MCM synslow development cycles.	chnologies needed for fully distributable, on-demand investments will be made in technologies that nology will allow the DoD to rapidly secure access to			
<ul> <li>FY 2022 Plans:</li> <li>Investigate novel biological platforms to produce protein-based MCMs and</li> <li>Investigate processes to ensure the quality of protein-based MCMs and rea</li> <li>Initiate development of technologies to increase the production yield of protein-based MCMs</li> </ul>	agents.			
<ul> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>Determine the yield of multiple classes of protein-based MCMs or reagents</li> <li>Establish baseline lead time to protein production using the novel production</li> </ul>				

PE 0602115E: *BIOMEDICAL TECHNOLOGY* Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 6 of 9

·	JNCLASSIFIED			
Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advance	ed Research Projects Agency	Date: A	April 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 2: Applied Research	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602115E I BIOMEDICAL TECHNOLOGY			
C. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
- Determine ability of novel biological platform to produce therapeutic protei functionality and quality.	ns that are equivalent to state of the art in terms of			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects minor program repricing.				
Title: Next-Generation Combat Casualty Care		-	10.245	10.733
<b>Description:</b> The Next-Generation Combat Casualty Care program will develife and well-being in the battlefields of the future. This research will directly battlefield casualties by investigating new approaches for developing whole deployed on the battlefield in far forward settings. Additional potential uses a stabilization missions. Advances within this program will ensure that the U.S and near-peer conflict by addressing gaps in combat casualty care.	address a leading cause of potentially preventable blood substitutes for traumatic injury that can be apply to disaster relief, mass casualty events, and			
FY 2022 Plans:  - Begin to develop in vitro models for rapid product prototyping, testing, and - Begin to investigate approaches for stabilizing the products to enable store - Begin to investigate key biological functions of a whole blood substitute for - Develop initial therapeutic formulations.	age in field conditions.			
<ul> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>Initiate efficacy assessments of therapeutic formulations against hemorrhateneous description.</li> <li>Demonstrate safety of stabilized products using in vitro models.</li> <li>Provide initial proof-of-concept for stabilization and manufacturing approaches the properties.</li> <li>Prepare for initial in vivo studies to demonstrate efficacy against hemorrhateneous description.</li> </ul>	ch of products.			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects minor program repricing.				
Title: Rapid Battlefield Triage		-	-	8.907
<b>Description:</b> The Rapid Battlefield Triage program will advance capabilities saving medical intervention and enable medical resources to provide an app Today, triage at point-of-injury is limited by subjective assessments, tools the with little diagnostic and prognostic value. This program will build on recent leplatforms to develop field-portable technologies that support triage in the mooptimizing allocation of scarce medical resources and scaling to multiple cases.	propriate response in current and future battlefields. at are manually intensive, and physiological signatures biomarker discoveries and innovations in sensing lost challenging operational environments. By			

PE 0602115E: *BIOMEDICAL TECHNOLOGY* Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 7 of 9

R-1 Line #11

•	NCLASSIFIED			
Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced	d Research Projects Agency	Date: A	pril 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 2: Applied Research	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602115E I BIOMEDICAL TECHNOLOGY	,		
C. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
maximize their fighting strength against adversaries that inflict large numbers medical facilities.	of casualties and constrain evacuation to advanced			
<ul> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>Investigate novel physiological signatures of injury type and severity.</li> <li>Begin to develop algorithms to clean and process sensor data.</li> <li>Correlate physiological signatures of injury and severity with sensor outputs</li> <li>Develop experimental models to test sensor technologies.</li> </ul>				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects program initiation.				
Title: Neuroprotection from Brain Injury		-	-	9.76
<b>Description:</b> Building upon technologies discovered under the Restoring Cog 0602715E, Project MBT-02), the Neuroprotection from Brain Injury program w brain injury (TBI), for example as a result of exposure to blast. This program w of early molecular events following injury. Additionally, the program will develop countermeasures, ultimately preventing severe brain injury. These novel technologies discovered under the Restoring Cog 0602715E, Project MBT-02), the Neuroprotection from Brain Injury program w brain injury program w brain injury. This program will develop countermeasures, ultimately preventing severe brain injury. These novel technologies discovered under the Restoring Cog 0602715E, Project MBT-02), the Neuroprotection from Brain Injury program w brain injury (TBI), for example as a result of exposure to blast. This program w of early molecular events following injury. Additionally, the program will develop countermeasures, ultimately preventing severe brain injury. These novel technologies discovered under the Restoring Cog 0602715E, Project MBT-02), the Neuroprotection from Brain Injury program w brain injury (TBI), for example as a result of exposure to blast. This program will develop countermeasures, ultimately preventing severe brain injury.	will transform our defense against traumatic will further develop a mechanistic understanding op technologies to rapidly deliver prophylactic			
FY 2023 Plans:  - Evaluate biological events immediately following TBI.  - Identify candidate biological events that can be targeted for developing protection.  - Link the first biological events to downstream cellular or molecular cascades behavioral symptoms of TBI.				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects program initiation.				
Title: Restoration of Auditory and Visual Function After Injury		3.367	-	-
<b>Description:</b> The Restoration of Auditory and Visual Function After Injury pro effects of physical injury to the auditory and visual systems of military personn forms of sensing and actuation to improve outcomes. Technologies developed neural interface technology for restoring lost capability, improving situational a effectiveness.	nel. Research focused on understanding various d through this program provided foundational			

PE 0602115E: *BIOMEDICAL TECHNOLOGY* Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED Page 8 of 9

R-1 Line #11

Date: April 2022 Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

Appropriation/Budget Activity

R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)

0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 2:

PE 0602115E I BIOMEDICAL TECHNOLOGY

Applied Research

C. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals	98.319	108.698	106.958

## D. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

N/A

Remarks

### E. Acquisition Strategy

N/A



Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

Appropriation/Budget Activity

R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)

0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 2:

Applied Research

PE 0602303E I INFORMATION & COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY

Date: April 2022

• •												
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023 Base	FY 2023 OCO	FY 2023 Total	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
Total Program Element	-	405.789	480.363	388.270	-	388.270	377.426	352.139	372.784	379.890	-	-
IT-02: HIGH PRODUCTIVITY, HIGH-PERFORMANCE RESPONSIVE ARCHITECTURES	-	14.710	25.000	11.250	-	11.250	15.000	18.750	15.000	15.000	-	-
IT-03: CYBER SECURITY	-	240.074	252.089	183.786	-	183.786	158.669	130.205	128.157	135.353	-	-
IT-04: ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND HUMAN- MACHINE SYMBIOSIS	-	151.005	203.274	193.234	-	193.234	203.757	203.184	229.627	229.537	-	-

### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

The Information and Communications Technology Program Element is budgeted in the Applied Research budget activity because it is directed toward the application of advanced, innovative computing systems and communications technologies. This Program Element also supports innovation and robust transition planning in the technology cycle by working with entrepreneurs to increase the likelihood that DARPA funded technologies take root in the U.S. and provide new capabilities for national defense.

The High Productivity, High-Performance Responsive Architectures project focuses on developing the computer hardware and associated software technologies required for future computationally- and data-intensive national security applications. Powerful new approaches are needed to manage the rapid growth in available sensor data, to leverage advances in machine learning, artificial intelligence, and quantum computing, and to maintain the security of DoD information systems. The project therefore aims not only to create new computing platforms to include quantum technology, but also to efficiently extract information out of large and chaotic data sets with embedded and low-size, weight, and power systems. Advances in these areas will allow for DoD electronic systems to collaboratively manage scarce resources, such as the electromagnetic spectrum, and to adapt to new requirements and situations. Further, the resulting technologies, by being accessible to a wide range of application developers, will support new, sustainable computing systems for a broad spectrum of scientific and engineering applications.

The Cyber Security project is developing the computing, networking, and cyber security technologies required to protect DoD, U.S. government, and U.S. civilian information, information infrastructure, and mission-critical information systems. Information technologies enable important new military capabilities and drive the productivity gains essential to U.S. industry. Meanwhile, cyber threats grow in sophistication and number, and put sensitive data, classified computer programs, mission-critical information systems, and U.S. economic competitiveness at risk. The technologies developed in this project will enhance the resilience of information systems to current and emerging cyber threats, enable broad situational awareness of the cyber domain, and provide the basis for accurate, calibrated, and safe cyber response.

The Artificial Intelligence and Human-Machine Symbiosis project develops technologies to enable machines to function not only as tools that facilitate human action but as trusted partners to human operators. Of particular interest are systems that can understand human speech and extract information contained in diverse media;

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 1 of 34

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency  Date: April 2022						
Appropriation/Budget Activity R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)						
0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 2:	PE 0602303E I INFORMATION & COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY					
Applied Research						

answer questions, reach conclusions, and propose explanations; and learn, reason, and apply knowledge gained through experience to respond intelligently to new and unforeseen events. Enabling computing systems with such human-like intelligence is now of critical importance because the tempo of military operations in emerging domains exceeds that at which unaided humans can orient, understand, and act. The technologies developed in the Artificial Intelligence and Human-Machine Symbiosis project will enable warfighters to make better decisions in complex, time-critical, battlefield environments; intelligence analysts to make sense of massive, incomplete, and contradictory information; software developers and certifiers to design, implement, evaluate, and accredit cyber-physical systems and other complex software-reliant systems with greater efficiency and confidence; and unmanned systems and semi-autonomous agents to perform critical missions in contested physical and virtual environments safely and reliably.

B. Program Change Summary (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023 Base	FY 2023 OCO	FY 2023 Total
Previous President's Budget	420.920	430.363	0.000	-	0.000
Current President's Budget	405.789	480.363	388.270	-	388.270
Total Adjustments	-15.131	50.000	388.270	-	388.270
<ul> <li>Congressional General Reductions</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
<ul> <li>Congressional Directed Reductions</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
<ul> <li>Congressional Rescissions</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
<ul> <li>Congressional Adds</li> </ul>	0.000	50.000			
<ul> <li>Congressional Directed Transfers</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
Reprogrammings	-1.578	0.000			
<ul> <li>SBIR/STTR Transfer</li> </ul>	-13.553	0.000			
<ul> <li>Adjustments to Budget Year</li> </ul>	-	-	388.270	-	388.270

Congressional Add Details (\$ in Millions, and Includes General Reductions)		FY 2021	FY 2022
Project: IT-02: HIGH PRODUCTIVITY, HIGH-PERFORMANCE RESPONSIVE ARC	HITECTURES		
Congressional Add: Quantum Computing Acceleration - Congressional Add		-	25.000
	Congressional Add Subtotals for Project: IT-02	-	25.000
Project: IT-03: CYBER SECURITY			
Congressional Add: Al Cyber Data Analytics (Cyber) - Congressional Add		-	15.000
	Congressional Add Subtotals for Project: IT-03	-	15.000
Project: IT-04: ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND HUMAN-MACHINE SYMBIOSIS			
Congressional Add: Al Cyber Data Analytics (Al) - Congressional Add		-	10.000
	Congressional Add Subtotals for Project: IT-04	-	10.000

PE 0602303E: INFORMATION & COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED Page 2 of 34

R-1 Line #17

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced	Research Projects Agency	Date: April 2022
Appropriation/Budget Activity	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)	
0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 2:	PE 0602303E I INFORMATION & COMMUNICATIONS	TECHNOLOGY
Applied Research		

Congressional Add Details (\$ in Millions, and Includes General Reductions)		FY 2021	FY 2022
	Congressional Add Totals for all Projects	-	50.000

### **Change Summary Explanation**

FY 2021: Decrease reflects reprogrammings and SBIR/STTR transfer.

FY 2022: Increase reflects Congressional adds for Quantum Computing Acceleration and AI, Cyber, Data Analytics.

FY 2023: FY 2023 funding increase reflects the fact that the FY 2022 President's Budget request did not include out-year funding.

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification	: PB 2023 E	efense Adv	anced Res	earch Proje	cts Agency				Date: April	2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2					PE 0602303E I INFORMATION & COMM UNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY				IT-02 I HIG PERFORM			
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023 Base	FY 2023 OCO	FY 2023 Total	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027		Total Cost
IT-02: HIGH PRODUCTIVITY, HIGH-PERFORMANCE RESPONSIVE ARCHITECTURES	-	14.710	25.000	11.250	-	11.250	15.000	18.750	15.000	15.000	-	-

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

The High Productivity, High-Performance Responsive Architectures project focuses on developing the computer hardware and associated software technologies required for future computationally- and data-intensive national security applications. Powerful new approaches are needed to manage the rapid growth in available sensor data, to leverage advances in machine learning, artificial intelligence, and quantum computing, and to maintain the security of DoD information systems. The project therefore aims not only to create new computing platforms to include quantum technology, but also to efficiently extract information out of large and chaotic data sets with embedded and low-size, weight, and power systems. Advances in these areas will allow for DoD electronic systems to collaboratively manage scarce resources, such as the electromagnetic spectrum, and to adapt to new requirements and situations. Further, the resulting technologies, by being accessible to a wide range of application developers, will support new, sustainable computing systems for a broad spectrum of scientific and engineering applications.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
Title: RF Machine Learning Systems (RFMLS)	14.710	-	-
<b>Description:</b> The RF Machine Learning Systems (RFMLS) program addressed the performance limitations of conventional radio frequency (RF) systems such as radar, signals intelligence, electronic warfare, and communications. The objective of the RFMLS program was to both develop these foundational technologies and to apply them to relevant DoD systems.			
Title: Underexplored Systems for Utility-Scale Quantum Computing (US2QC)	-	-	11.250
<b>Description:</b> It has been credibly hypothesized - but not proven - that a fault-tolerant quantum computer of sufficient size would revolutionize multiple commercial industries and scientific disciplines. It is currently expected that this type of machine will not be realized for at least 10 years and as long as 40 years. As a result, the unexpected and near-term development of a scalable, fault-tolerant quantum computer represents a strategic surprise for the United States. In addition, if quantum computers are shown to have transformative potential for critical problems facing the United States, it is in the Government's interest to foster and accelerate commercial progress towards a truly useful, "utility-scale" quantum computer. Initiated under Alternative Computing to both reduce strategic risk and realize transformative opportunity, the US2QC thrust will (1) evaluate disruptive designs for utility-scale, fault-tolerant quantum computers, specifically, systems that can be constructed in less than 10 years; (2) demonstrate each of the enabling sub-systems and components for these designs; and (3) construct a prototype fault-tolerant quantum computer that demonstrates that utility-scale design is viable.			

PE 0602303E: INFORMATION & COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

Page 4 of 34

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defe	ense Advanced Research Projects Agency	Date:	April 2022		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	IT-02 I HIGH PR PERFORMANCE	Project (Number/Name) T-02 I HIGH PRODUCTIVITY, HIG PERFORMANCE RESPONSIVE ARCHITECTURES			
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	
quantum computer can succeed within a near-term timefran	ork to determine if a disruptive approach to building a fault-toler	ant			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY2023 increase reflects program initiation.					

**Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals** 

	FY 2021	FY 2022
Congressional Add: Quantum Computing Acceleration - Congressional Add	-	25.000
<ul> <li>FY 2022 Plans: - Accelerate efforts to verify and validate at least one approach to fault-tolerant quantum computing.</li> <li>Initiate efforts to create a testing and evaluation framework to evaluate system designs for approaches to building a fault-tolerant quantum computer within the near-term.</li> <li>Initiate government-driven applications exploration for utility-scale quantum computing, with the eventual goal of developing better metrics for verification and validation.</li> </ul>		
Congressional Adds Subtotals	-	25.000

## C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

N/A

**Remarks** 

## D. Acquisition Strategy

N/A

PE 0602303E: INFORMATION & COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 5 of 34

R-1 Line #17

14.710

Volume 1 - 61

11.250

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project J	ustification	: PB 2023 C	Defense Adv	anced Res	earch Proje	cts Agency				Date: April	2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2				R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602303E I INFORMATION & COMM UNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY				Project (Number/Name) IT-03 / CYBER SECURITY				
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023 Base	FY 2023 OCO	FY 2023 Total	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
IT-03: CYBER SECURITY	-	240.074	252.089	183.786	-	183.786	158.669	130.205	128.157	135.353	-	-

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

The Cyber Security project is developing the computing, networking, and cyber security technologies required to protect DoD, U.S. Government, and U.S. civilian information, information infrastructure, and mission-critical information systems. Information technologies enable important existing and new military capabilities, and drive the productivity gains essential to U.S. industry. Meanwhile, cyber threats grow in sophistication and number, and put sensitive data, classified computer programs, mission-critical information systems, and U.S. economic competitiveness at risk. The technologies developed in this project will enhance the resilience of information systems to current and emerging cyber threats, enable broad situational awareness of the cyber domain, and provide the basis for accurate, calibrated, and safe cyber response.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	
Title: Open, Programmable, Secure 5G (OPS-5G)	13.300	21.000	28.300	
<b>Description:</b> The Open, Programmable, Secure 5G (OPS-5G) program is developing open source, 5G network software that ensures security and stimulates innovation in mobile wireless hardware. Current trends in mobile wireless technology development are unfavorable in that the U.S. and allies are increasingly dependent on proprietary technologies offered by for suppliers. OPS-5G will develop standards-compliant software for 5G mobile wireless networks that is open source, program and secure by design. The availability of open source software for 5G will have the additional benefit of opening the mobile wireless hardware market to new participants, stimulating innovation and competition. The OPS-5G program aims to move to mobile wireless market off its current model of opaque, proprietary, and vertically-integrated technology provided by a small number of dominant vendors to a more robust model with increased transparency and open source technology created by a diverse ecosystem of academic and commercial software and hardware developers. OPS-5G will be coordinated with existing open-source 5G efforts and U.S. Government, DoD, and industry stakeholders.	mable, he			
<ul> <li>FY 2022 Plans:</li> <li>Implement and evaluate prototype systems that address 5G security challenges, such as eavesdropping at access points denial of service.</li> <li>Implement and evaluate prototype software for automatically extracting information relevant to software implementations including software structure, service interfaces, timing parameters, flow diagrams, and protocol graphs from electronic 5G standards.</li> <li>Implement, evaluate, and demonstrate 5G node and network security technologies and tools for integrity checks, attack prevention, remote diagnosis, and service recovery.</li> </ul>	and			

•	INCLASSIFIED					
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced R	Research Projects Agency	Date: A	pril 2022			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2						
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023		
- Assess and develop information protection techniques suitable for current operational security needs.	and future mobile wireless systems to support DoD					
<ul> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>Develop and evaluate security architectures capable of defending Internet-power characteristics.</li> <li>Scale programmability-based network defenses to handle large-scale distr</li> <li>Deploy and evaluate security architectures on multiple DoD sites, and demnetwork nodes to commercial vendors and service providers, the DoD, and one to the commercial vendors and service providers.</li> <li>Test and validate integrated information protection techniques suitable for DoD operational security needs.</li> </ul>	ibuted denial-of-service attacks.  nonstrate secure voice call capabilities over untruste other U.S. Government stakeholders.					
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects ramping up of development and implementati expanded demonstration and evaluation in collaboration with industry, DoD,						
Title: Program Analysis for Capability Excellence (PACE)		10.400	19.250	23.00		
<b>Description:</b> The Program Analysis for Capability Excellence (PACE) prograidentify adversary compromise of software, mitigate negative effects of adve compromised software. PACE will enable rapid, autonomous response to cy recompilation.	rsary capabilities, and restore the integrity of	ly				
FY 2022 Plans: - Implement emerging software compromise identification and mitigation tecsystem.						
<ul> <li>Demonstrate techniques for attack-specific mitigations that can be rapidly assistance.</li> <li>Assess autonomous system performance against synthetic attacks represent</li> </ul>	, ,					
FY 2023 Plans:  - Develop a system to identify and mitigate software compromise for a range - Demonstrate the autonomy of the system by increasing the scale of software simulated attacker.	are under attack and the sophistication of the					
- Assess autonomous system performance against real-world attacks, include the second state of the second	ding both automated adversaries and human expert	S.				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement:						

PE 0602303E: INFORMATION & COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED Page 7 of 34

	UNCLASSIFIED				
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Adv	vanced Research Projects Agency	D	Date: Apr	il 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602303E I INFORMATION & COMM UNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY	Project (Nur IT-03 / CYBE			
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2	2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
The FY 2023 increase reflects continued development of techniques expanded efforts related to implementation and assessment.	s for autonomously identifying and mitigating compromise	e and			
Title: Verified Security and Performance Enhancement of Large Leg	gacy Software (V-SPELLS)		9.800	14.750	19.00
<b>Description:</b> The Verified Security and Performance Enhancement methods and tools to recover succinct models of domain data abstrathe models, and convert them to performant new component implementation of replacing or reworking components of existing softworeases where a key performance or security benefit comes from move hardware accelerators, isolation enclaves, offload processors, and of legacy software components faces high risk that the new software we Moreover, verified software is currently written from scratch, starting a system as provably compatible enhancements. V-SPELLS will addrogramming with recent developments in domain specific language piecewise, compatible-by-construction improvement of software consoftware (re)engineering the benefits of formal software verification of the second software ve	actions and logic from source code, add enhancements to mentations verified to be compatible and secure. DoD has vare with more secure and more performant code, includiting parts of the software to new hardware, such as utilized distributed computation. However, at present, enhancing will not be fully compatible with the existing larger environg with a formal specification, rather than incrementally address these problems by combining novel concepts in verses (DSLs) and systems architecture. V-SPELLS aims to emponents in legacy DoD systems, providing to incremental	o a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a			
<ul> <li>FY 2022 Plans:</li> <li>Implement automated techniques for decomposing legacy code in operation definitions, untangling of legacy code into low-level domai and lifting of legacy code into an extracted DSL.</li> <li>Develop and formally ground software compartmentalization technicompartments with limited interconnections intended to minimize pri compromise.</li> <li>Create an initial development environment for convergent DSL protechniques that provide efficient, intelligible feedback and refined collidering. Identify DoD software environments that would benefit from recodifictering, data, signal, and image processing, and other latency-sens.</li> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>Formulate a quantitative assessment framework for cyber risk factenable more rigorous assessments of architectural alternatives and</li> <li>Refine automated techniques for decomposing legacy code into fundamental decomposing legacy.</li> </ul>	in operation implementations and higher-level application niques for subdividing software systems into isolated ivilege and thereby mitigate the impact of software ogramming, including compatibility-centric program analy ounterexamples to developers. Iting selected legacy components using DSLs for packet sitive/security-critical functions.  tors, encompassing threat, consequence, and vulnerability guide choices in software systems engineering.	rsis ty, to			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense A	Advanced Research Projects Agency	Date: A	pril 2022		
			Project (Number/Name) I-03 / CYBER SECURITY		
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	
<ul> <li>Integrate development environment for convergent DSL progra understanding and downstream compilation tools that produce ex- Apply tools to DoD legacy components in order to enhance sec and safety.</li> </ul>	recutable artifacts.	es			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects ramping up of work to develop aut modules, compilation techniques for DSL virtual machine stacks,		al			
Title: Securing Information for Encrypted Verification and Evaluate	ion (SIEVE)	14.500	16.000	17.50	
to enable the creation of mathematically verifiable public stateme To accomplish this, SIEVE will produce advances in a cryptograp simultaneously enable mathematical verification of public statement the statement is derived. The advances produced by SIEVE will r substantially more complex than the current ZK state of the art su that do not reveal details of how the vulnerability can be exploited.	hic technique known as zero knowledge (ZK) proofs, which ents while provably hiding the sensitive information from which nake it possible and operationally feasible to verify statements poorts, for example, statements about a software vulnerability				
FY 2022 Plans:					
<ul> <li>Extend ZK proof compilers by adding problem classes as well a magnitude.</li> </ul>	is reducing representation size of proof statements by orders of	f			
<ul> <li>Optimize post-quantum analyses to reduce theoretical proof co</li> <li>Enhance techniques to permit optimization for any subset of prototal number of communication rounds.</li> </ul>		nd			
- Apply ZK proof techniques to additional DoD and U.S. Governn leakage potential, and robustness to attack in collaboration with p					
FY 2023 Plans: - Extend ZK proof compilers to additional problem classes and to - Further enhance post-quantum analyses to reduce theoretical partners.		ı			
- Scale-up ZK proof techniques to realistic DoD and U.S. Govern	ment use cases and evaluate their functionality, information				

PE 0602303E: INFORMATION & COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED Page 9 of 34

	UNCLASSIFIED			
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense	Advanced Research Projects Agency	Date	April 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2			r/Name) ECURITY	
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
- Determine the feasibility of efficient, end to end verifiable, distr leveraged by overseas personnel and compatible with existing st	•	n be		
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects additional effort to evaluate ZK pro	oof techniques on realistic use cases.			
Title: Assured Micropatching (AMP)		16.41	0 17.000	16.200
<b>Description:</b> The Assured Micropatching (AMP) program is dever micropatches to repair legacy program binaries with strong guarateven if all relevant information is available, creates too much und with known flaws vulnerable to adversary attack. AMP will create binary form even when the original source code and/or build produutomatic discovery of known vulnerable components, goal-drive components, and minimal-change patching and recompilation to will not impair the functions of the system. The technologies development of the system in the deployed software system.	antees. At present, the emergency patching of legacy softwatertainty and takes far too long to validate, leaving critical system to capability to analyze, modify, and fix legacy software increase is not fully available. The AMP technical approach involved decompilation to isolate and analyze the vulnerable binary rebuild affected binaries with strong guarantees that the pareloped by AMP aim to enable cyber defenders to quickly an	are, stems l lves y tch		
<ul> <li>FY 2022 Plans:</li> <li>Develop a modeling capability to infer compiler optimization eff and inference algorithms to produce candidate matches between procedures.</li> <li>Develop extensions to commonly used binary analysis tools to</li> <li>Conduct a challenge event using a commodity controller and darchitecture.</li> </ul>	the target binary procedures and most likely source code interactively show the effects of an applied micropatch.	tching		
<ul> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>Enable and demonstrate the automatic patching of vulnerabilities.</li> <li>Improve and optimize the existing intermediate representations original binary.</li> <li>Conduct a challenge event using a real-time control device in the control device in the control device.</li> </ul>	s and optimize the location of the provided patch within the			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects minor program repricing.				
Title: Fast Network Interface Cards (FastNICs)		12.00	0 13.500	13.000

PE 0602303E: INFORMATION & COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 10 of 34

R-1 Line #17

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense	Advanced Research Projects Agency	Dat	: April 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2			er/Name) SECURITY	
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 202	FY 2022	FY 2023
<b>Description:</b> The Fast Network Interface Cards (FastNICs) progromputation of distributed applications. Today's network and cora result of incremental technology advances in networking and content interface used to connect a machine to an external network interface used to connect a machine to an external network interface used to connect a machine to an external network interface used to connect a machine to an external network interface used to connect a machine to an external network interface.	mputing subsystems are badly out of balance with each othe computing market silos. This has produced a bottleneck at th vork, severely limiting the input/output capability. FastNICs we models of complex multiprocessor compute, interconnect, an	r, e iill d		
<ul> <li>FY 2022 Plans:</li> <li>Evaluate network interface architecture alternatives such as be</li> <li>Demonstrate versions of widely used distributed systems softwinput data streams.</li> <li>Demonstrate and evaluate distributed computing applications</li> </ul>	ware and operating systems that accommodate massively pa			
<ul> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>Scale performance and demonstrate network interface hardwa</li> <li>Evaluate versions of widely used distributed systems software input data streams.</li> <li>Evaluate and demonstrate machine learning applications to content of the content of</li></ul>	and operating systems that accommodate massively paralle	sł		
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects minor program repricing.				
Title: Resilient Anonymous Communication for Everyone (RACE	≣)	14.1	60 14.700	10.70
<b>Description:</b> The Resilient Anonymous Communication for Ever communication obfuscation technologies to enable anonymous, environment. RACE is developing a mobile communication applipassing service by combining advances in distributed system tas RACE system will maintain confidentiality, integrity, and available system. RACE security is based on rigorous security arguments ad hoc estimates of security.	attack-resilient, mobile communications within a network ication and distributed systems that provide a secure message sking with communication protocol encapsulation methods. The lity of messaging while preventing large-scale compromise of the secure of	he f the		
FY 2022 Plans: - Enable the system to scale to a thousand or more users by imrouting information.	proving the efficiency of techniques for computing on encryp	ted		

PE 0602303E: INFORMATION & COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 11 of 34

R-1 Line #17

	UNULAUSII ILD			
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Ad	vanced Research Projects Agency	Date: A	pril 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2		Project (Number/Name) IT-03 / CYBER SECURITY		
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
<ul> <li>Integrate enhanced components into the secure message-passing who has access to communication protocol information and communication protocol information p</li></ul>	nication nodes.			
FY 2023 Plans:  - Improve the efficiency of techniques for computing on encrypted rorder of magnitude.  - Integrate enhanced components into the secure message-passing who has the capability to manipulate communication protocol inform.  - Enhance the testbed and demonstrate the integrated secure message full knowledge of and access to the system.	g system with improved capability to counter a cyber adversa nation and interfere with communication nodes.	ту		
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects ramping down of development of ob- implementation of a secure message-passing system and testbed, so cyber adversary.		d		
Title: Cyber-Hunting at Scale (CHASE)		16.140	15.100	7.100
<b>Description:</b> The Cyber-Hunting at Scale (CHASE) program is devictor characterization, and protection within enterprise-scale networks. Upresent there are few capabilities to efficiently extract and analyze to scale information networks. For example, analysis of an in-memory analysis of a global botnet attack requires summary data from a greanalysis tools to dynamically collect data from across the network, a measures, and automatically disseminate protective measures that	.S. computer networks are continually under attack, but at the right data from the right device at the right time for DoDexploit requires detailed data from a few devices, while eat many devices. CHASE is developing novel algorithms and actively hunt for advanced threats that evade routine security			
<ul> <li>FY 2022 Plans:</li> <li>Develop an analyst interface to enable automated cyber report gethreat detection and protective measure dissemination.</li> <li>Develop techniques for quantifying and reducing the risk of cyber Identify transition opportunities for validated threat detection, threat</li> </ul>	operations.			
FY 2023 Plans: - Integrate threat detection, data retention, and global analysis met stakeholders.	hods, and harden capabilities for transition to DoD			

PE 0602303E: INFORMATION & COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 12 of 34

R-1 Line #17

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense A	dvanced Research Projects Agency	Date: A	pril 2022		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2					
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	
- Transition cyber threat detection and protective measure dissem	nination technologies to DoD stakeholders.				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease is the result of development and integration hardening, and transition of cyber protection technologies to DoD		on,			
Title: Memory Optimization (MemOp)		18.000	17.000	8.00	
<b>Description:</b> The Memory Optimization (MemOp) program is deverged scale computing systems. The demand for computing services is gindustry. In response, new technical approaches are being develor effectively. In particular, distributed data centers with high-speed in processing units (GPU) and field programmable gate arrays (FPG) efficiency and improved processing performance. MemOp is explored emerging customizable hardware to deliver computing services rearchitectures will be implemented and evaluated in hardware and enhanced efficiency and improved performance for large scale contents.	growing within both the U.S. Government and commercial ped to provide massive computation efficiently and cost interconnects and customizable hardware, including graphics As), are being used by service providers to achieve greater oring new memory architectures that more fully leverage liably and at reduced cost. The more promising MemOp me software. The technologies developed in MemOp will provid	mory			
<ul> <li>FY 2022 Plans:</li> <li>Refine and leverage algorithm scaling for task mapping in large</li> <li>Evaluate and refine integration of memory and accelerated proc</li> <li>Evaluate memory transaction implementation and develop impro</li> <li>Optimize algorithms and architectures for memory transaction per</li> </ul>	essing pipelines.  pvements on program testbed.				
<ul> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>Optimize integration of memory and accelerated processing pipe</li> <li>Harden and transition memory optimization technologies to indu</li> </ul>					
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects ramping down of development of no pipelines, and continued use of the evaluation testbed.	nemory optimization methods and accelerated processing				
Title: Computers and Humans Exploring Software Security (CHES	SS)	15.320	12.400	6.00	
<b>Description:</b> The Computers and Humans Exploring Software Se computers and humans to reason collaboratively over software and of finding vulnerabilities more rapidly and accurately than unaided intensity cyber operations are conducted by computer-human tear	tifacts, such as source code and compiled binaries, with the human operators. CHESS envisions a future in which high-	goal			

PE 0602303E: INFORMATION & COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 13 of 34

	UNCLASSIFIED			
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Ad	vanced Research Projects Agency	Date: A	oril 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2			l <b>ame)</b> CURITY	
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
varying skill levels, even those with minimal previous cyber experie scale and timelines in vulnerability discovery will require innovative support for mixed-initiative computer-human collaboration. CHESS human-generated insight into the vulnerability discovery process will be a support of the control of	combinations of automated program analysis techniques with aims to enable U.S. operational cyber superiority by combining			
FY 2022 Plans:  - Scale techniques for emitting a proof of vulnerability to confirm expecific patch to neutralize the vulnerability, to programs of the size - Enhance representations of information gaps revealed by expanding vulnerability discovery to advance in efficacy and expertise.  - Incorporate improved cyber reasoning capabilities and additional computer-human software reasoning system for the DoD and IC.	e and complexity found in military systems.  ded cyber reasoning techniques to enable non-experts in			
FY 2023 Plans: - Quantify the degree to which the cyber reasoning techniques enalevel efficacy Harden an end-to-end, integrated computer-human software reasoning				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects ramping down of work to develop a human software reasoning system, and focus shifting to hardening,				
Title: Cora		11.000	10.740	5.000
<b>Description:</b> The Cora program is developing technologies to enal extract key entities and activities, and characterize cyber threats. Let the activities of cyber threats. Automated machine reading and ana which this text-based data is generated. In addition, the connection subtle and, because they are buried in noise, difficult to detect and providing them with pre-processed cyber leads that otherwise might	arge volumes of text-based data contain scattered clues about lysis capabilities are required due to the extreme rates at s between extracted entities and their activities can be very correlate. The Cora technologies will benefit cyber analysts by			
FY 2022 Plans:  - Demonstrate scalability and performance of analytical capabilities  - Evaluate machine-learning-based methods for identifying cyber tl  - Harden cyber analytical software technologies and incorporate re	hreats across heterogeneous data, in multiple languages.			

PE 0602303E: INFORMATION & COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 14 of 34

	UNCLASSIFIED			
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Ac	dvanced Research Projects Agency	Date: A	pril 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602303E I INFORMATION & COMM UNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY	ent (Number/Name) Project (Number/Name) ORMATION & COMM IT-03 / CYBER SECURITY		
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
<ul> <li>Demonstrate machine-learning-based methods for identifying ge gaining situational awareness of adversary influence operations.</li> <li>Deploy software to transition partner environments.</li> </ul>	ographic and cultural dependencies in cyber threats and f	or		
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects ramping down of efforts to impleme focus shifting to demonstration and transition to operational partner		d		
Title: Searchlight		5.400	6.300	4.800
<b>Description:</b> The Searchlight program is developing technologies for distributed applications operating across the Internet. The incre risks as surges in network use can result in resource shortfalls. Sealimited network resources to optimize the performance of distribute enable organizations to adapt the QoS for their low-priority traffic reaffecting traffic from other Internet users. Searchlight technologies advanced capabilities for organizations to adapt their QoS guarantees.	asing use of Internet-based distributed applications create archlight will develop novel approaches for allocating inhe ed applications. Searchlight techniques and systems aim to esulting in improved QoS for their high-priority traffic withow will become increasingly important as 5G systems provide	rently o ut		
FY 2022 Plans:  - Improve integrated QoS management system performance in terresponsiveness.  - Demonstrate the integrated QoS management system and evaluacross wide area networks of realistic scale and complexity.  - Work with transition partners to optimize the QoS management scharacteristics.	ate its capability on heterogeneous applications distribute			
<ul> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>Demonstrate techniques for topology discovery of multiplexing si</li> <li>Demonstrate an integrated QoS management prototype on relev service providers.</li> </ul>		vork		
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects ramping down of work to develop G the DoD and industry.	QoS management techniques and focus shifting to transition	on to		
Title: Active Social Engineering Defense (ASED)		10.800	6.600	5.17

PE 0602303E: INFORMATION & COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 15 of 34

R-1 Line #17

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense A	Advanced Research Projects Agency		Date: A	pril 2022			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2				Project (Number/Name) IT-03 / CYBER SECURITY			
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		I	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023		
<b>Description:</b> The Active Social Engineering Defense (ASED) pro and investigate social engineering attacks via bot-mediated comm spear-phishing, typically gain user trust via impersonation to industrictly of an information system. At present, defending against saims to prevent social engineering attacks by creating counter-so and aggregate communications and auto-identify attackers. ASEI engineering attacks and improve the security of DoD information in the security of DoD information is a security of DoD information.	nunications. Social engineering attacks, such as phishing a ce behaviors or elicit sensitive information that compromise social engineering attacks falls largely to human users. ASE cial-engineering bots that act on behalf of users to mediate D aims to greatly reduce the effectiveness of adversary soc	nd D					
FY 2022 Plans:  - Demonstrate and evaluate a machine-learning-based social engattribution of social engineering attacks, against advanced simula.  - Harden a modular social engineering attack detection and attribution.	ted adversaries who disguise their attacks.	try.					
FY 2023 Plans: - Deploy social engineering attack detection software to a transiti	on partner environment.						
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects a shift from development of count and transition to U.S. Government, DoD, and industry.	er-social-engineering bot technologies to technology harde	ning					
Title: Hardening Development Toolchains Against Emergent Exe	cution Engines (HARDEN)		-	5.000	10.00		
<b>Description:</b> The Hardening Development Toolchains Against Erresults derived in the Foundational Artificial Intelligence (AI) Scier techniques and tools to anticipate, isolate, and mitigate emergent integrated software. Today's software development toolchains an about adversarial reuse of code as written and designed. This respectively behaviors within systems that adversaries can reuse in attacks. Encouraged by the trusted computing system management modes. In each case, the target system. The HARDEN approach to preventing such adrand instrumentation for reasoning about emergent execution at all for flagging code segments and design patterns where there is higher the systems. If successful, the technologies developed by Hardening and tools and the systems. If successful, the technologies developed by Hardening and tools are systems.	nce program (PE 0601101E, Project CCS-02), will develop system behaviors and thereby improve security of complex d testing methodologies provide very limited means for reasolds in unwitting creation of stable, reliable patterns of emericamples include web browser exploits, which co-opt the Spectre family of exploits; and modern bootkits, which lever, attackers program emergent behaviors already present with versarial code reuse is to create techniques, tools, metadated all stages of the software development life cycle (SDLC), and gh potential for adversarial reuse and emergent execution. itical system elements such as bootloaders and to integrate	soning rgent rage thin a,					

PE 0602303E: INFORMATION & COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense A	Advanced Research Projects Agency	Date: A	April 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2		ject (Number/ 3 / CYBER SE		
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
reuse and emergent-execution vulnerabilities at early SDLC stag- architectures and high-assurance integrated military software sys				
FY 2022 Plans: - Formulate approaches for instrumenting the development toolc layers of abstraction, from the compiled binary code through the chighest levels of architectural abstraction.				
FY 2023 Plans:  - Develop models and mitigations for composable emergent behavior or flaw are reduced by so - Explore automated techniques for identifying implementations to suggesting transformations of implementations that, while sent thereby disrupt exploit programming.  - Initiate application of concepts and techniques to critical system military software systems with the goal of demonstrating the capa vulnerabilities at early SDLC stages.	hat are likely to result in composable emergent behaviors, and nantically equivalent, mitigate emergent composability and nelements such as bootloaders and high-assurance integrated			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects ramping up of work to develop tec the technology to military and commercial software systems.	hniques to mitigate emergent behaviors and initial applications o	f		
<i>Title:</i> Signature Management using Operational Knowledge and	Environments (SMOKE)	-	_	10.00
<b>Description:</b> The Signature Management using Operational Kno signature management technologies that generate evasive cyber into the design process; quantitatively measuring attribution risk i changes in order to accelerate red team cyber operations (CO) a	infrastructure by incorporating counter-attribution techniques n real-time; and by maintaining evasiveness after infrastructure			
<ul> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>Formulate approaches for quantifying the detection and attribut operation.</li> <li>Develop techniques for identifying patterns characteristic of CC</li> <li>Perform red team assessments of CO protection capabilities in</li> </ul>	· ·			

PE 0602303E: INFORMATION & COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 17 of 34

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense	e Advanced Research Projects Agency	Date: /	April 2022	
		Project (Number/ IT-03 / CYBER SE		
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
The FY 2023 increase reflects program initiation.				
Title: Hardware Optimization (HOP)		8.000	17.100	-
<b>Description:</b> The Hardware Optimization (HOP) program is de Specifically, HOP will enable new national security workloads is produce end-to-end hardware optimization toolkits to enhance digital design files, documentation, and binaries.	n high performance microelectronic hardware. This research	will		
<ul> <li>FY 2022 Plans:</li> <li>Evaluate hardware optimizations to address algorithmic impr</li> <li>Design and develop initial alternative implementations for ha</li> <li>Provide initial hardware optimizations for performance asses</li> </ul>	rdware optimizations.	ies.		
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects program completion.				
<i>Title:</i> Harnessing Autonomy for Countering Cyber-adversary S	Systems (HACCS)	16.800	9.240	-
<b>Description:</b> The Harnessing Autonomy for Countering Cyberreliable autonomous software agents that can neutralize bother HACCS is developing technologies to (1) identify and character of devices and the software services running on them with suffigenerate software exploits for a large number of known vulners conscripted network without disrupting system functionality; an navigate within botnet-conscripted networks, identify botnet imperfects to systems and infrastructure. HACCS technologies aim safely conduct Internet-scale counter-botnet operations.	t implants and similar large-scale malware in networked device rize botnet-conscripted networks of devices to determine the tricient precision to infer the presence of known vulnerabilities; (abilities that can be used to establish initial presence in each bid (3) create high-assurance software agents that can autonom plants, and curtail their ability to operate while minimizing side	es. ypes (2) otnet- nously		
FY 2022 Plans: - Enhance botnet-tracking algorithms to provide near-real-time classes of botnet-conscripted networks Collaborate with transition partners to tailor and evaluate HA		ijor		
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects program completion.				
Title: Intent-Defined Adaptive Software (IDAS)		10.200	7.059	-

PE 0602303E: INFORMATION & COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 18 of 34

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Ad	dvanced Research Projects Agency		Date: A	pril 2022		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2				ject (Number/Name) 33 / CYBER SECURITY		
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	
<b>Description:</b> The Intent-Defined Adaptive Software (IDAS) progra and its abstract constraints separately from its concrete instantiation continual adaptation. Modern weapons platforms are increasingly failures and creating new attack surfaces for adversaries. Software option that fulfills the immediate needs of the development effort (edeferring software concretizations until uncertainties are resolved, IDAS technology aims to significantly reduce software development acquire, sustain, and improve software-based capabilities more concretizations.	on, for the purpose of enabling rapid code synthesis and dependent on complex software, increasing the risk of system engineers often manage complexity by choosing a particle.g., by concretization). IDAS will develop techniques for either at build time or during run time, for complex system that time and maintenance costs, thereby enabling DoD to	tem ular				
FY 2022 Plans:  - Mature algorithmic techniques that permit verified optimization of encoding of quality goals and operational constraints.  - Demonstrate a prototype of a partially coupled implementation of exquisitely engineered system, and the maintainability of a decoup	f a military system that has the performance of a highly-co					
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects program completion.						
Title: Configuration Security			11.400	6.050	-	
<b>Description:</b> The Configuration Security program is developing te of composed cyber-physical-human systems to identify system vulfunctionality and performance. Complex cyber-physical systems, s make use of multiple commodity information technology componer component to interoperate introduces exploitable cyber vulnerability operators follow. The Configuration Security program will develop systems within the operational context, ensure secure configuration.	Inerabilities and minimize the attack surface while maintain such as ships, airplanes, and critical infrastructure, increas nts. The manual configuration necessary to enable each ities, as do the standard operating procedures that system capabilities to automate the appropriate configuration of so	ning ingly uch				
FY 2022 Plans:  - Scale and optimize automatic generation of contextualized secur physical-human systems, including the translation of multi-vendor,  - Demonstrate algorithms to automatically and rapidly reconfigure safer, more secure, and more quickly achieved.  - Demonstrate a reconfigured system that provides required function explanations.	human-readable artifacts into machine-understandable for a representative military operational system to a baseline	rmats.				

PE 0602303E: INFORMATION & COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 19 of 34

hibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency  propriation/Budget Activity  R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)			Date: April 2022			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2  R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602303E / INFORMATION & COMM UNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY		Project (Number/N T-03 / CYBER SE	,			
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023		
<ul> <li>Transition a capability to detect and prevent malicious mod shipboard communication system, and to assist system opera</li> </ul>	lification of configurations from the system-generated baseline for ators in changing between operational contexts.	а				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects program completion.						
Title: Cyber Assured Systems Engineering (CASE)		10.050	3.000			
needed to allow systems engineers to design-in cyber resilier designing complex embedded computing systems. The curre after system construction to drive post-design re-engineering explicitly engineered property, similar to other holistic propert engineering. The challenge of resiliency is that it cannot be e on the following technical areas: techniques to derive resilien architectural design and analysis tools to design-in the derive designer to allow for informed tradeoffs between resilience as support system-level resilience requirements; and inference of	SE) program is developing the design, analysis and verification too not and manage tradeoffs as they do other quality attributes where the state of practice for cyber resilience utilizes penetration testing at the CASE technical approach formulates cyber resilience as an ties such as safety, durability, and reliability now standard in systems at the stablished through conventional testing methods. CASE is focusing the requirements before system design and construction; and resilience requirements while providing feedback to the human and other system design goals; tools to adapt existing software to be engines, satisfiability solvers, and provers scalable to complex enable the design of cyber-physical systems that robustly execute per adversaries.	n ems ng				
FY 2022 Plans: - Harden technologies for cyber security systems engineerin	g and transition to DoD stakeholders.					
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects program completion.						
Title: Enhanced Attribution		8.600	3.000			
adversary operators, and to publicly reveal these actions with on new approaches for identifying malicious cyber operators, information with commercial and public sources of data. As the	ng technologies to associate malicious cyber actions with individual nout compromising sources and methods. The program focuses analyzing their software tools and actions, and confirming this he attribution techniques are developed and show promise, they was and warning of adversary cyber actions. These technologies was partners.	vill				

PE 0602303E: INFORMATION & COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 20 of 34

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Ad	Ivanced Research Projects Agency	Date: A	pril 2022			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	/Budget Activity  R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602303E / INFORMATION & COMM UNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY					
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)  - Harden the attribution platform and transition to operational partn	ners.	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023		
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects program completion.						
Title: Dispersed Computing		4.000	2.300			
<b>Description:</b> The Dispersed Computing program is developing tec computing elements to enable more efficient utilization of enterprise resources. At present, enterprises and Internet-based information t model, with data storage and computer processing concentrated in savings to storage and processing, but creates problems for the ne to backhaul data to (often distant) data centers for processing. The computing architecture that results in more efficient utilization of sto is the recent introduction by vendors of network elements that can purpose network-compute elements make it possible to eliminate b requirements by opportunistically moving code to data, given network Dispersed Computing technology, the network becomes the cloud, so.	e and Internet-based storage, processing, and networking echnology service providers are increasingly adopting the large data centers. This brings economies of scale and contents and for latency-sensitive applications due to the new Dispersed Computing program is developing a dispersed brage, processing, and networking resources. A key enable dual-purposed as computational elements. These dual-pottlenecks/chokepoints and to mitigate impossible backhaptic conditions and available network-compute elements.	ed er - ul Vith				
FY 2022 Plans: - Harden and transition integrated network-compute capabilities to	government and commercial network providers.					
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects program completion.						
Title: Rapid Attack Detection, Isolation and Characterization System	ms (RADICS)	3.794	-			
<b>Description:</b> The Rapid Attack Detection, Isolation and Characterizenable a black start recovery of the U.S. power grid amidst a cyber technologies enable skilled cyber and power engineers to rapidly recovery capabilities of the impacted organizations (e.g., utilities, but markets). The potential for a cyber-enabled attack on the U.S. power to deploy and project force is dependent on the effective and efficient program developed technologies to monitor heterogeneous distributional system elements, establish secure emergence	rattack on the energy sector's critical infrastructure. RADIG estore electrical service after an attack that challenges the alancing authorities, independent system operators, bulk p er grid is a national security issue, as the ability of the milit ent functioning of civilian logistics and supply systems. The uted networks, detect anomalies that require rapid assessr	cower tary e ment,				

PE 0602303E: INFORMATION & COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 21 of 34

R-1 Line #17

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Res	earch Projects Agency	Date: April 2022
Appropriation/Budget Activity R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)		Project (Number/Name)
0400 / 2	PE 0602303E I INFORMATION & COMM UNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY	IT-03 I CYBER SECURITY

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
sensor spoofing. RADICS was coordinated with and transitioned technology to U.S. Government elements responsible for the defense of critical infrastructure.			
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals	240.074	237.089	183.786

	FY 2021	FY 2022
Congressional Add: Al Cyber Data Analytics (Cyber) - Congressional Add	-	15.000
<b>FY 2022 Plans:</b> Develop high assurance computing architectures suitable for mission-critical systems that must operate with resilience in contested environments.		
Congressional Adds Subtotals	-	15.000

# C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

N/A

Remarks

## D. Acquisition Strategy

N/A

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency								Date: April 2022				
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2					PE 060230	Program Element (Number/Name) 602303E / INFORMATION & COMM CATIONS TECHNOLOGY Project (Number/Name) IT-04 / ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE A HUMAN-MACHINE SYMBIOSIS				CE AND		
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023 Base	FY 2023 OCO	FY 2023 Total	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
IT-04: ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND HUMAN- MACHINE SYMBIOSIS	-	151.005	203.274	193.234	-	193.234	203.757	203.184	229.627	229.537	-	-

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

The Artificial Intelligence and Human-Machine Symbiosis project develops technologies to enable machines to function not only as tools that facilitate human action but also as trustworthy partners to human operators. Of particular interest are systems that can understand human language and extract information and reliably categorize content contained in diverse media; answer questions, reach conclusions, and propose explanations; and learn, reason, and apply knowledge gained through experience to respond intelligently to new and unforeseen events. Enabling computing systems with such human-like intelligence is now of critical importance because the tempo of military operations in emerging domains exceeds that at which unaided humans can orient, understand, and act. The technologies developed in the Artificial Intelligence and Human-Machine Symbiosis project will enable warfighters to make better decisions in complex, time-critical, battlefield environments; intelligence analysts to make sense of massive, incomplete, and contradictory information; software developers and certifiers to design, implement, evaluate, and accredit cyber-physical systems and other complex software-reliant systems with greater efficiency and confidence; and unmanned systems and semi-autonomous agents to perform critical missions in contested physical and virtual environments safely and reliably.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
Title: Accelerating Artificial Intelligence (AAI)	39.000	35.100	32.000
Description: The Accelerating Artificial Intelligence (AAI) program seeks to go beyond commercially-driven advances in AI and to address important national security challenge applications. In particular, this program is focused on improving human-AI collaborations to mitigate current bottlenecks in DoD's ability to rapidly adapt and deploy new technologies and capabilities. If successful, research efforts under this program will significantly accelerate the pace of innovation in many important DoD domains while also reducing the time and cost associated with approval and certification processes needed to transition and deploy new technologies. One technical challenge to be addressed in this program is the need to assess current developmental, approval, and certification processes and identify tasks or sub-tasks amenable to greater automation with minimal human intervention. Other challenges include the need to develop social context aware AI systems and to ensure robustness of AI systems, particularly in novel and/or unanticipated situations. Approaches to addressing these challenges will leverage recent advances at the frontiers of AI research in transfer learning, causal reasoning and associated models. AAI application areas include the following: (1) machine-enabled techniques to efficiently capture, generate, and analyze disparate data sources to accelerate design and development of new materials and chemistries for DoD specific applications; and (2) knowledge management tools that can efficiently capture and disseminate an organization's expertise, experience and data; and (3) social context informed AI approaches to enable reliable and robust forecasting and decision aiding tools for stabilization, deterrence and gray zone operations.			

PE 0602303E: INFORMATION & COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 23 of 34

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense A	dvanced Research Projects Agency	Date: A	April 2022		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602303E I INFORMATION & COMM UNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY	Project (Number/ IT-04 / ARTIFICIA HUMAN-MACHIN	L INTÉLLIGE		
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	
FY 2022 Plans:  - Extend evaluation of novelty generators and novelty-robust Al tegoals, and events.  - Demonstrate effectiveness in military applications of novelty-rob-linitiate transition of molecular design systems from academia ar applications.  - Define and validate parameters for inverse design of molecules Initiate research in methods to improve human operators' ability scenarios.  - Start modeling the situational awareness demands imposed by you initiate development of design tools to enable full-system human Begin development of rapidly reconfigurable human machine into platforms.  - Quantify competency-aware capabilities with relevance to DoD apartners to demonstrate competency-aware capabilities.  - Initiate efforts to develop a new understanding of how preconscitrue.  - Demonstrate emulated 250-milliwatt megapixel for a full format send Al algorithms with outputs to back end Al processing using reaction of construct proof-of-concept demonstration and measure reduction.  - Develop means to understand concepts through grounding them and for automatically acquiring novel concepts representing object of the structure of uncertainty in financial inconsistency among multiple data sets.  - Develop formal models of the structure of uncertainty in financial inconsistency among multiple data sets.  - Develop techniques for identifying the specific processor likely to identified in schematics.  - Explore the use of Al and machine learning (ML) to support, and of proofs used in the formal verification of software.  - Initiate Legal, Moral, and Ethical (LME) planning activities and dishould be appropriately applied in the context of supervised auton.  - Continue efforts to accelerate Artificial Intelligence with a focus of EY 2023 Plans:  - Demonstrate competency-aware machine learning behaviors and process and	ust Al techniques. Indicated industry to DoD partners to evaluate performance in Do with relevance to DoD applications. It to partner with their Al-enabled platforms in off-nominal yet-to-be-built autonomous systems. In machine interface compositions. Iterface test environments for highly automated and Al-ena papplications, and identify DoD experimental platforms and ous signals can be used to measure what people believe sensor with programmable in-pixel circuitry to instantiate fra alistic device parameters. In in learning time increased and effectiveness of learning in in real world experiences as represented in image and verts and events. I data sets, together with an ensemble of metrics for the execute particular code segments based on control blocated if possible automate, the generation, maintenance, and revelop an understanding of how escalation of force can allow on third wave Al.	abled to be ront- ideo, ks			

PE 0602303E: INFORMATION & COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 24 of 34

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense A	Advanced Research Projects Agency	Da	te: April 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602303E I INFORMATION & COMM UNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY			
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 202	21 FY 2022	FY 2023
<ul> <li>Evaluate research in methods to improve human operators' abi scenarios.</li> <li>Test and refine models of the situational awareness demands in the Test and refine design tools to enable full-system human machine platforms.</li> <li>Extend efforts to measure and aggregate an individual's preconfevidence regarding that individual's beliefs.</li> <li>Develop approaches for composing identified techniques into sedevelopment platforms for increasing assurance of systems.</li> <li>Continue LME working groups and engagements with industry operation expertise and advise on best practices and DoD ethical</li> <li>Continue efforts to accelerate Artificial Intelligence with a focus</li> </ul>	mposed by yet-to-be-built autonomous systems. ine interface compositions. e interface test environments for highly automated and Al-er ascious neural and physiological responses into actionable icalable proof generation and repair capabilities within and university performers to provide technical, academic, at I Al principles.	abled		
The FY 2023 decrease reflects a shift from development and prof	totyping to testing.			
Title: Symbiotic Design			040 28.100	33.00
<b>Description:</b> The Symbiotic Design program is developing artificing in the design of cyber-physical systems (CPS), and thereby significated of deployed systems. The current generation of DoD systems and capability of the engineering teams has not scaled with the enormorequire large teams of engineers that collectively possess the negative and tools), but the prolonged timelines of the development process threats. The Symbiotic Design program will address this challenguised today into a symbiotic process of collaborative analysis by hoco-designers. The program will create technologies essential for a design space exploration. The program will demonstrate the approf increasing complexity, and quantify the results with respect to design metrics.	ficantly reduce time to deployment and improve the quality d platforms integrate cyber and physical subsystems, but the nous complexity of modern CPS. Engineering organizations cessary domain knowledge (of component technologies, the ss for modern CPS hinders DoD's ability to counter emerging by transforming the human-focused, model-based design numans and continuously-learning artificial intelligence (AI)-I AI co-design: design space construction, design composition roach at realistic scales by a sequence of CPS design challes	ories, g flows pased n, and enges		
FY 2022 Plans:  - Develop scalable design mining engines and feature extractors scope and domain coverage of design mining engines to allow income.				

PE 0602303E: INFORMATION & COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense	Advanced Research Projects Agency		Date: A	pril 2022		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602303E I INFORMATION & COMM UNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY	Project (Number/Name) IT-04 I ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGEN HUMAN-MACHINE SYMBIOSIS				
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	
<ul> <li>Develop approaches in machine-assisted knowledge manager and documentation through discovery, extraction, and linking over the control of the c</li></ul>	er text, equations, tables, figures, and code. sis and simulation, visualize and understand high dimension	al				
FY 2023 Plans:  - Develop multi-domain inferencing techniques to automate multi Scale up techniques for exploration of high-dimensional, multi Conduct design hackathons to study productivity of designers comparison to when an Al co-designer and symbiotic design techniques to the DoD.	domain, combinatorial, and parametric design spaces. and quality of design using conventional engineering tools ir hnologies are used.					
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects continued development and implerelated to demonstration and evaluation on sub-systems and systems.	stems of interest to DoD.	orts				
Title: Knowledge-directed Artificial Intelligence Reasoning Over	,		13.000	22.000	27.33	
<b>Description:</b> The Knowledge-directed Artificial Intelligence (AI) I and machine learning technologies to aid a human operator in upurposes of KAIROS, an event is an occurrence that results in a or human activity. Events of particular interest to KAIROS are the or homeland security. The KAIROS program will develop automand, when needed, create and codify new schemas to bring stru representations to operators. Given multi-media inputs, operator elements, determine their temporal order, recognize complex evaim to enable analysts and warfighters to understand unfolding examples.	nderstanding complex sequences of events in the world. For n observable and recognizable change in either the physical ose that create changes that have significant impact on naticated systems that codify existing event-representation schen cture to complex event sequences and present these structus will use KAIROS technologies to identify subsidiary event ent sequences, and link disparate events. KAIROS technologies	the world onal nas ured				
FY 2022 Plans: - Develop capability for machine learning of the similarities and eschemas.	·					
<ul> <li>Develop the means to curate the schema library and methods</li> <li>Develop a user interface to probe input sources for missing inf</li> </ul>	, ,	ry.				

NOLOGY UNCLASSIFIED
Page 26 of 34

	UNCLASSIFIED			
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Ac	Ivanced Research Projects Agency	Date	: April 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	Project (Number IT-04 / ARTIFIC HUMAN-MACHI	AL INTELLIGE	-	
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
<ul> <li>Collaborate with transition partners to evaluate systems on compadjustments.</li> </ul>	lex real-world event sequences and identify necessary			
FY 2023 Plans:  - Develop means to interpolate events of interest not reported in m  - Develop means to predict future events from a sequence of com  - Evaluate the detection and prediction capabilities with DoD and I  - Optimize the system in response to operational partner assessm technology.	olex events that is presently unfolding. C users on problems related to stabilization in regional co	nflicts.		
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects continued development of technique prediction, and increased work to assess techniques on operational		ry and		
Title: Automated Rapid Certification Of Software (ARCOS)		27.00	25.000	24.40
<b>Description:</b> The Automated Rapid Certification Of Software (ARC capture and evaluation of software assurance evidence to enable of commit to engineering decisions more rapidly and safely. Current is complexity, and interconnection of software being developed by the deployment. ARCOS technologies address DoD software system of and interactively generate strong assurance arguments that incorporation develop techniques to compose assurance arguments for prefor new systems incorporating those components.	certifiers to assess system risks earlier in the process and coftware certification practices do not scale with the extent e DoD, so certification is becoming a bottleneck to new systertification time and cost. ARCOS technology will automa corate supporting evidence for certification criteria. ARCOS	to , stem tically s will		
<ul> <li>FY 2022 Plans:</li> <li>Develop approaches to augment assurance evidence for legacy</li> <li>Demonstrate automatically calculated confidence measures for a</li> <li>Demonstrate the composability of automatically generated assurance.</li> <li>Reduce the computation time necessary to automatically generated.</li> </ul>	ssurance case arguments that are objectively meaningful ance case arguments to support incremental evaluations.			
<ul> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>Expand assurance case generation to address assurance criteria</li> <li>Develop a mechanism to track the provenance of assurance evic</li> <li>Demonstrate an approach to assurance-driven software developes software assurance required for military systems.</li> </ul>	lence used in assurance case arguments.	ence		

Fubility D.O.A. DDTOF Dunions Investifications DD 0000 Duffered	Advanced Decemb Dusingto Assess	Data	A := :1 0000	
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense		Project (Number	April 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2				
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
- Demonstrate automated generation of assurance arguments for	or a representative complex military system.			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects minor program repricing.				
Title: Learning Introspective Control (LINC)*		-	12.500	19.00
Description: *Formerly Control System Introspection				
The Learning Introspective Control (LINC) program will develop a modified or damaged military platform from its behavior, and approach to handling platform modification or damage places the operator is human or an autonomous controller. In contrast, a pathe real-time behavior of the platform as measured by on-board behavior of the platform differs from that model in ways that migcontrol law when required. The LINC capability would aid operated amage in battle or have been modified in the field to address en	update the control law to maintain stability and control. The case burden of recovery and control on the operator, whether the latform equipped with LINC technology will continually comparenesses with a learned model, determine if the current obseight compromise stability and control, and implement an updators in maintaining effective control of military platforms that	urrent ne are rved ted		
FY 2022 Plans:  - Develop machine introspection and learning approaches for ein real time using data from the multiple sensors organic to the particle - Develop machine-learning based algorithms to enable the auto enable it to reconstitute effective control after battle damage - Collaborate with Service transition partners to identify high-price experimentation.	platform.  tomated adaptation of a physical model representative of a s or in-the-field modification.	ystem		
FY 2023 Plans:  - Design and implement a testbed for assessing integrated made recovery and control of military platforms that suffer damage in - Improve the computational efficiency of control reconstitution systems.  - Develop a computational platform to support experiments invocollaboration with Service transition partners.	battle or are modified in the field. algorithms and expand their applicability to more complex Do			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement:				

PE 0602303E: INFORMATION & COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 28 of 34

	UNCLASSIFIED				
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Ad	dvanced Research Projects Agency		Date: A	pril 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	Project (Number/Name) IT-04 I ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AN HUMAN-MACHINE SYMBIOSIS				
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021		FY 2022	FY 2023
The FY 2023 increase reflects ramping up the development of lear implement the techniques in a demonstration platform.	ning introspective control techniques and initiation of effor	ts to			
Title: Counter Adversarial Artificial Intelligence			-	14.500	22.00
<b>Description:</b> The Counter Adversarial Artificial Intelligence progradiminish the effects of adversarial attacks on AI-based systems. Do (AI) capabilities such as machine learning and automated reasoning and optimized for environments where adversary systems are either Engagements between sophisticated AI-enabled systems are likely AI-superiority for the U.S. will require systems with higher levels of recognizing when an adversary system is AI-enabled, identifying a and creating counter-AI strategies including techniques to render a	efense systems increasingly incorporate artificial intelligeng. These Al-enabled systems are typically engineered er static or strictly limited in terms of adaptive behaviors. y to become increasingly common going forward. Maintain capability. Specific capabilities to be developed include and modeling adversary Al capabilities based on empirical	ning			
FY 2022 Plans:  - Model the range of potential adversarial AI behaviors, including t components and symbolic AI components.  - Conceptualize AI systems with capabilities to detect, deflect, and - Formulate approaches for recognizing when an adversary system based on empirical data, and counter adversary AI strategies.	d diminish the effects of adversarial attacks.	es			
FY 2023 Plans:  - Develop and demonstrate the capability to model and learn advecapability to detect, deflect, and diminish the effects of adversarial - Develop techniques for establishing dimensionality reduction proconstrain the extent of analysis including the number of test cases.  - Develop cross-validation-based approaches for mitigating the vudemonstrate the capability to render adversarial AI attacks ineffect	attacks. operties for AI-enabled systems and use these properties t . Ilnerabilities in ML-based and symbolic AI components and	o			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects ramping up of development of countechniques on high-priority military use cases.	ter adversarial AI techniques and initial demonstrations of				
Title: Assured Autonomy			15.000	13.000	10.000
<b>Description:</b> The Assured Autonomy program is developing rigorollearning-enabled autonomous systems to enhance system safety in					

PE 0602303E: INFORMATION & COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED Page 29 of 34

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense	Advanced Research Projects Agency	Date: A	pril 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602303E I INFORMATION & COMM UNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY	<b>Project (Number/</b> IT-04 <i>I ARTIFICIAL</i> HUMAN-MACHINE		
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
evaluation, verification, and validation is only applicable to non-lead As a result, autonomous systems enabled by machine learning (control policies, and online model learning) lack rigorous safety a for modeling and system design, formal verification, simulation-be assurance of learning-enabled autonomous systems. The technology to more rapidly and efficiently deploy learning-enabled autocertain environments.	e.g., deep neural nets for perception, reinforcement learning assurance. Assured Autonomy is developing new techniques ased testing, and safety-assured learning to provide continuablogies being developed in Assured Autonomy will enable	for		
FY 2022 Plans:  - Evaluate the impact of safety-constraints incorporated in online operating in unknown and unstructured environments.  - Develop and implement improvements to formal verification to perform the DoD.	ols and monitoring techniques.			
<ul> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>Develop integrated toolchains for end-to-end development and</li> <li>Demonstrate integrated tools on multiple autonomous systems</li> </ul>				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects the shift from development of tecautonomous platforms.	hniques and tools to demonstrations on several learning-ena	bled		
Title: Active Interpretation of Disparate Alternatives (AIDA)		17.500	16.950	9.30
<b>Description:</b> The Active Interpretation of Disparate Alternatives that generates alternative interpretations of events, situations, ar are noisy, conflicting, and potentially deceptive data. At present, without the context provided by information from other media, wi consequence of this can be inadequate interpretations, because absence of contradictory evidence. AIDA seeks to develop and of from diverse media into a common semantic representation, agginformation, and generate and explore multiple interpretations of makers a capability to understand alternative explanations for av	and trends from a variety of unstructured sources where there information from each medium is often analyzed independent the only informal comparison among competing hypotheses. It alternatives are eliminated due to lack of evidence even in the demonstrate technology to automatically map information der pregate information, resolve ambiguities, discover conflicting events, situations, and trends. AIDA aims to provide decision	tly, he e ved		
FY 2022 Plans:				

PE 0602303E: INFORMATION & COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 30 of 34

	UNCLASSIFIED				
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense A	dvanced Research Projects Agency		Date: A	pril 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2					NCE AND
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
<ul> <li>Develop the means to change statistical priors for new sources to accurate computation of coherence measures.</li> <li>Enhance interface capabilities to facilitate exploration of user-ge interaction.</li> <li>Collaborate with transition partners to conduct experiments to experimence on operational data.</li> </ul>	enerated conjectures and other models of human-computer				
FY 2023 Plans: - Enhance the techniques for detecting important changes in othe recall necessary to enable discovery and analysis of different hyporally contains the utility of the fapplications.	otheses.	d			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects the shift from development of technultimedia data to evaluations of techniques on real-world data are					
Title: Automating Scientific Knowledge Extraction and Modeling (A	ASKEM)		-	-	16.20
Description: The Automating Scientific Knowledge Extraction and tools for the agile creation, sustainment, and enhancement of command data-informed decision making in diverse scientific domains a do not maintain the relevant inputs, assumptions, and modeling of knowledge, semantically-opaque models, and black-box simulator enable a new paradigm for scientific modeling analogous to the trained to agile, continuous DevOps. ASKEM will produce modeling documents and code while abstracting away from implementation compose distinct model and simulator components; and 3) integrated that addresses the entire modeling and simulation lifecycle. ASKE collections of heterogeneous data, knowledge and models with trained littless and thereby bring agile, pipelined development to multiple use cases to drive scalability and generality.	aplex models and simulators to enable knowledge extraction and military missions. Current modeling and simulation piper noices made during development, while rapidly changing as make pipelined development nearly impossible. ASKEM ansition in software development from the lengthy waterfall grautomation tools that 1) extract model components from details like math framework, language, and platform; 2) aterall elements and processes in an extensible workbench and tools will enable experts to maintain, reuse, and adapt laterally across knowledge sources, model assumptions, and acceptable of the sum of	n lines will arge			
FY 2023 Plans:  - Develop formal representations and techniques for machine-assi decomposition for model creation, sustainment, and customization	• ,,				

PE 0602303E: INFORMATION & COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 31 of 34

R-1 Line #17

- Line in the last	e Advanced Research Projects Agency	Date:	April 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602303E I INFORMATION & COMM UNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY	e) Project (Number/Name)		
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
<ul> <li>Develop tools for machine-assisted simulator design and constand solvers that are problem appropriate.</li> <li>Develop tools for continuous machine-assisted validation of maccompany prognostic measures.</li> <li>Initiate development of an extensible workbench that spans the technologies can be evaluated against diverse use cases in color</li> </ul>	nodels, including construction of fitness-for-purpose simulators are entire modeling and simulation lifecycle in which the			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects program initiation.				
Title: Artificial Intelligence Reliability and Traceability (AIRT)		-	6.000	
technologies to ensure the correct functioning of Al-enabled system for machine learning (ML) systems and their training data to be characterizing confidence level of the classifications, and, as a will behave with similar inputs. Explainability, however, is not suand are free of bias, in the sense that the ML operates consiste	explainable, which means providing rationale for classificatio consequence, conveying an understanding of how the system	ns, n		
traceable, in the sense that there are mappings between the moverification, and validation (TEVV) technologies that system developerform their intended functions. The AIRT TEVV technologies and then how to verify the specified behaviors using both analyzand reasoning, and traditional statistical-sampling based approal learning and related systems that enhance reliability and tracea Additionally, AIRT will develop traceability approaches that mode testers, and operators to gain detailed knowledge of how the AI make the design and operation of AI systems more scientific and FY 2022 Plans:	odels and the ML behaviors. AIRT will develop the test, evaluated personal to ensure that AI-enabled systems will correctly will address the challenge of how to specify AI-related behavitic formal approaches, which emphasize mathematical model aches. AIRT will also develop design principles for machine ability without appreciable compromise to reasoning capability del the learning behavior of an AI component to enable develop system reached a computational state. The AIRT program a	ation, y iors ling v. opers,		

PE 0602303E: INFORMATION & COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense A	dvanced Research Projects Agency	Date: A	pril 2022		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602303E I INFORMATION & COMM UNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY PUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY				
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	
<ul> <li>Introduce traceability approaches akin to check-pointing and oth Al system reached a computational state.</li> </ul>	er roll-back techniques that can enhance knowledge of how	an			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects program completion.					
Title: Engineering Artificial Intelligence Systems Implementations	(EAISI)	7.300	11.800		
<b>Description:</b> The Engineering Artificial Intelligence Systems Implet to support the development of viable and trusted systems that inclidependent systems may include multiple AI components, drawing knowledge representation, search, planning, game theory, and optimize remains primarily based on trial-and-error designs, with limited abscan be costly, risky, and demanding of very high levels of expertise architectures, assurance techniques, and iterative processes that must rely on AI-based components and associated training data. Cevaluation and assurance, since AI-based systems tend to resist to not possible to fully test an AI-based system for every situation it wand validating AI-based systems. EAISI aims to create software ar facilitate the development of AI-based systems that are capable, to	ude AI and machine learning (ML) capabilities. Modern AI- on a diverse set of AI-related techniques, ranging from ML t timization. Current methods for development of such system stractions, architectures, and patterns. These developments e. To address this, EAISI will develop abstractions, patterns, facilitate the analysis and synthesis of complex systems that One of the more difficult engineering challenges with AI is raditional approaches to testing, inspection, and analysis. It vill ever encounter, so new techniques are needed for verifying d systems engineering techniques, tools, and practices to	o es t			
FY 2022 Plans:  - Formulate rigorous approaches for managing training data for Alfacilitate the engineering of Al-based systems that are capable, tru-Devise approaches for testing, analyzing, and evaluating Al-bas validating those systems.  - Devise a framework for integrating prototype tools in an Al systed developers and evaluators who are not experts in Al.	istworthy, affordable, and timely. ed systems as means for gaining confidence in and rigorous				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects program completion.					
Title: Explainable Artificial Intelligence (XAI)		9.165	8.324		
<b>Description:</b> The Explainable Artificial Intelligence (XAI) program that are able to explain their rationale, characterize their strengths will behave in the future. All is a critical enabler for U.S. military system.	and weaknesses, and convey an understanding of how they				

PE 0602303E: INFORMATION & COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 33 of 34

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advar	Date: April 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602303E I INFORMATION & COMM UNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY	Project (Number/Name) IT-04 I ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND HUMAN-MACHINE SYMBIOSIS

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
missions. However, in order for developers, users, and senior leaders to feel confident enough to deploy and use Al-enabled systems, these systems must be able to explain their rationale, and their recommendations, decisions, and actions must be delivered in a way that military users can understand and trust. Today, most machine learning systems provide no explanations, or provide explanations that are at the wrong level of abstraction, not meaningful to a human user, or inconsistent with the full range of behaviors of the Al system. XAI is developing the tools necessary to build explainable Al systems, specifically with: (1) new machine learning techniques that produce human-interpretable models and (2) user interfaces that generate explanations from those models that are meaningful to end-users, using natural language, saliency maps, and other representations. XAI implementations will be developed and demonstrated in next-generation data analytics and autonomous systems.			
<ul> <li>FY 2022 Plans:</li> <li>Refine machine learning explanation systems for human-machine teaming prototypes in coordination with DoD partners.</li> <li>Provide toolkit for explainable AI to DoD and IC partners targeting relevant use cases.</li> </ul>			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects program completion.			
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals	151.005	193.274	193.234

	FY 2021	FY 2022
Congressional Add: Al Cyber Data Analytics (Al) - Congressional Add	-	10.000
<b>FY 2022 Plans:</b> Develop scalable machine learning technologies capable of learning from large training sets with orders of magnitude less computation.		
Congressional Adds Subtotals	-	10.000

# C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

N/A

Remarks

# D. Acquisition Strategy

N/A

PE 0602303E: INFORMATION & COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 34 of 34

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)

0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 2:

PE 0602383E I BIOLOGICAL WARFARE DEFENSE

Applied Research

Appropriation/Budget Activity

COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023 Base	FY 2023 OCO	FY 2023 Total	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
Total Program Element	-	26.082	31.421	23.059	-	23.059	10.536	11.035	11.852	11.852	-	-
BW-01: BIOLOGICAL WARFARE DEFENSE	-	26.082	31.421	23.059	-	23.059	10.536	11.035	11.852	11.852	-	-

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

The Biological Warfare Defense project is budgeted in the Applied Research Budget Activity because its focus is on the underlying technologies associated with the detection, prevention, treatment and remediation of biological, chemical, and radionuclide threats.

Efforts to counter existing and emerging biological, chemical and radiological threats include: countermeasures to stop the pathophysiologic processes that occur as a consequence of an attack; collection of environmental trace constituents to support chemical mapping, tactical and strategic biological, chemical, and radiological sensors; and integrated defense systems.

B. Program Change Summary (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023 Base	FY 2023 OCO	FY 2023 Total
Previous President's Budget	26.950	31.421	0.000	-	0.000
Current President's Budget	26.082	31.421	23.059	-	23.059
Total Adjustments	-0.868	0.000	23.059	-	23.059
<ul> <li>Congressional General Reductions</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
<ul> <li>Congressional Directed Reductions</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
<ul> <li>Congressional Rescissions</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
<ul> <li>Congressional Adds</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
<ul> <li>Congressional Directed Transfers</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
<ul> <li>Reprogrammings</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
<ul> <li>SBIR/STTR Transfer</li> </ul>	-0.868	0.000			
<ul> <li>Adjustments to Budget Year</li> </ul>	-	-	23.059	-	23.059

# **Change Summary Explanation**

FY 2021: Decrease reflects SBIR/STTR transfer.

FY 2022: NA

FY 2023: FY 2023 funding increase reflects the fact that the FY 2022 President's Budget request did not include out-year funding.

C. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
Title: Defense Against Mass Terror Threats	26.082	31.421	23.059

PE 0602383E: BIOLOGICAL WARFARE DEFENSE Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 1 of 3

R-1 Line #18

Volume 1 - 91

Date: April 2022

UNCLASSIFIED							
Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advance	Date: April 2022						
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 2: Applied Research	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602383E / BIOLOGICAL WARFARE DEFENSE	<b>=</b>					
C. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023			
<b>Description:</b> The objective of the Defense Against Mass Terror Threats program the potential to significantly improve the United States' ability to reduce the rigorial of Mass Terror (WMT) attack. Challenges in reducing U.S. vulnerability to the systems that afford early warning and opportunities to interdict these threats other population centers. A major goal of this program is to develop new sense reliably provide these wide-area monitoring capabilities for WMT threat signal.	sk of mass casualties in the wake of a Weapons ese attacks include developing new sensors and before they can be employed in urban areas and sors and sensing networks that can economically and						
FY 2022 Plans:  Continue spiral development of chemical and biological sensors, with emplindependent government testing of performance and suitability.  Conduct follow-on operational demonstrations of new and augmented, consystems with local and Federal Government stakeholders.  Expand on utility assessment of worn physiological sensors building on develoction.  Continue spiral development of a network backbone and operating system ingestion with a focus on streaming data from open-source and stakeholder-work with Federal Government partners to develop and mature methods for enforcement investigative processes.  Mature end-to-end beta build of the network, including data model, pipeline automated analytics of heterogeneous sensor data, with contextual and law of Develop transition strategies for sensor and network technologies with local such as the Department of Homeland Security (DHS), Countering Weapons and Customs Enforcement (ICE), Port Authority of New York and New Jerses (IMPD).  Identify limits of continuous sensing for the detection of SARS-CoV-2 viruse.	nmercial-off-the-shelf chemical and biological sensor velopments associated with infectious disease supporting sensor, contextual and transactional data provided sources. Or template generation supporting various law and analytics engine capable of ingestion and enforcement transactional data. If municipalities and Federal Government partners of Mass Destruction (CWMD) Office, Immigration y, and Indianapolis Metropolitan Police Department						
FY 2023 Plans:  - Complete spiral development of chemical and biological sensors validated  - Conclude utility assessment of worn physiological sensors using development reporting, coupled with integrated algorithms.  - Finalize suite of augmented, commercial-off-the-shelf chemical and biological sensors and operationalized algorithms.  - Complete spiral development of a network backbone and operating system ingestion with a focus operating within stakeholder system environments.	ents associated with infectious disease detection and cal sensors that will compose a system including fully						

PE 0602383E: *BIOLOGICAL WARFARE DEFENSE*Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED Page 2 of 3

R-1 Line #18 **Volume 1 - 92** 

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced	Date: April 2022	
1	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602383E I BIOLOGICAL WARFARE DEFENSE	

O. A. and the language of Property of the Baltition of	<b>-</b> >/ 000/	->/	
C. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
- Mature end-to-end beta build of the network, including data model, pipeline, and analytics engine capable of ingestion			
and automated analytics of heterogeneous sensor data, with contextual and law enforcement transactional data focusing on			
incorporating law enforcement feedback.			
- Present system concept of operations to local municipality and Federal Government partners to outline how developed			
capabilities can support relevant interdiction and response operations.			
- Demonstrate system in large-scale field trials (>10 square kilometers) with objective metrics or better.			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement:			
The FY 2023 decrease is due to a shift from major development activities to final operational demonstrations prior to transition.			
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals	26.082	31.421	23.059

# D. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

N/A

**Remarks** 

# E. Acquisition Strategy

N/A

PE 0602383E: *BIOLOGICAL WARFARE DEFENSE* Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 3 of 3



Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

Appropriation/Budget Activity R-1 Program Element (N

0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 2:

Applied Research

R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)
PE 0602702E / TACTICAL TECHNOLOGY

• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •												
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023 Base	FY 2023 OCO	FY 2023 Total	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
Total Program Element	-	230.211	207.515	221.883	-	221.883	262.105	324.422	307.681	299.931	-	-
TT-03: NAVAL WARFARE TECHNOLOGY	-	6.868	11.059	23.924	-	23.924	12.959	17.059	16.484	23.234	-	-
TT-04: ADVANCED LAND SYSTEMS TECHNOLOGY	-	86.864	54.060	67.157	-	67.157	80.305	98.603	100.147	93.897	-	-
TT-07: AERONAUTICS AND SPACE TECHNOLOGY	-	51.129	44.507	33.300	-	33.300	30.100	30.500	19.250	8.000	-	-
TT-13: INFORMATION ANALYTICS TECHNOLOGY	-	85.350	97.889	97.502	-	97.502	138.741	178.260	171.800	174.800	-	-

### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

The Tactical Technology Program Element is budgeted in the Applied Research Budget Activity because it supports the advancement of concepts and technologies to enhance the next generation of tactical systems. The Tactical Technology Program Element funds a number of projects in the areas of Naval Warfare, Advanced Land Systems, Aeronautics and Space Technology and Information Analytics Technology.

The Naval Warfare Technology project develops advanced technologies for application to a broad range of naval requirements. Enabling and novel technologies include concepts for expanding the envelope of operational naval capabilities to include the entire sea column such as improved situational awareness over large maritime environments, ship self-defense techniques, novel underwater propulsion modalities, high speed underwater vessels, improved techniques for underwater object detection and discrimination, long endurance unmanned surface vehicles, methods and techniques for servicing assets throughout the sea column, and high bandwidth communications. This project will also examine methods and architectures for distributing maritime operations to enable a more agile, survivable, and cost-effective fleet.

The Advanced Land Systems Technology project is developing technologies for enhancing U.S. military effectiveness and survivability in operations ranging from traditional threats to military operations against irregular forces that can employ disruptive or catastrophic capabilities, or disrupt stabilization operations, including competing in undergoverned spaces. Programs in this project will break the relative symmetry of land combat to give U.S. forces a decided advantage in the current and future ground battlefield. The emphasis is on developing affordable technologies that reduce reliance on consolidated forward-operating bases and required lines of communication, and provide small units and individual warfighters with hyper-mobility and hyper-lethality. This project will develop methods and technologies to expand the maneuver trade space to include the vertical dimension, including subterranean environments, as well as undergoverned spaces. It will leverage advances in artificial intelligence to enable integrated manned-unmanned operations and decrease warfighter exposure through the use of autonomous agents.

Aeronautics and Space Technology efforts will address high payoff opportunities that dramatically reduce costs associated with advanced aeronautical and space systems and/or provide revolutionary new system capabilities for satisfying current and projected military mission requirements. This includes advanced technology studies of revolutionary propulsion, vehicle, and launch concepts, sophisticated fabrication methods, and examination of novel materials and enabling technologies for

PE 0602702E: TACTICAL TECHNOLOGY
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

Page 1 of 24

R-1 Line #22

Volume 1 - 95

Date: April 2022

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency  Date: April 2022						
Appropriation/Budget Activity	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)					
0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 2:	PE 0602702E I TACTICAL TECHNOLOGY					
Applied Research						

aeronautics and space system applications. Studies that also fundamentally change the calculus of battle including consideration of a mix of assets, platforms that are potentially disposable or with limited lifespans, and autonomous integration of space and air platforms in the tactical battlespace are included as well.

The Information Analytics Technology project develops technology for analyzing data and information arising from: 1) intelligence networks; 2) open sources, social and broadcast media, and other external sources; 3) sensors and signal/image processors; and 4) collection platforms and weapon systems. Technical challenges include processing huge volumes of diverse, incomplete, and uncertain data in tactically-relevant timeframes, and countering the information operations of sophisticated adversaries who seek to deceive, degrade, deny, and disrupt the U.S. information enterprise. Benefits sought include a deeper understanding of the evolving operational environment tailored to the needs of commanders at every echelon; an enhanced capability to plan, monitor, and control diverse military operations ranging from stabilization and information operations to combat engagements; and increased efficiency of core military functions such as national and homeland security, warfighter health and readiness, and defense support of law enforcement and civil authorities.

B. Program Change Summary (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023 Base	FY 2023 OCO	FY 2023 Total
Previous President's Budget	237.271	202.515	0.000	-	0.000
Current President's Budget	230.211	207.515	221.883	-	221.883
Total Adjustments	-7.060	5.000	221.883	-	221.883
Congressional General Reductions	0.000	-10.000			
<ul> <li>Congressional Directed Reductions</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
<ul> <li>Congressional Rescissions</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
<ul> <li>Congressional Adds</li> </ul>	0.000	15.000			
<ul> <li>Congressional Directed Transfers</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
Reprogrammings	0.580	0.000			
SBIR/STTR Transfer	-7.640	0.000			
Adjustments to Budget Year	-	-	221.883	-	221.883

FY 2021	FY 2022
4.000	-
4.000	-
-	15.000
-	15.000
s 4.000	15.000
•	4.000

PE 0602702E: TACTICAL TECHNOLOGY
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

Congressional Add Dataile (\$ in Millions, and Includes Congrel Poductions)

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 2 of 24

R-1 Line #22

Volume 1 - 96

EV 2022

EV 2024

ONOLAGON ILD							
Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advance	ed Research Projects Agency	Date: April 2022					
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 2: Applied Research	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602702E I TACTICAL TECHNOLOGY						
	nmings. nalytics offset by Congressional reduction.	funding.					

PE 0602702E: TACTICAL TECHNOLOGY
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency								Date: April 2022				
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2				, , ,			• •	roject (Number/Name) T-03 / NAVAL WARFARE TECHNOLOGY				
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023 Base	FY 2023 OCO	FY 2023 Total	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
TT-03: NAVAL WARFARE TECHNOLOGY	-	6.868	11.059	23.924	-	23.924	12.959	17.059	16.484	23.234	-	-

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

The Naval Warfare Technology project develops advanced technologies for application to a broad range of naval requirements. Enabling and novel technologies include concepts for expanding the envelope of operational naval capabilities to include the entire sea column such as improved situational awareness over large maritime environments, ship self-defense techniques, novel underwater propulsion modalities, high speed underwater vessels, improved techniques for underwater object detection and discrimination, long endurance unmanned surface vehicles, methods and techniques for servicing assets throughout the sea column, and high bandwidth communications. This project will also examine methods and architectures for distributing maritime operations to enable a more agile, survivable, and cost-effective fleet.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
Title: Multi-Azimuth Defense Fast Intercept Round Engagement System (MAD-FIRES)	3.512	7.157	18.639
<b>Description:</b> The Multi-Azimuth Defense Fast Intercept Round Engagement System (MAD-FIRES) program will develop a point defense system against today's most stressing threats by developing a highly maneuverable, medium caliber, guided projectile, fire sequencing and control system capable of neutralizing large threat raids of high speed, highly maneuverable targets. Leveraging recent advancements in gun hardening, miniaturization of guided munition components, and long-range sensors, MAD-FIRES advances fire control technologies, medium caliber gun technologies, and guided projectile technologies enabling the multiple, simultaneous target, kinetic engagement mission at greatly reduced costs. MAD-FIRES will achieve lethality overmatch through accuracy rather than size, thus expanding the role of smaller combat platforms into missions where they have been traditionally outgunned. MAD-FIRES, sized as a medium caliber system, enhances flexibility for installment as a new ship self-defense system. This phase of the project will mature and demonstrate key projectile technologies and subsystem elements. The final phase of system integration and supersonic testing is funded in PE 0603766E, Project NET-02.			
<ul> <li>FY 2022 Plans:</li> <li>Verify function and survival of the updated projectile after gun firing.</li> <li>Measure projectile maximum maneuver performance.</li> <li>Demonstrate closed-loop guidance of the projectile in flight.</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>Commence subsystems development, integration and testing.</li> <li>Mature critical technologies to enable future surrogate threat engagement demonstrations.</li> <li>Update Modeling, Simulation and Analysis (MS&amp;A) toolset and perform gun-fired testing to validate MS&amp;A tools.</li> </ul>			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement:			

PE 0602702E: TACTICAL TECHNOLOGY Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency **UNCLASSIFIED** Page 4 of 24

R-1 Line #22

Volume 1 - 98

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Res	Date: April 2022		
Appropriation/Budget Activity	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)	Project (N	umber/Name)
0400 / 2	PE 0602702E I TACTICAL TECHNOLOGY	TT-03 / NA	VAL WARFARE TECHNOLOGY

0400 / 2 PE 0602702E / TACTICAL TECHN	IOLOGY TT-03 I NAVAL	VARFARE TEC	HNOLOGY
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
The FY 2023 increase reflects completing the current development phase with demonstrations of projectile technology subsystem elements.	logies and		
Title: Maritime Defense	3.39	3.902	5.285
<b>Description:</b> The Maritime Defense program will explore novel technologies and concepts of operations to mature to extend freedom of access, operations, and homeland defense in all parts of the maritime domain, including water areas, and the seabed. The program will investigate and mature technologies necessary for unmanned underwate (UUV) and unmanned surface vessel (USV) concepts for defense against large volumes of low-cost expendable plance including compressing the detect-to-engage sequence by exploiting localized networked sensors to rapidly detect, neutralize threats. Enabling technologies for advanced undersea systems, including a revolutionary propulsion connovel approaches for maritime platform self-defense will be investigated. Novel technologies and concepts require and seabed operations, such as distributed sensing, navigation, and communications architectures, as well as incluted technologies to enable long duration maritime platforms, will also be investigated. Finally, future concepts, approact techniques will be identified to enable contested environment operations utilizing unmanned maritime platforms.  FY 2022 Plans:	erways, arctic r vehicle latforms, identify, and acept, and d for arctic uding new		
<ul> <li>Mature conceptual design and conduct risk reduction activities for advanced underwater payloads and sensors.</li> <li>Refine conceptual design in the development of advanced payloads and autonomy.</li> <li>Conduct cost analysis and readiness level assessments for transition opportunities to follow-on research and development.</li> </ul>	velopment.		
<ul> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>Initiate studies of novel underwater sensor systems and extended range maritime platforms.</li> <li>Assess autonomous maritime platform integration with advanced payload capabilities.</li> <li>Assess novel technologies and concepts for arctic operations.</li> </ul>			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects broadening investigation utilizing unmanned maritime platforms for contested environments.	onments.		
Accomplishments/Planned Prog	rams Subtotals 6.80	11.059	23.924

# C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

N/A

Remarks

# D. Acquisition Strategy

N/A

PE 0602702E: TACTICAL TECHNOLOGY Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency **UNCLASSIFIED** 

Page 5 of 24 R-1 Line #22

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification	: PB 2023 E	Defense Adv	anced Res	earch Proje	cts Agency				Date: April	2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2						t (Number/ CAL TECHI	,	Project (N TT-04 / AD TECHNOL	VANCED L	ne) AND SYSTE	EMS	
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023 Base	FY 2023 OCO	FY 2023 Total	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
TT-04: ADVANCED LAND SYSTEMS TECHNOLOGY	-	86.864	54.060	67.157	-	67.157	80.305	98.603	100.147	93.897	-	-

### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

The Advanced Land Systems Technology project is developing technologies for enhancing U.S. military effectiveness and survivability in operations ranging from traditional threats to military operations against irregular forces that can employ disruptive or catastrophic capabilities, or disrupt stabilization operations, including competing in undergoverned spaces. Programs in this project will break the relative symmetry of land combat to give U.S. forces a decided advantage in the current and future ground battlefield. The emphasis is on developing affordable technologies that reduce reliance on consolidated forward-operating bases and required lines of communication, and provide small units and individual warfighters with hyper-mobility and hyper-lethality. This project will develop methods and technologies to expand the maneuver trade space to include the vertical dimension, including subterranean environments, as well as undergoverned spaces. It will leverage advances in artificial intelligence to enable integrated manned-unmanned operations and decrease warfighter exposure through the use of autonomous agents.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
Title: Robotic Autonomy in Complex Environments with Resiliency (RACER)	20.941	31.600	45.924
Description: Multi-domain operations (MDO) environments present complex and challenging environments to ground combat platforms. Ground combat platforms must operate in a more distributed manner in these environments to gain a sustained tactical advantage and enhance Warfighter survivability. The Army intends to deploy autonomous robotic combat vehicles and optionally manned fighting vehicles to accomplish this objective. In order to meet the demands of an MDO environment, significant advances in perception, planning, and control algorithms are required to autonomously maneuver faster and more resiliently in complex and novel off-road environments. Maneuver environments are characterized by three-dimensional surfaces of highly compliant soils and vegetation, hundreds of positive and negative obstacle classes, no defined road networks or driving rules, and where use of terrain for survivability is critical. In order to achieve operationally relevant speeds and resilience to novel situations on the future battlefield, while simultaneously reducing the Soldier cognitive and communications burden and increasing battle space awareness, Robotic Autonomy in Complex Environments with Resiliency (RACER) will demonstrate game-changing autonomous ground combat vehicle mobility using a combination of simulation and advanced platforms. RACER will deliver autonomy algorithms using the latest in Artificial Intelligence (AI) and machine-learning techniques, a code repository, an off-road simulation environment tailored for military off-road autonomy development, tactical route planning methods and field-demonstrated off-road autonomous capabilities. The culmination of the RACER program will be to demonstrate fully autonomous maneuver on a military Unmanned Ground Vehicle (UGV) in a variety of militarily relevant environments.			
FY 2022 Plans:  - Initiate Government-hosted field experiments of varying terrain and obstacle complexity.  - Initiate large-scale demonstration platform (combat vehicle scale) preparations.			

PE 0602702E: TACTICAL TECHNOLOGY
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 6 of 24

R-1 Line #22

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Ad	dvanced Research Projects Agency		Date: A	pril 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602702E / TACTICAL TECHNOLOGY	TT-04 /	t (Number/I ADVANCE IOLOGY	<b>Name)</b> D LAND SYS	TEMS
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
<ul> <li>Demonstrate initial capabilities of off-road autonomy simulation to</li> <li>Determine off-road speeds and interventions comparable to best</li> </ul>					
FY 2023 Plans:  - Continue Government-hosted field experiments in increasingly continue development of tactically relevant routes for small-scale of force.  - Deliver a simulation environment compared against real-world synchronic platform autonomy algorithm modules demonstrated in the real-world begin testing on large-scale demonstration platform (combat vehiclemonstrations.	demonstration platforms using initial tactics versus an oppositem performance and environments.  orld and compared against a simulation environment.	osing			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects the continuation of field demonstrativehicle scale) commissioning.	ions and initiation of large-scale demonstration platform (c	ombat			
Title: Competing in Undergoverned Spaces			-	10.460	15.73
<b>Description:</b> A vast majority of U.S. technology is focused on gain kinetic engagements where there are known rules and players, corgames are important, many critical engagements are closer to infinithat play out over long periods with an ultimate goal of resetting the contests is critical for successful stabilization and Humanitarian As in undergoverned spaces. Some undergoverned spaces are geoginternal or external parties can compete for influence over the local more conceptual yet still very real, defined by virtual or physical do institutional order such as supply chains or the cyber-domain. The that are focused on successfully competing in infinite contests by cisignals, constant acting, assessing and adapting (i.e., iterative Hypform a foundation of asynchronous observations and actions. Spectools that rapidly adapt to the environment to yield specific effects to engage friendly/non-friendly local populations while minimizing to include sensing tools designed to update pre-existing models to such anging population or adversary actions.	ncrete timelines and clear winners and losers. While these nite contestsdynamic, diffuse high dimensionality interact in regional power and influence equilibrium. Competing in esistance Disaster Relief (HADR) missions, as well as open praphic, where local governance is sufficiently weak such to all population. Some contested undergoverned spaces are organise that lack or regularly violate ethical, legal, social and Competing in Undergoverned Spaces will develop technote developing tools for situational awareness and interpretation of thesis A/B testing) and new ways of viewing experiments of cific areas of interest include information, influence or ecorthat can be sensed. This includes developing new options the social impact of stabilization. Other areas of interest	e finite ions these rations hat d logies on of ation homic			
FY 2022 Plans:					

PE 0602702E: TACTICAL TECHNOLOGY
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED Page 7 of 24

R-1 Line #22

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Re	esearch Projects Agency		Date: A	pril 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602702E / TACTICAL TECHNOLOGY	TT-04 /	t (Number/l ADVANCE VOLOGY	<b>Name)</b> D LAND SYS	STEMS
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
<ul> <li>Initiate efforts to develop techniques for measuring and characterizing chan system (e.g., food) at multiple time scales.</li> <li>Identify potential approaches for bridging the gap between static risk analyst system (e.g., food).</li> <li>Explore approaches to link diverse spectroscopy techniques to quantifiable.</li> <li>Initiate the development of models to anticipate community dynamics through environment, etc. shape activity.</li> <li>Begin the development of active sensing tools that reveal functional properties.</li> </ul>	sis and real time monitoring for an exemplar glo local activity (e.g., economic, social). gh studies of how terrain, social structure,	bal			
<ul> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>Test links between diverse spectroscopy techniques and quantifiable local a</li> <li>Continue development of models to anticipate community dynamics through environment, etc. shape activity.</li> <li>Continue the development of active sensing tools that reveal functional propaystems.</li> <li>Devise approaches to experimentation and assessment in high-dimensional</li> </ul>	n studies of how terrain, social structure, perties of local economic, political, or physical				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase is due to a shift from initial system design to development.	ent and demonstration.				
Title: Advanced Ground Technologies Concepts			-	-	5.50
<b>Description:</b> The Advanced Ground Technologies Concepts program aims to access and delivery of effects to every aspect of the ground domain by using of novel technical solutions, force capabilities and new concepts of operations technologies that promise breakthroughs in enabling actionable situational aw Intelligence (AI) enabled autonomy for large scale integration of manned-unm mobility systems; advanced military robotic systems for urban operations; technologies that expand the combined dimension, interiors of buildings, and exploiting natural and man-made subter	targeted investments that explore the feasibility is. In particular, program investments encompass vareness across diverse environments, Artificial nanned ground force operations; intelligent group the hologies expanding the effective ranges of arms maneuver trade space to include the vertical states.	ss nd			
FY 2023 Plans:  - Mature conceptual design for technologies that enhance detection and track  - Mature framework for enhancing manned-unmanned teaming (MUM-T) operframework.		d the			

PE 0602702E: TACTICAL TECHNOLOGY
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED Page 8 of 24

R-1 Line #22

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense A	Advanced Research Projects Agency	Date: A	pril 2022				
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	PE 0602702E I TACTICAL TECHNOLOGY T	• \	<b>ject (Number/Name)</b> 04 <i>I ADVANCED LAND SYSTE</i> CHNOLOGY				
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023			
- Mature approaches for testing tactical autonomy in urban envir	onments and develop demonstration framework.						
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects program initiation.							
Title: Subterranean (SubT) Challenge		21.800	4.000				
<b>Description:</b> The DARPA Subterranean (SubT) Challenge is deviated navigating, and searching complex and dynamic terrains (tunnel computation for perception in austere conditions; distributed infor collaborative autonomy enabling extended operations with minim is to discover the solution(s) which best outperforms current approxibiterranean environments. Newly developed capabilities will specified in the context of a public-facing, broadly inclusive DARPA Challeng	systems, urban underground and cave networks); sensors and mation sharing in degraded communications environments; are all human intervention. The core objective of the SubT Challer toaches for manually and laboriously mapping and searching oan across four technology focus areas in autonomy, perceptions the diversity, versatility, and robustness of relevant system wide range of environments. Innovations are being explored in	d ge n,					
<ul> <li>FY 2022 Plans:</li> <li>Facilitate deep tech commercialization and transfer opportunities</li> <li>Complete technology assessments, reference data collection, a</li> </ul>							
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects completion of program.							
Title: Urban Reconnaissance through Supervised Autonomy (UR	RSA)	19.000	8.000				
<b>Description:</b> The Urban Reconnaissance through Supervised Aunew autonomous agents and techniques that support a Blue Forcurban spaces by rapidly identifying and discriminating among pot The program uses perception-enabled autonomous vehicles to modown the ambiguity between peaceful civilians and threats. The platforms operating in conjunction with U.S. ground forces that modes Positive Identification (PID) before any U.S. troops come into comprescribe an escalation of force appropriate with the level of host behavior. This program will establish a Legal, Moral, Ethical (LM military, university professors, ethicists, legal experts) to develop can and should be appropriately applied in the context of supervisions.	ce Commander in managing the complexity and ambiguity of ential threats during missions ranging from minutes to hours. In an age complexity and interactions with populations to drive program will create a system of autonomous ground and air onitor an area overtly to detect hostile forces and establish stact. Military units follow strict rules of engagement (ROEs) the illities and confidence that an individual is engaged in nefarious E) working group comprising multiple individuals (technologists an understanding of how escalation and/or de-escalation of for	i,					

PE 0602702E: TACTICAL TECHNOLOGY
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED Page 9 of 24

R-1 Line #22

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense A	dvanced Research Projects Agency	Di	ate: April 2	2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602702E / TACTICAL TECHNOLOGY		ect (Number/Name) 04 / ADVANCED LAND SYS CHNOLOGY		
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 20	)21 FY	<b>Y 2022</b>	FY 2023
probing behaviors to enable identifying innocent civilians and indivivilians. This mission requires the integration and maturation of releverage current techniques in perspective and reactive autonomy new search and engagement behaviors to disambiguate human a lt is implementing new dimensions of evidence such as the human decisions, and building a novel framework for escalating and de-e	novel sensors, and unmanned ground and air vehicles whic to navigate cluttered urban environments. URSA is develo- actions and serve as evidence that a potential target is a three reactions to these engagements to improve confidence in	h oping eat.			
<ul> <li>FY 2022 Plans:</li> <li>Evaluate system performance with incremental field demonstrat</li> <li>Conduct the final system end-to-end performance evaluation in</li> <li>Conduct feasibility demonstration that will validate validity of the</li> <li>Explore transition activities with Marine Corps Systems Command</li> </ul>	a live environment. e system in a live event.	nts.			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects completion of program with live ca	pstone field demonstration.				
Title: Proportional Weapons		2	2.000	-	
<b>Description:</b> The Proportional Weapons program pursued a real-families of weapons that suppress or breach any external structure and minimize collateral damage. Novel approaches that are effect while not being catastrophically destructive were needed. Current against evasive ground targets require significant human oversigh execution, resulting in slow and methodical engagements. Propor and tunable effects. Proposed technical approaches are scalable ground) systems, or as human-in-the-loop payloads for future auto-	e to neutralize threats, clear spaces at range, keep them interive from the air or ground against several scales of threats approaches to identifying, engaging, and assessing effects to combined with human semantic reasoning tied to rules of rational Weapons studied systems that provided extended ration of application to dismounted warfighters, vehicle-borne (ai	ract,			
Title: Mobile Force Protection (MFP)		4	.320	-	-
<b>Description:</b> The goal of the Mobile Force Protection (MFP) was of defeating a raid of self-guided small unmanned aircraft systems focusing on protecting mobile assets, the program emphasized low and manning, which benefited other counter-UAS missions and red of operating environments against these sUAS threats and associ in affordable technology to sense, decide and act on a compressed developed solutions applicable to the defense of mobile ground are	s (sUAS) attacking a high value convoy on the move. By we footprint solutions, in terms of size, weight, power (SWaP esulted in more affordable systems. Defending in a variety lated concept of operations required several breakthroughs and timeline while mitigating collateral damage. The program				

PE 0602702E: TACTICAL TECHNOLOGY
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 10 of 24

R-1 Line #22 **Volume 1 - 104** 

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advance	d Research Projects Agency			Date: A	pril 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	TT-04 /	ct (Number/Name) I ADVANCED LAND SYSTEMS INOLOGY				
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)				FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
conventional threats. The solutions are scalable and modular such that the do not become obsolete with evolving threat capability.	hey can be deployed in multiple defense	application	s and			
Title: Underminer				8.763	-	-
<b>Description:</b> The Underminer effort, an outgrowth of the Subterranean C integration of technologies that drill/bore and build the underground environceation and utilization of tunneling, drilling, and boring capabilities for systemultiple concepts of operation and considered creation and use of both tenetworks.	onment for tactical operations. Underminates at multiple scales. The program a	ner explored so examine				
Title: Squad X				6.040	-	-
<b>Description:</b> The U.S. military achieves overmatch against its adversarie not realized at the squad to individual dismounted warfighter level. The gin real-time situational awareness and mission command; organic three-ditargeting, and response; and unmanned mobility and perception in order. The concept of overmatch at the squad level included increased human sto allow for responses at multiple scales. Squad X explored advanced we direct and indirect trajectory precision weaponry, and non-kinetic precision was an individual dismount unit outfitted with sensors, weaponry, and supwell as the overall integration of unmanned assets alongside the dismount	goal of the Squad X program was to lever dimensional dismount mobility; extended to create a squad with substantial comba stand-off, a smaller force density, and add earable force protection, advanced organ in capabilities. The end result of the Squap oporting technology to achieve unit level	age advand range track it overmatc aptive sens ic squad le ad X progra overmatch	ces ing, h. ing vel am			
	Accomplishments/Planned Prog	rams Sub	totals	82.864	54.060	67.15
		FY 2021	FY 202	22		
Congressional Add: Counter Directed Energy Laser Eye Protection Res	search - Congressional Add	4.000		-		
FY 2021 Accomplishments: - Develop large-area coatings for counter la	aser eye protection by hardening					

C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

windows to repel laser energy while providing high visible transmission and color neutrality.

N/A

Remarks

PE 0602702E: TACTICAL TECHNOLOGY
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 11 of 24

**Congressional Adds Subtotals** 

R-1 Line #22

4.000

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 [	Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency	Date: April 2022
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602702E / TACTICAL TECHNOLOGY	Project (Number/Name) TT-04 I ADVANCED LAND SYSTEMS TECHNOLOGY
). Acquisition Strategy		
N/A		

PE 0602702E: TACTICAL TECHNOLOGY
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

**UNCLASSIFIED** 

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification	: PB 2023 E	Defense Adv	anced Res	earch Proje	cts Agency				Date: April	2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2				_		t (Number/ CAL TECHI	•		mber/Name) RONAUTICS AND SPACE DGY			
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023 Base	FY 2023 OCO	FY 2023 Total	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
TT-07: AERONAUTICS AND SPACE TECHNOLOGY	-	51.129	44.507	33.300	-	33.300	30.100	30.500	19.250	8.000	-	-

### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

Aeronautics and Space Technology efforts will address high payoff opportunities that dramatically reduce costs associated with advanced aeronautical and space systems and/or provide revolutionary new system capabilities for satisfying current and projected military mission requirements. This includes advanced technology studies of revolutionary propulsion, vehicle, and launch concepts, sophisticated fabrication methods, and examination of novel materials and enabling technologies for aeronautics and space system applications. Studies that also fundamentally change the calculus of battle including consideration of a mix of assets, platforms that are potentially disposable or with limited lifespans, and autonomous integration of space and air platforms in the tactical battlespace are included as well.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
Title: Advanced Aeronautics and Space Technologies*	3.000	3.500	9.500
Description: *Formerly Advanced Aeronautics Technologies			
The Advanced Aeronautics and Space Technologies program examines and evaluates aeronautical and space technologies and concepts through applied research. These may include feasibility studies of novel or emergent materials, sensors and tactics for air and space platforms, launch vehicles, satellites, as well as manufacturing and implementation approaches. The areas of interest range from propulsion and power, guidance and control, concepts to enable novel air platforms, to innovative technologies and platform concepts to enable new missions and resilient operations for space systems, from low earth orbit to cislunar space. Aeronautics interest areas include hybrid electric/combustion propulsion concepts, small-scale air mobility solutions, and networking of both piloted and unpiloted air vehicles. Space interest areas include advanced or novel power and propulsion systems, novel sensors, advanced lightweight structures, advanced miniature radio frequency (RF) technology, navigation technologies, avionics, structures, and advanced communications. These studies may lead to the development of ne programs, components or subsystems to enhance future aerospace platforms, or improvement of existing systems.	w		
<ul> <li>FY 2022 Plans:</li> <li>Continue conceptual design studies and demonstrate emerging technologies.</li> <li>Perform modeling and simulation that support future concepts and novel architectures.</li> <li>Identify and demonstrate feasible technologies for air platform defense.</li> <li>Examine concepts for advanced space technologies and perform laboratory demonstrations.</li> </ul>			
FY 2023 Plans: - Refine conceptual design studies and test emerging technologies.			

PE 0602702E: TACTICAL TECHNOLOGY
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 13 of 24

R-1 Line #22

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced F	Research Projects Agency	Da	te: Ap	ril 2022		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602702E / TACTICAL TECHNOLOGY	Project (Num TT-07 / AERO TECHNOLOG	NAUT	r/Name) AUTICS AND SPACE		
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 20	21	FY 2022	FY 2023	
<ul> <li>Extend and develop modeling and simulation that support future concepts</li> <li>Integrate feasible and practical technologies into systems level demonstra</li> </ul>						
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects expansion of research into technologies and orbit to cislunar space.	concepts for space systems ranging from low ea	rth				
Title: Oversight			-	-	23.80	
<b>Description:</b> Oversight will develop and demonstrate a suite of autonomy to a service for tactical operations in contested environments. Existing and em Low Earth Orbit (p-LEO) satellite constellations and payloads will be leverage edge capabilities in support of tactical, efficient, integrated missions at scale enable advanced collaboration among constellations of satellites for target of targets is far greater than the number of satellites and sensors over the op with a demonstration using existing on-orbit p-LEO assets combined with liversessing the satellites and sensors over the open statellites.	erging space systems will be evaluated. Prolifer ed due to their high-bandwidth, processing-on-th . Oversight will develop autonomous technology ustody in contested environments where the nur perating area. The Oversight program will culmin	rated ne- to nbers				
<ul> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>Perform systems engineering for a conceptual design.</li> <li>Conduct analysis necessary to derive system requirements for track custo</li> <li>Conduct assessment of government-owned applications and services that</li> <li>Establish a government-owned modeling and simulation framework for evaluation processes.</li> <li>Develop a software development kit and interface documents for incorporation framework.</li> <li>Conduct trade studies and develop necessary algorithms for software app</li> </ul>	could be leveraged for system development. aluating performer algorithms. ating software into the modeling and simulation	pport.				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement:						
The FY 2023 increase reflects program initiation.						
Title: Control of Revolutionary Aircraft with Novel Effectors (CRANE)		23.	614	28.507	-	
<b>Description:</b> The Control of Revolutionary Aircraft with Novel Effectors (CR. improvements in aircraft controls technology. The program will design, build at altitude relying on state-of-the-art Active Flow Control (AFC) technology. technology approaches; it includes a number of control mechanisms which a of fluid via an orifice on a lifting body. An emphasis of the program is assess experimentation, integrated testing, fabrication and demonstration of a relevant	l, and flight test an aircraft able to fly and maneur AFC is a broad term that encompasses a range alter the aerodynamic flow field thru ejection or so sing AFC component technologies, risk reduction	of uction and				

PE 0602702E: TACTICAL TECHNOLOGY
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 14 of 24

R-1 Line #22

	UNCLASSIFIED					
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency  Date: April 2022						
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2				PACE		
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023		
design tools and models developed and demonstrated under th civilian aerospace sector for application to future air systems de 0603286E, Project AIR-01.						
FY 2022 Plans:  - Complete development of conceptual design tools for AFC en  - Complete analysis and test activities resulting in preliminary of  - Initiate detailed design, flight software and control law develop	lesign review.					
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects the program shift to PE 0603286 and fabrication of the demonstration aircraft.	6E, Project AIR-01 as the programs enters into final detailed o	design				
Title: Gremlins		11.515	12.500			
<b>Description:</b> The Gremlins program is developing platform tech Gremlins concept envisions small air-launched unmanned syste existing air platforms, fly into contested airspace, conduct a more enabling technologies for the concept include smaller development platforms. The Gremlins program will conduct risk reduction an and develop and demonstrate a recoverable Unmanned Air Verwill include precision relative navigation, advanced computation systems, and highspeed digital flight control. The program will conduct incremental development, and ultimately demonstrate the platform capable of conducting distributed air operations.	ems that can be responsively dispatched in volley quantity fro derate duration mission, and be ultimately air recovered. Key sental payloads that benefit from multiple collaborating host d development of the host platform launch and recovery capacicle (UAV) platform concept. Enabling platform technologies all modeling, small form factor payloads, compact propulsion leverage these technologies, perform analytic trade studies,	m ability				
FY 2022 Plans:  - Conduct flight test demonstrating full recovery capability of a conduct flight analysis and reporting of airborne launch and reperform design work for Intelligence Surveillance and Reconresign autonomy architecture integration into Gremlins system.  - Conduct preliminary flight test demonstrating autonomy capal	ecovery. naissance (ISR) payload integration. n.					
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects program completion.						
Title: OFFensive Swarm-Enabled Tactics (OFFSET)		8.000	-			

PE 0602702E: TACTICAL TECHNOLOGY
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 15 of 24

R-1 Line #22

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency		Date: April 2022					
0400 / 2 PE 0602702E / TACTICAL TECHNOLOGY			Project (Number/Name)				
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023			
<b>Description:</b> The OFFensive Swarm-Enabled Tactics (OFFSET) system architecture to advance the innovation, interaction, and in enabling technologies for collaborative autonomy for large teams air capabilities through the use of both virtual, game-based and p development of advanced swarm tactics-centered autonomy and These combined enhancements facilitated insights and enabled eneeds and defeat future threats. The program considered technologies of the program of tactical swautonomous system technologies.	ntegration of novel swarm tactics. The program examined of unmanned systems, including unmanned ground and physical, live-fly testbeds. Key research thrusts included the development of human-swarm teaming interface technologiem ployment of these collective systems to address current plogies supporting U.S. ground and air operations, extensib	e gies. le to					
Title: CounterSwarmAl		5.000	-	-			
<b>Description:</b> The objective of the CounterSwarmAl program was systems threats of the future. These adversary systems will likely learning techniques which will inevitably lead to increased comple CounterSwarmAl envisioned the development of disruptive techn empowered, to directly combat these challenges. CounterSwarm legacy defensive systems (kinetic and non-kinetic) to rapidly assessystems threats. Innovative solutions would enable (a) autonomous	y employ advanced artificial intelligence (AI) and machine exity and unpredictability of these advanced threats. sologies across the engagement kill chain, themselves AI-nAI decision software would directly interface with future an ess, optimally exploit, and efficiently defeat enemy autonomess.	d nous					

exploitation through machine learning, (b) an integrated Al-equipped open architecture for multi-faceted swarm defense, and (c)

integration and experimentation with live surrogate swarm threats against current fielded defensive systems.

# C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

N/A

Remarks

### D. Acquisition Strategy

N/A

PE 0602702E: TACTICAL TECHNOLOGY
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 16 of 24

R-1 Line #22

51.129

44.507

**Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals** 

Volume 1 - 110

33.300

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency						Date: April	2022					
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2				•	Project (Number/Name)  TT-13 I INFORMATION ANALYTICS TECHNOLOGY							
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023 Base	FY 2023 OCO	FY 2023 Total	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
TT-13: INFORMATION ANALYTICS TECHNOLOGY	-	85.350	97.889	97.502	-	97.502	138.741	178.260	171.800	174.800	-	-

### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

The Information Analytics Technology project develops technology for analyzing data and information arising from: 1) intelligence networks; 2) open sources, social and broadcast media, and other external sources; 3) sensors and signal/image processors; and 4) collection platforms and weapon systems. Technical challenges include processing huge volumes of diverse, incomplete, and uncertain data in tactically-relevant timeframes, and countering the information operations of sophisticated adversaries who seek to deceive, degrade, deny, and disrupt the U.S. information enterprise. Benefits sought include a deeper understanding of the evolving operational environment tailored to the needs of commanders at every echelon; an enhanced capability to plan, monitor, and control diverse military operations ranging from stabilization and information operations to combat engagements; and increased efficiency of core military functions such as national and homeland security, warfighter health and readiness, and defense support of law enforcement and civil authorities.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	
Title: Semantic Forensics (SemaFor)	19.700	21.921	29.839	
<b>Description:</b> The Semantic Forensics (SemaFor) program is developing technologies to defend against the falsification of multimedia and disinformation campaigns. Statistical detection techniques have been successful, but media generation and manipulation technologies applicable to imagery, voice, video, text, and other modalities are advancing rapidly. Purely statistical detection methods are now insufficient to detect these manipulations, especially when multiple modalities are involved. Existing media generation and manipulation algorithms are data driven and are prone to making semantic errors that provide defenders an opportunity for asymmetric advantage. SemaFor is developing semantic and statistical analysis algorithms that determine if media is generated or manipulated, attribution algorithms that infer if media originates from a particular organization or individual, and characterization algorithms that reason about whether media was falsified (generated or manipulated) for malicious purposes SemaFor aims to create technologies to identify, deter, and understand adversary media falsification.				
<ul> <li>FY 2022 Plans:</li> <li>Implement algorithmic approaches for analyzing and reasoning about inconsistencies across multiple media instances, detecting falsification, and explaining the reasoning for detections.</li> <li>Develop machine learning and other artificial intelligence techniques to attribute falsified media to particular adversarial elements and to characterize the intent of falsified media as benign or malicious.</li> <li>Extend evaluations to social media and news feeds requiring multimodal reasoning and incorporate datasets informed by DoD and IC transition partners into challenge problems and evaluations.</li> </ul>				

PE 0602702E: TACTICAL TECHNOLOGY
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 17 of 24

R-1 Line #22

	UNCLASSIFIED					
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advance	d Research Projects Agency	Date	April 2022			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2		roject (Number/Name) T-13 / INFORMATION ANALYTICS ECHNOLOGY				
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023		
- Collaborate with DoD and IC partners to assess adversarial threat scen	arios and to identify areas for additional research e	ffort.				
<ul> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>Implement more advanced forms of machine learning and artificial intell characterization techniques for emerging complex adversarial falsified media feeds.</li> <li>Refine application programming interfaces to include multiple sources, system enhancements based on input from DoD and IC transition partner.</li> <li>Begin development of software prototype to address adversarial threat intent of falsified media.</li> </ul>	edia. nical documents, media collections, and diverse so and provide multimodal (image, video, audio or text s and other stakeholders.	cial )				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase is due to ramping up of development of semantic to potentially falsified multimedia, and expansion of prototyping and evaluation	,					
Title: Influence Campaign Awareness and Sensemaking (INCAS)		6.00	0 13.500	23.00		
<b>Description:</b> The Influence Campaign Awareness and Sensemaking (INC tools, and platforms for the DoD to detect and understand geopolitical influcreasingly, competitors and adversaries are using influence operations influence campaigns can be overt in the form of anti-U.S. messaging, or that seek to advance agendas harmful to U.S. interests. The U.S. Govern understand competitor and adversary messaging campaigns and narrative whom they are intended. To accomplish this, the program will develop an network analysis, psychographics, and behavioral science-based technologram modeling framework and sensemaking platform. INCAS aims to analysts to better understand how information is being used by competito time and at scale the effects of influence campaigns across time and over	uence campaigns in a rigorous, quantitative manner to project soft power. Competitor and adversary hey can be disguised in the form of complex narrationent and DoD need the capability to rapidly detect ses within the context of the populations and groups dispersionalize natural language processing, social ogies, and integrate these into a unified influence of produce a suite of automated digital tools to enabors and adversaries, and to quantitatively assess in	r. ves and for il				
FY 2022 Plans:  - Develop tools for extraction of influence indicators and demographic an and other media messaging at scale.  - Develop tools for dynamically segmenting target population based on reemotion.  - Develop testbed infrastructure and data provisioning ingest pipeline con	esponse, incorporating parameters such as volume					

PE 0602702E: TACTICAL TECHNOLOGY
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 18 of 24

R-1 Line #22

UNCLASSIFIED					
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advan-	ced Research Projects Agency	Date: A	pril 2022		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	Project (Number/Name) IT-13 / INFORMATION ANALYTICS IECHNOLOGY				
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	
<ul> <li>Develop user interfaces for campaign modeling and conduct usability experts.</li> </ul>	assessment in collaboration with military subject matte	-			
<ul> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>Extend tools for extraction of additional influence indicators and demofrom social and other media messaging at scale.</li> <li>Formulate analytic techniques to identify adversary information opera countermeasures and response strategies, and detect extremist radical.</li> <li>Develop tools that correlate influence indicators in messaging with popular points.</li> <li>Implement techniques in the testbed infrastructure and deploy technological stakeholders.</li> </ul>	ations playbooks, quantify the effectiveness of lization and other threats from online data. opulation attributes to explain and anticipate responses, an models.	and			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects continuation of work to develop and impresensemaking platform and initiation of efforts to evaluate the technolog					
Title: Adapting Cross-domain Kill-Webs (ACK)		14.400	11.700	8.000	
<b>Description:</b> The Adapting Cross-domain Kill-Webs (ACK) program is and selecting options for tasking and re-tasking assets within and acrosdeveloped in the Resilient Synchronized Planning and Assessment for budgeted in PE 0603766E, Project NET-01), ACK will assist users with military domains (space, air, land, surface, subsurface, and cyber) to fo targets. Today's Command and Control (C2) organizations and proces especially during joint operations. ACK will address this challenge by to tasks and assigning mission orders to assets, motivated by ideas demanagement, such as bid requests and offers. The impact of ACK will decision timelines to be on the order of minutes, and the output of ACK the selection of the elements of a kill-chain and assignment of roles and developed under this program will be transitioned to the Services.	ss organizational boundaries. Based on technologies the Contest Environment (RSPACE) program (previous selecting sensors, effectors, and support elements acrorm and adapt kill chains to deliver desired effects on sees cannot support multi-domain warfighting concepts, utilizing a decentralized approach to allocating resource veloped in online commerce, sourcing, and supply chain be to accelerate asset re-allocation and assignment will be automated tools and decision aids to support	y sss			
FY 2022 Plans:  - Execute evaluation scenario to exercise algorithm cross-domain reas  - Evaluate cross-domain solution recommendations and user interface					
FY 2023 Plans:					

PE 0602702E: TACTICAL TECHNOLOGY
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 19 of 24

R-1 Line #22

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Adv	ranced Research Projects Agency	Date: A	pril 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602702E / TACTICAL TECHNOLOGY	Project (Number/I TT-13 / INFORMAT TECHNOLOGY	rics	
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2022	FY 2023
- Conduct evaluation capstone event.				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects a shift from dynamic evaluation in test	stbed to final capstone demonstration with Services.			
Title: Data-Driven Discovery of Models (D3M)		10.650	7.200	5.063
<b>Description:</b> The Data-Driven Discovery of Models (D3M) program and tools that enable non-expert users to create empirical models of to understand the battlespace is driven increasingly by expert analyst communities are fundamentally limited by a shortage of domain-focut empirical models that predict behaviors and anticipate contingencies need by creating technologies that automate the construction of comof data modeling primitives that are automatically selectable, automated modeling primitives, and intuitive mechanisms for human-model interfocused on the types of empirical modeling problems commonly encountered to the state of the	f real, complex processes and phenomena. The ability sis of sensor and open source data. The DoD and IC used subject matter expert data scientists to construct a during tactical and strategic planning. D3M is addressing a subject models. D3M technologies include a librated approaches for composition of complex models from raction that enable curation of models by non-experts. D	ry n		
FY 2022 Plans: - Enhance automated machine learning tools for domain experts, ar of critical domains, such as supply chain risk modeling Refine software modeling tools and systems in response to inputs		upport		
FY 2023 Plans: - Harden and transition software tools to DoD partners.				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease is the result of development work ramping dotransition.	own and the focus shifting to hardening of modeling tools	for		
Title: Computational Cultural Understanding (CCU)*		-	12.000	21.100
Description: *Formerly Culturally-aware IO Defense (CLAID)				
The Computational Cultural Understanding (CCU) program is creating improve a DoD operator's situational awareness and interactional efficiency will recognize, adapt to, and recommend how to operate within the esocieties, languages, and group affinities. To support diverse and enguire minimal-to-no training data in a local culture, while maximizing	fectiveness. CCU natural language processing technologe emotional, social, and cultural norms that differ across mergent use cases, CCU technologies will be engineered	ies to		

PE 0602702E: TACTICAL TECHNOLOGY
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 20 of 24

	UNCLASSIFIED				
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency  Date: April 2022					
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	Activity  R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602702E / TACTICAL TECHNOLOGY TT-13 / TECHN			TICS	
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	
in the field. CCU will create new component technologies for the discover recognition, and communicative change detection. The program will incorplatform to assist military users with cross-cultural dialogue.		/ре			
FY 2022 Plans:  Initiate development of novel techniques for sociocultural analysis, incompanies in communication, and of multimodal datasets demonstrating subshaviors.  Initiate development of component technologies for automated dialogic detection of sociocultural context, identification of the need for assistance. Develop techniques to enable self-directed learning of concepts of incomponent technologies.  Formulate a modeling capability for group affinities present in a local procharacterization of targeted mis/disinformation attacks and adversary in	sociocultural norms, emotions, and shifts in these ue assistance during cross-cultural interaction, includce, and dialogue remediation, for a culture-language pereasing complexity, and capabilities for human-mach copulation that enables rapid detection and	ing pair.			
<ul> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>Develop means to analyze interactions between sociocultural norms a second culture-language pair.</li> <li>Evaluate technologies for sociocultural analysis and cross-cultural dia such as discovery of local perspectives on an issue, gathering of logistic</li> <li>Develop means to understand indefinite or relative concepts such as framework to automated systems.</li> <li>Develop an initial integration testbed and evaluate cross-cultural language technologies.</li> </ul>	llogue assistance within negotiation scenarios of intercal information, or requesting access to resources. distance, size, or weight, and integrate concept acqui	rest,			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects ramping up of development and impleme understanding and situational awareness.	entation of technologies for cross-cultural language				
Title: Resilient Supply-and-Demand Networks (RSDN)		-	-	10.50	
<b>Description:</b> Resilient Supply-and-Demand Networks (RSDN) seeks to detect systemic vulnerabilities and improve resilience in supply and demonstration into confidential silos obscures a system-wide view, in and demand networks. RSDN will develop techniques for modeling both detailed level of individual procurement agreements. Network analytics are	nand networks. At present, the federation of supply- hibiting comprehensive risk-focused analysis of supp in the broad level of the supply-chain network and the	oly			

PE 0602702E: TACTICAL TECHNOLOGY
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 21 of 24

R-1 Line #22

	UNCLASSIFIED				
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Adva	anced Research Projects Agency	Date	: April 2022		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	TT-13 / INFORM	Project (Number/Name) TT-13 I INFORMATION ANALYTICS TECHNOLOGY			
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	
fragilities and enable deep situational awareness of systemic vulneral interdependencies can lead to fragility in supply chains. To address that enables repeatable scenario analysis of strategic vulnerabilities in discovery of patterns of risk, and evaluation of alternative risk mitigation.	nis problem, a stress-testing framework will be develope n supply and demand networks, automated analysis and	ed			
<ul> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>Develop semantically rich representations of contractual relationship as graphs.</li> <li>Develop an initial library of vulnerability analytics and visualizations demand networks.</li> <li>Begin development of a stress-testing framework to illuminate the pbased on realistic scenarios.</li> </ul>	to expose and understand strategic risks in supply and				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects program initiation.					
Title: Modeling Adversarial Activity (MAA)		10.7	6.100		
<b>Description:</b> The Modeling Adversarial Activity (MAA) program is devindications and warnings for weapons of mass terror (WMT) activities individuals, groups, organizations, and other entities that act to promo transportation, or proliferation of WMTs and related capabilities. Moni access to WMT technology, knowledge, materials, expertise, and weaprototypical WMT pathways, develop methods for creating merged acmodalities, develop algorithms to match large-scale empirical activity sets at scale to support development and testing of WMT activity detection of the process of the support development and testing of the scale to scale to support development and testing of the scale to scale	to the controlling with graphs by aligning entities are sensible to the development, procurement, possession to the controlling was pathways is essential to deleapons. MAA will create template graph models reflecting trivity graphs by aligning entities across multiple intelligence graphs with pathway models, and create synthetic data	nying Bence			
FY 2022 Plans: - Harden graph analysis techniques and transition software capabilities	es to operational partners.				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects program completion.					
Title: Causal Exploration of Complex Operational Environments		13.4	5.468		
<b>Description:</b> The Causal Exploration of Complex Operational Enviror simulation, and visualization tools to enable command staffs to rapidly		lysis,			

PE 0602702E: TACTICAL TECHNOLOGY
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 22 of 24

R-1 Line #22

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Res	earch Projects Agency			Date: A	pril 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	R-1 Program Element (Number/l	Program Element (Number/Name) 602702E / TACTICAL TECHNOLOGY TT-13 / INFORMATION ANALY TECHNOLOGY				TICS
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)				FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
complex operational environments. The U.S. military increasingly operates in remission success depends heavily on cooperation with a wide variety of stakehomatters. These groups typically include host nation government organizations, organizations, each of which has priorities, sensitivities, and concerns that may planning technologies do not adequately model the range of options or the inhetools to create causal, computational models that represent the most significant uncertainties of the operational environment including political, military, economic command staffs to design and quantitatively assess potential courses of action	older groups on civil, economic, and local civilian groups, and non-gover differ significantly. Current mission erent uncertainties. This program is t relationships, dynamics, interactionic, and social factors. These tools	I military rnmental I design an developing ns, and will enable	9			
FY 2022 Plans: - Harden the system and transition to operational users.						
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects program completion.						
Title: Warfighter Analytics using Smartphones for Health (WASH)				10.471	5.000	_
<b>Description:</b> The Warfighter Analytics using Smartphones for Health (WASH) continuous and real-time assessment of warfighter activities based on the multi smartphones. Smartphone sensors provide a rich source of information that ca environment and also provide a proximity detection capability. WASH will creat addresses strong privacy considerations.	ple sensor data streams generated n be used to identify a user's activit	by moderi	n			
FY 2022 Plans: - Evaluate algorithms to associate a user's activity and environment and label	those activities accordingly.					
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects program completion.						
	Accomplishments/Planned Prog	rams Sub	totals	85.350	82.889	97.50
		FY 2021	FY 20	22		
Congressional Add: Al Cyber Data Analytics (Data) - Congressional Add		-	15.	000		
<b>FY 2022 Plans:</b> - Develop neurosymbolic autonomy solutions focused on reinformanser learning capabilities with improved performance and trustworthiness.	prcement learning, planning, and					
	Congressional Adds Subtotals	-	15.	000		

PE 0602702E: TACTICAL TECHNOLOGY
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 23 of 24

R-1 Line #22

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 D	Date: April 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602702E / TACTICAL TECHNOLOGY	Project (Number/Name) TT-13 I INFORMATION ANALYTICS TECHNOLOGY
C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)	,	
N/A		
Remarks		
D. Acquisition Strategy		
N/A		

PE 0602702E: TACTICAL TECHNOLOGY
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 24 of 24

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)

0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 2:

Applied Research

PE 0602715E I MATERIALS AND BIOLOGICAL TECHNOLOGY

11												
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023 Base	FY 2023 OCO	FY 2023 Total	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
Total Program Element	-	238.215	308.024	352.976	-	352.976	339.904	342.618	341.522	357.240	-	-
MBT-01: MATERIALS PROCESSING TECHNOLOGY	-	94.338	133.326	157.652	-	157.652	165.957	166.999	177.075	176.175	-	-
MBT-02: BIOLOGICALLY BASED MATERIALS AND DEVICES	-	143.877	174.698	195.324	-	195.324	173.947	175.619	164.447	181.065	-	-

### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

Appropriation/Budget Activity

The Materials and Biological Technology Program Element is budgeted in the Applied Research Budget Activity because its objective is to develop materials and biological technologies that make possible a wide range of new military capabilities. This Program Element also supports innovation and robust transition planning in the technology cycle by working with entrepreneurs to increase the likelihood that DARPA funded technologies take root in the U.S. and provide new capabilities for national defense.

The major goal of the Materials Processing Technology project is to develop novel materials, fabrication and processing techniques, models, devices and components that will lower the cost, increase the performance, and/or enable new missions for military platforms and systems. Included in this project are efforts across a wide range of technology areas including manufacturing, electronics, sensors, optics, and complex and autonomous systems.

The Biologically Based Materials and Devices project will leverage the growing application space of the biological sciences for the development of new DoD capabilities in materials development, threat detection, and warfighter performance. Contained in this project are thrusts that apply biology's unique synthesis capabilities to source DoD-relevant materials and overcome current limitations in accessing, scaling, and distributing critical microbes and resources to achieve overmatch. Programs in this project enable in situ and stand-off detection and mitigation of biological, chemical, traditional, and emerging threats against the warfighter, the food supply, DoD infrastructure, and other targets. This Project also includes efforts to develop novel biological technologies for maintaining the performance of warfighters and warfighting platforms in increasingly challenging environments. This Project supports innovation and robust transition planning in the technology cycle by working with entrepreneurs to increase the likelihood that DARPA-funded technologies take root in the U.S. and provide new capabilities for national defense.

PE 0602715E: MATERIALS AND BIOLOGICAL TECHNOLOGY Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED Page 1 of 20

Volume 1 - 119 R-1 Line #23

Date: April 2022

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

Date: April 2022

**Appropriation/Budget Activity** 

0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 2:

Applied Research

R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)

PE 0602715E I MATERIALS AND BIOLOGICAL TECHNOLOGY

B. Program Change Summary (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023 Base	FY 2023 OCO	FY 2023 Total
Previous President's Budget	245.107	317.024	0.000	-	0.000
Current President's Budget	238.215	308.024	352.976	-	352.976
Total Adjustments	-6.892	-9.000	352.976	-	352.976
<ul> <li>Congressional General Reductions</li> </ul>	0.000	-9.000			
<ul> <li>Congressional Directed Reductions</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
<ul> <li>Congressional Rescissions</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
Congressional Adds	0.000	0.000			
<ul> <li>Congressional Directed Transfers</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
Reprogrammings	1.000	0.000			
SBIR/STTR Transfer	-7.892	0.000			
Adjustments to Budget Year	-	-	352.976	-	352.976

### **Change Summary Explanation**

FY 2021: Decrease reflects SBIR/STTR transfer offset by reprogrammings.

FY 2022: Decrease reflects a reduction for Unjustified Increase.

FY 2023: FY 2023 funding increase reflects the fact that the FY 2022 President's Budget request did not include out-year funding.

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency					Date: April 2022							
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602715E I MATERIALS AND BIOLOG ICAL TECHNOLOGY Project (Number/Name) MBT-01 I MATERIALS PROCE				,	ING						
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023 Base	FY 2023 OCO	FY 2023 Total	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
MBT-01: MATERIALS PROCESSING TECHNOLOGY	-	94.338	133.326	157.652	-	157.652	165.957	166.999	177.075	176.175	-	-

### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)

The major goal of the Materials Processing Technology project is to develop novel materials, fabrication and processing techniques, models, devices and components that will lower the cost, increase the performance, and/or enable new missions for military platforms and systems. Included in this project are efforts across a wide range of technology areas including manufacturing, electronics, sensors, optics, and complex and autonomous systems.

B. Accomplishments/Flamed Flograms (\$ in willions)	F 1 202 I	F 1 2022	F 1 2023
Title: Materials for Extreme Environments	36.14	55.094	57.144
Description: The Materials for Extreme Environments thrust is exploring new materials, innovative architectures, and development processes that will significantly enhance the performance and persistence of DoD platforms operating in extrem harsh environments. Materials with superior strength, functionality, and resiliency are critical for enabling DoD platforms, we and other components to operate and persist under conditions including, but not limited to, extremely high or low temperature turbulence, ionizing radiation, and/or corrosive environments. Recent developments in materials such as high entropy alloys and infiltrated carbon fiber composites hold promise for achieving material solutions for improved survivability in a wide range harsh environment conditions. Similarly, advancements in material design, processing and manufacturing are enabling nove material architectures that can further enhance performance and resilience in structures such as leading edges, windows and apertures, propulsion systems, and space structures. Exemplar areas of research within the Materials for Extreme Environm thrust include the following: 1) high temperature materials for hypersonic platforms; 2) high temperature window and aperture materials; 3) radiation and/or electromagnetic pulse (EMP) hardened electronics for space platforms; and 4) coatings for plat survivability in corrosive environments.	apons es, e of el d nents		
<ul> <li>FY 2022 Plans:</li> <li>Validate component level models for scaled cooled leading edge structures under high aerothermal conditions.</li> <li>Manufacture scaled architected leading edge structures with integrated cooling and demonstrate under flight relevant transland sustained aerothermal conditions; high gravity maneuvers; and mechanical loading.</li> <li>Commission novel laboratory-scale electron transpiration cooling measurement tool.</li> <li>Develop new test capabilities for testing infrared and radio frequency performance under high temperature oxidative conditions.</li> <li>Model novel sensing capabilities suitable for hypersonic platforms under high temperature conditions.</li> <li>Identify new designs and stabilization techniques for ultra-low mass density structures suitable for on-orbit applications successolar arrays, antennas and optical surfaces.</li> <li>Identify new on-orbit capabilities and missions enabled by larger stable structures.</li> </ul>	ions.		

FY 2021 FY 2022 FY 2023

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense	Date: April 2022				
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	Project (Number/Name) MBT-01 / MATERIALS PROCESSING TECHNOLOGY				
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	
<ul> <li>Perform laboratory demonstration of critical materials manufactures</li> <li>Develop system-level models that couple vehicle geometry, menhancements.</li> </ul>					
FY 2023 Plans:					
<ul> <li>Conduct integration studies for scaled cooled leading edge co</li> <li>Validate manufacturing models for scaled architected leading conditions.</li> </ul>		ıx			
<ul> <li>Demonstrate enhanced heat flux performance from increased</li> <li>Demonstrate initial proof of concept of novel sensing capabilit conditions with selected materials.</li> </ul>					
- Develop and validate manufacturing models for scaled infrare oxidative conditions to support transition.	d and radio frequency materials suitable for high heat flux				
- Develop and validate new test capabilities for testing infrared oxidative conditions.	and radio frequency performance under high temperature				
<ul> <li>Develop system-level models that project improved seeking c</li> <li>Develop and populate government use software repository an system performance.</li> </ul>		t			
<ul> <li>Determine achievable properties of materials manufactured uses</li> <li>Validate material build rate for manufacturing processes base</li> <li>Demonstrate exemplar components for solar array structures</li> </ul>	d on lunar sourced materials.				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase is due to minor program repricing.					
Title: Functional Materials and Devices		20.500	44.204	66.41	
<b>Description:</b> The Functional Materials and Devices thrust is dedevice performance for DoD sensing, imaging and communication of advanced transductional materials that convert one form of exthermoelectrics. While promising transduction materials are known been realized. Another focus area is the development of physic by high peak power electromagnetic interference. A third focus device designs that will radically decrease the size, weight and for high-resolution neutron, gamma and x-ray imaging. Such devaluation of parts, detection of explosives and other DoD-relev	on applications. One focus of this thrust involves development nergy to another for DoD-relevant applications in areas such as own for a variety of applications, integration into devices has not as-based models that predict material behavior when illuminated area involves development of new multi-functional materials are power requirements of electron, neutron, and gamma sources evices should enable fieldable detection units for non-destructive	t i nd			

PE 0602715E: MATERIALS AND BIOLOGICAL TECHNOLOGY Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED Page 4 of 20

R-1 Line #23

Exhibit it 27t, its rule i rojout ductinoution i is 2020 Bololloo i	Advanced Research Projects Agency	I	Date: A	pril 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602715E I MATERIALS AND BIOLOG ICAL TECHNOLOGY	Project (Number/Name)  MBT-01 I MATERIALS PROC TECHNOLOGY			SSING
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2	2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
FY 2022 Plans:  - Complete initial prototype for compact gamma ray sources that  - Conduct initial demonstrations of prototypes for compact gamm performance goals for intensity and bandwidth.  - Design novel techniques to extract three-dimensional informatic  - Perform spectral analysis of passive thermal emissions to math  - Perform co-optimization of planar optics and materials for trans with a wide field-of-view.  - Initiate research studies exploring passive and active obscuran  - Complete the defining of system requirements for a compact ru	na ray sources that are capable of meeting base phase on from infrared data. The mematically determine object structures. It duction to identify paths towards low torque night vision systematically determine object structures.	stems			
FY 2023 Plans:  - Use optimized designs of planar optics and planar image intens - Complete testing of compact, ruggedized, electron accelerator system goals.  - Finalize system design for a compact and ruggedized electron - Finalize components and begin system integration of a compact source prototype.  - Finalize system demonstration that illustrates the unique capabitunable gamma ray source.  - Define system requirements for compact and directional particle Create adaptive algorithms to predict parameters of sensors for Demonstrate stationary three-dimensional vision and mobile thimph.  - Design architecture for beyond state of the art non-volatile mentions.  - Establish concept of operations for compute in memory using to Simulate asymmetric capabilities of novel obscurants with opticities battlefield.	components and validate performance consistent with over accelerator system based on demonstrated components. et, high-intensity, narrow-bandwidth, and tunable gamma radilities of a compact, high-intensity, narrow-bandwidth, and e sources. It high-speed driving. Tree-dimensional vision techniques for driving at speeds up the proof of the pro	to 25			

PE 0602715E: MATERIALS AND BIOLOGICAL TECHNOLOGY Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED Page 5 of 20

R-1 Line #23

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense	Advanced Research Projects Agency	Dat	e: April 2022		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602715E I MATERIALS AND BIOLOG ICAL TECHNOLOGY	Project (Number/Name) MBT-01 / MATERIALS PROCESSING TECHNOLOGY			
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 202	1 FY 2022	FY 2023	
The FY 2023 increase is due to the transition from integrated sys	stem design to demonstration.				
Title: Chemical Processing for Force Protection		17.	17.028	17.09	
<b>Description:</b> Research in the Chemical Processing for Force Property approaches and technologies across a broad spectrum of DoD in for scalable small molecule synthesis coupled with predictive too how to make new molecules such as pharmaceuticals and explosive develop safe, reproducible experimental approaches for systems in this thrust will advance chemical characterization, information	needs. One area involves development of innovative approauls for route design, possibly offering a new strategy to discosives. Another focus leverages advances in automation to atic development of energetic materials. In addition, investment	ches ver			
FY 2022 Plans:  - Demonstrate semi-automated, reproducible experimental system over 10 grams per formulation with on-board sensitivity tests.  - Extend semi-automated experimental systems to handle mater more than six propellant ingredients at scales over 25 grams per - Demonstrate accurate and safe determination of explosive and	rials for propellant development, with automated integration formulation.				
<ul> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>Initiate plans for integrating the semi-automated energetics for small-scale tests.</li> <li>Assess current energetics performance requirements with respenergetics discovery and system validation targets.</li> <li>Initiate propellant and explosive demonstrations on an integrate</li> </ul>	pect to formulation platform capabilities to determine initial	le			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase is due to minor program repricing.					
Title: Reconfigurable Systems		3.	000.8 000	17.00	
<b>Description:</b> In the Reconfigurable Systems thrust, new approact adaptation of defense systems and systems-of-systems to change includes development of capabilities across sensing, perception, in cluttered environments without Global Positioning System (GP to manipulate and control adversary sensory perception and/or s on how sensing systems and military systems-of-systems are designals and contingencies. Research is developing a more unified	ging mission requirements and unpredictable environments. planning and control for autonomous, high-speed operation (S) information. This also includes development of capabilitituational awareness. Additional work in this thrust focuses signed for real-time resilient response to dynamic, unexpect	es			

PE 0602715E: MATERIALS AND BIOLOGICAL TECHNOLOGY Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED Page 6 of 20

R-1 Line #23

	UNCLASSII ILD				
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defer	nse Advanced Research Projects Agency	Date: /	April 2022		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	Project (Number/Name)  MBT-01 I MATERIALS PROCESSING TECHNOLOGY				
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	
	uding development of formal mathematical approaches to comp will impact autonomous systems and systems-of-systems, inclu exts.				
<ul><li>FY 2022 Plans:</li><li>Initiate development of high-performance portable optical control of linitiate design for a transportable optical clock with month-linitiate design for a t</li></ul>					
FY 2023 Plans:  - Identify fundamental limits and associated disruptive break antennas, and their associated non-traditional sub-circuits.  - Continue development of high-performance portable optical.  - Continue development of transportable optical clock with meaning the properties of the properties of transportable optical clock with meaning the properties of the properties of the properties of transportable optical clock with meaning the properties of the	nonth-long nanosecond holdover.	ving			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase is due to the transition from initial com-	ponent demonstration to integrated system demonstration.				
Title: Multi-Scale Modeling		13.198	9.000		
environment conditions. Current space environment models occurring phenomena and do not fully account for coupling e may produce disturbances in another region. Approaches for include the following: (1) development of observation driven/stroupling; (2) creation of an extensible assimilation framework and (3) non-traditional space environment measurement approaches.	n order to inform operational decisions based on current space are limited to predicting long term climatic averages or regularly ffects where perturbations in one region of the space environme r addressing these limitations under the Multi-Scale Modeling th first-principles theory of magnetosphere-ionosphere-thermosphe k for unifying space environment monitoring systems and data;	rust rre			
	nt forecasting capability to predict perturbation and disturbances ry hour, within a seventy-two-hour window, and over an area				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement:					

PE 0602715E: MATERIALS AND BIOLOGICAL TECHNOLOGY Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED Page 7 of 20

R-1 Line #23

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Res	Date: April 2022		
, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602715E I MATERIALS AND BIOLOG ICAL TECHNOLOGY	, ,	

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
The FY 2023 decrease is due to program completion.			
Title: Accelerating Discovery and Innovation	4.500	-	-
<b>Description:</b> The Accelerating Discovery and Innovation thrust developed new approaches, tools and technologies to speed the pace of scientific discoveries and technological innovations from idea generation and fundamental research through integration of technologies into fieldable products and systems in production. The path from idea generation to a discovery is a lengthy, complex process involving many unpredictable steps, cycles and stages across fundamental and applied research and development. Research in this thrust focused on developing and implementing strategies to address many of the challenges and bottlenecks inherent along this path and to speed the rate at which an idea can be advanced into a concrete capability. Specific approaches included advanced multiplayer gaming technologies to catalyze development of new technology concepts, development of tools for data collection and visualization to accelerate fundamental and applied research, and strategies to understand how seemingly benign commercially available technologies may be converted or combined into threats to military operations, equipment or personnel.			
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals	94.338	133.326	157.652

C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

N/A

Remarks

D. Acquisition Strategy

N/A

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency				Date: April 2022								
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2					PE 0602715E I MATERIALS AND BIOLOG M				Project (Number/Name) MBT-02 I BIOLOGICALLY BASED MATERIALS AND DEVICES			1
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023 Base	FY 2023 OCO	FY 2023 Total	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
MBT-02: BIOLOGICALLY BASED MATERIALS AND DEVICES	-	143.877	174.698	195.324	-	195.324	173.947	175.619	164.447	181.065	-	-

### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

The Biologically Based Materials and Devices project will leverage the growing application space of the biological sciences for the development of new DoD capabilities in materials development, threat detection, and warfighter performance. Contained in this project are thrusts that apply biology's unique synthesis capabilities to source DoD-relevant materials and overcome current limitations in accessing, scaling, and distributing critical microbes and resources to achieve overmatch. Programs in this project enable in situ and stand-off detection and mitigation of biological, chemical, traditional, and emerging threats against the warfighter, the food supply, DoD infrastructure, and other targets. This Project also includes efforts to develop novel biological technologies for maintaining the performance of warfighters and warfighting platforms in increasingly challenging environments. This Project supports innovation and robust transition planning in the technology cycle by working with entrepreneurs to increase the likelihood that DARPA-funded technologies take root in the U.S. and provide new capabilities for national defense.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
Title: Persistent Terrestrial Living Sensors	15.195	17.172	15.140
<b>Description:</b> The Persistent Terrestrial Living Sensors program is developing engineered biological sensor platforms capable of detecting land-based threats (e.g., chemicals, radiation, explosives, biologics) and relaying unique signals to existing DoD ground, air, and space assets. Unlike conventional methods that monitor threats and are limited by sensor energy needs, these biological sensors are effectively energy independent, increasing the potential for wide distribution and environmental robustness. Resulting platforms will enable a variety of remote, persistent monitoring and reporting capabilities to address threat scenarios relevant for national security, including passively detecting neurotoxic chemicals and biological pathogens in outdoor environments. These sensors will provide a flexible suite to complement conventional sensor systems within the DoD.			
<ul> <li>FY 2022 Plans:</li> <li>Confirm plant sensor reporting phenotypes are detectable from stand-off post stimulus exposure.</li> <li>Perform phenotyping of plant sensors under defined, simulated biosecurity threat scenario.</li> <li>Quantify plant sensor functionality by applying trace stimuli and evaluating response for high sensor sensitivity and specificity.</li> <li>Evaluate altered plant physiological properties based on understanding of molecular mechanisms.</li> <li>Demonstrate protein production and analyze system for potential unexpected effects.</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>Optimize plant sensor to function consistently in enclosed environment simulating ecological stress conditions.</li> <li>Perform technical integration of different molecular mechanisms of protein production in mature plants for optimized phenotype.</li> </ul>			

	UNCLASSIFIED			
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense	Advanced Research Projects Agency	Date: A	pril 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2				
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
<ul> <li>Mitigate undesired effects based on system analysis and redes</li> <li>Investigate approaches to apply plant-based genetic technolog systems.</li> </ul>	•			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects completion of proof of concept testintegrated plant sensor.	sting and shift toward optimization activities to produce a fina	al		
Title: Preemptive Expression of Protective Alleles and Response	Elements (PREPARE)	16.261	14.585	9.24
<b>Description:</b> The Preemptive Expression of Protective Alleles ar transient, near immediate prophylaxis and treatment to protect m security threats. Currently, protection against Chemical, Biologic barrier technology. This program includes research to develop n intrinsic host defenses. Work within this program will provide now to re-emerging, newly emerging, or engineered threats.	ilitary personnel and civilians against public health and natio al, Radiological, and Nuclear (CBRN) threats relies on physi ovel transient and reversible gene modulator therapies to bo	cal Ister		
<ul> <li>FY 2022 Plans:</li> <li>Refine formulations to deliver programmable gene modulators threat-relevant periods of time.</li> <li>Refine specificity to targets, duration, and magnitude of program - Perform capability demonstration of programmable gene modulor radiological threat in large animal models.</li> <li>Begin collecting data for a pre-Investigational New Drug (IND)</li> </ul>	mmable gene modulator activity in vivo. lator platform to assess protection against a chemical, biolog	gical,		
FY 2023 Plans:  - Finalize formulations to deliver programmable gene modulators threat exposure durations.  - Finalize gene targets, duration, and magnitude of programmable.  - Perform capability demonstration of programmable gene modulation radiological threats in second large animal model.	to appropriate cells and tissues with high specificity for rele	vant		
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects completion of large-scale screeni	ng studies and an increased focus on specific pre-clinical stu	udies.		
Title: Persistent Aquatic Living Sensors		25.082	26.541	20.00

PE 0602715E: MATERIALS AND BIOLOGICAL TECHNOLOGY Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 10 of 20

R-1 Line #23

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defens	se Advanced Research Projects Agency	Date:	April 2022		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	Project (Number/Name) MBT-02 I BIOLOGICALLY BASED MATERIALS AND DEVICES				
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023		
(e.g., submarines, unmanned underwater vehicles) and divers This effort focuses on characterizing marine biological behavior software, and algorithms that will translate organism behavior capabilities of biology, including adaptation, response, and reproduced waters. Results from this research will enhance see	is developing novel capabilities to sense and surveil submersible in littoral waters using living organisms present in the environment in response to targets of interest and developing the hardward into DoD actionable information. By harnessing the unique polication, work in this program will enable persistent dominance curity for maritime activities and provide DoD naval operations alogies used in traditionally challenging regions across the world	nent. re, in with			
FY 2022 Plans:  - Demonstrate improvements in approaches to evoke and characteristic accuracy of biological systems at various distances.  - Refine system improvements and validate performance in the properties.  - Demonstrate the ability of second-generation prototype to define unmanned underwater vehicles in near shore or open water expressions.	in multiple environments. ne presence of noise and surface vessel traffic. netect, process, characterize and alert the presence of manned	or			
FY 2023 Plans:  - Demonstrate ability of underwater systems to achieve object targets.  - Complete transition of approaches to evoke and characterize conditions.					
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects initial completion of initial technical technical results of the statement of the	nology development efforts to conduct final demonstration activ	rities.			
Title: Expanding Human Resiliency		12.862	17.773	16.89	
human microbiome to improve physiology. This program will d (e.g., to reduce attraction and feeding of disease vectors such on metagenomics to inventory and categorize the microbes in control of microbiomes, technologies will be developed to eluc their host as well as the interactions between consortia of ada	s to maximize warfighter resiliency by leveraging the signals of levelop new technologies to control and manipulate the microbi as mosquitoes). Current state-of-the-art approaches are focus a given sample. In order to have more precise and on-demand date the complex interactions between the microorganisms and pted and evolved microorganisms. Advances in this area will be ommunities in human systems and discover ways to beneficially	ome sed l d ooth			
FY 2022 Plans:					

PE 0602715E: MATERIALS AND BIOLOGICAL TECHNOLOGY Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 11 of 20

R-1 Line #23

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense A	Advanced Research Projects Agency	Date: A	pril 2022		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2					
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023		
<ul> <li>Test integration and stability of altered microbial strains in animal investigate methods to deliver interventions to skin to alter cher</li> <li>Down select and refine targets for chemical production by micro-Validate alterations to chemical production to reduce attraction model communities.</li> <li>Refine and validate physical and computational models of micro-</li> </ul>	mical production by the microbiome. bbiomes. and feeding of mosquitoes or other disease vectors within in	vitro			
FY 2023 Plans:  - Develop human skin microbiome-based formulation that reduce  - Expand the number of distinct human skin microbiome-based mutilize these models for animal model testing.  - Conduct independent verification and validation (IV&V) testing cusing in vivo models.  - Test ability of human skin microbiome-based formulations to receptors.  - Evaluate that methods used to alter the skin microbiome are sa	nodels to enable testing of mosquito attraction and feeding, a of performance of human skin microbiome-based formulation duce attraction and feeding by additional genera of insect	nd			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects minor program repricing.					
Title: Restoring Cognitive Capability		11.178	11.423	10.86	
Description: The Restoring Cognitive Capability program is dever disorders experienced by warfighters and veterans. Active duty in neuropsychiatric dysfunction, limiting day-to-day function and retuneuropsychiatric disorders (e.g., Post Traumatic Stress Disorder   management with integrated psychiatric therapy and medication. conditions lack long-term efficacy, involve a logistical burden of the Novel drugs developed under this program will be designed to fur play a role in these neuropsychiatric conditions, with the aim of endysfunction with single or minimal doses. Additional studies in this injury (UBI) resulting from blast, ultrasound, electromagnetic wave	nilitary personnel face increased risk of acute and chronic urn to duty. Current therapeutic approaches for many [PTSD], mood disorders, and substance abuse) rely on indiv However, most interventions approved for use in these eatment and/or carry a risk of serious adverse side effects. Inctionally interact with neuronal receptor subtypes known to habling fast-acting and effective alleviation of neuropsychiatrics area seek to develop a mechanistic understanding of brain	dual			
FY 2022 Plans: - Evaluate in vitro signaling effects of novel drug-like molecules Develop and validate biosensors for assessment of drug uptake	e and distribution in vivo.				

PE 0602715E: MATERIALS AND BIOLOGICAL TECHNOLOGY Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 12 of 20

R-1 Line #23

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense A	dvanced Research Projects Agency	Date: A	pril 2022			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	PE 0602715E I MATERIALS AND BIOLOG					
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023			
<ul> <li>Test novel molecules for therapeutic actions and side effects in</li> <li>Document the initial biological events that take place after brain</li> </ul>						
FY 2023 Plans:  - Evaluate novel drugs that exhibit specific signaling effects in vitr  - Use atomic-level structures and simulations of novel drugs bour optimize novel drug-like molecules for therapeutic effects.  - Demonstrate therapeutic action of novel drugs with reduced side Expand molecule library for novel drug discovery.	nd to receptors, in combination with specific signaling effects	to				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects minor program repricing.						
Title: Food and Feedstocks on Demand	12.415	17.642	17.89			
<b>Description:</b> The Food and Feedstocks on Demand program is d strengthen local resource security for the warfighter. Currently, op of single-use materials. This program is using these burdensome other strategic applications. Research in this program will provide oils/lubricants (POLs) so that warfighters can independently produoperational flexibility in resource-limited environments.	erators in the field are burdened with transport and disposal materials as inputs and re-form the molecules for nutrition or a versatile system that delivers food, water, and petroleum/					
<ul> <li>FY 2022 Plans:</li> <li>Breakdown plastic waste material into a biodegradable, detoxifie</li> <li>Scale purification techniques to obtain desired products free from Optimize the process for product generation from increasingly components.</li> <li>Demonstrate the capability to convert waste into usable materia.</li> </ul>	m contaminants.  omplex plastic waste mixtures.					
FY 2023 Plans:  - Demonstrate breakdown techniques with realistic military waste scenario.  - Deconstruct the majority of starting waste material into a biodeg  - Evaluate purification and extraction techniques conducive to no integration of the system.  - Demonstrate scale up by converting a sufficient quantity of waste	radable and nontoxic form. vel breakdown and conversion processes for technical					
- Demonstrate scale up by converting a sufficient qualitity of was	to to a valuable product.					

PE 0602715E: MATERIALS AND BIOLOGICAL TECHNOLOGY Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 13 of 20

R-1 Line #23

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense A	dvanced Research Projects Agency	[	ate: A	pril 2022		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602715E I MATERIALS AND BIOLOG ICAL TECHNOLOGY	Project (Nu MBT-02 / B/ MATERIALS	ICALĹY BASE	Y BASED		
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2	021	FY 2022	FY 2023		
The FY 2023 increase reflects minor program repricing.						
Title: Gene Editor Enabled Diagnostics & Biosurveillance		1	3.550	18.923	18.93	
<b>Description:</b> The Gene Editor Enabled Diagnostics & Biosurveilla and reconfigurable diagnostic capabilities for rapid, specific, sens and public health scenarios. This program will investigate the des broad-spectrum detection with high confidence diagnostic results machine learning approaches to scan genome data and algorithm Additional work will develop assay architectures, reagents, and deforcare with the same sensitivity, and reliability tests conducted in	itive, and multiplexed detection of biological threats in militatign rules for diagnostic and biosurveillance targets to achieve These design rules will inform advanced computational antically design probes and guides for optimal assay results. Detection platforms to enable field-forward diagnostics at the	ry /e d				
<ul> <li>FY 2022 Plans:</li> <li>Establish computational tools to create diagnostic assays for a few detection of targets in relevant clines.</li> <li>Develop prototype handheld devices for point-of-care and demonstrate.</li> <li>Develop prototype benchtop modules for highly multiplexed diagnostic.</li> </ul>	ical or environmental samples. onstrate detection of targets.					
<ul> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>Refine computational tools to create novel diagnostic assays for</li> <li>Validate assay for detection of targets in relevant clinical or env</li> <li>Refine prototype handheld devices for point-of-care and detection</li> <li>Integrate prototype benchtop modules into a functional prototype detection performance of targets.</li> <li>Begin to determine disease severity through integration of host</li> </ul>	ironmental samples. on of multiple targets simultaneously. e device for multiplexed diagnostic assays and demonstrate	€				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects minor program repricing.						
Title: Unburdening the Warfighter from Chemical/Biological (CB)	Defense		9.040	17.198	18.05	
<b>Description:</b> The Unburdening the Warfighter from Chemical/Bio survivability by developing improved personal protective equipme to protect against CB threats. Current methods of CB protection rebulky and hot, which limit operational effectiveness. These burder Unburdening the Warfighter from CB Defense program will investigated protection against multiple CB agents for the warfighter.	nt (PPE) and medical countermeasure (MCM) technologies equire significant logistical burdens, including suits that are as increase if an increased level of protection is required. This gate and design novel biological and material approaches to	ne hat				

PE 0602715E: MATERIALS AND BIOLOGICAL TECHNOLOGY Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 14 of 20

R-1 Line #23

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense A	dvanced Research Projects Agency	Date: A	pril 2022		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	Project (Number/Name) MBT-02 I BIOLOGICALLY BASED MATERIALS AND DEVICES				
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023		
compounds and lightweight, durable systems designed to capture almost immediate and lasting protection even in austere operation		vide			
FY 2022 Plans:  - Develop formulations and delivery methods required to provide threats.  - Begin testing the ability of the system components to protect again and biological approaches.  - Validate system component safety in a simulated environment.		s			
FY 2023 Plans:  - Test the ability of system components to protect from CB exposes.  - Test the ability to rapidly reconfigure platform technologies in resexposed to the novel CB threat using they system component of s. Initiate demonstrations of material system components for weath. Continue safety studies to ensure host compatibility for technological FDA requirements.	sponse to a novel threat, and protect clinically relevant mode pecial coatings, enzymes and biological approaches. ner and wear resistance and near-zero thermal burden.				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects minor program repricing.					
Title: Atmospheric Water Extraction (AWE)		9.500	13.887	13.95	
<b>Description:</b> The Atmospheric Water Extraction (AWE) program a leveraging new materials and advanced engineering and manufacthe water supply chain. Currently, the DoD relies on purification of water to provide the warfighter with sufficient daily hydration. State for military applications because the systems do not operate in a rarid conditions (<40% relative humidity) to extremely humid, and a fuel). This program will deliver systems with extraordinarily low size water to individual warfighters, and expeditionary units. Technological advantages aligned with the DoD's vision of future combat	eturing techniques to alleviate the logistical and tactical burded existing water sources and/or distribution of bottled or treated e-of-the-art water-from-air generation systems are not suitable ange of atmospheric conditions needed by our soldiers, from the too energy-intensive (<7 gallons of water output per gallow, weight, and power (SWaP) characteristics to provide potagies developed under this program will provide strategic and	en of ed le n n of able			
FY 2022 Plans:  Optimize and refine water capture and release with developed s Integrate sorbent materials with components of modeled water e					

PE 0602715E: MATERIALS AND BIOLOGICAL TECHNOLOGY Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 15 of 20

R-1 Line #23

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense	Advanced Research Projects Agency	Date: A	April 2022		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602715E I MATERIALS AND BIOLOG ICAL TECHNOLOGY				
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023		
<ul> <li>Test and evaluate fabricated components of modeled water ex</li> <li>Demonstrate initial prototype water extraction device under pro</li> </ul>					
<ul> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>Optimize sorbent material integration with water extraction dev</li> <li>Optimize and refine sorbent material candidates for final water</li> <li>Begin production of final sorbent materials at scale.</li> <li>Begin optimization of components and integrated system for final sorbent materials.</li> </ul>	r extraction device prototype.				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects minor program repricing.					
Title: Bio-Inspired Coastal Defense		-	10.990	12.00	
<b>Description:</b> Building upon technologies discovered in the Pers Coastal Defense program will develop self-sustaining, hybrid material bases in low-lying coastal regions. Military assets in these coast sea-level rise that cause erosion, degrade infrastructure, and im technological advances in (1) design, construction, and placement or growth of reef species, and (3) sustained, zero-cost natural materials of the defensive reef. The primary benefit of such strestablished and under construction coastal facilities.	an-made and biological reef structures to fortify and defend D tal regions are vulnerable to storm surges, wave action, and upede operations. Innovative coastal defense will require majorn of manufactured reef primers, (2) accelerated recruitment naintenance and improvement (e.g., increased durability after	oD or and/			
<ul> <li>FY 2022 Plans:</li> <li>Model and design scaled structural components to achieve tar</li> <li>Initiate tests to determine the efficacy of reef-building approac</li> <li>Begin experiments to promote improved temperature tolerance</li> <li>Investigate novel approaches to combat DoD infrastructure de</li> </ul>	hes under laboratory conditions. e for reef-building organisms.				
FY 2023 Plans:  - Characterize ecosystem organisms for reef-building systems i  - Fabricate structures and perform wave tank and flume testing  - Perform temperature tolerance, growth and disease resistance  - Initiate field tests.	to retire reef platform structural development risk.				
		1	1		

PE 0602715E: MATERIALS AND BIOLOGICAL TECHNOLOGY Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 16 of 20

R-1 Line #23

	UNCLASSIFIED				
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced	Research Projects Agency	Date: A	April 2022		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	PE 0602715E I MATERIALS AND BIOLOG				
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023		
The FY 2023 increase reflects minor program repricing.					
Title: Environmental Microbes as a Bioengineering Resource (EMBER)		-	8.564	9.200	
<b>Description:</b> The Environmental Microbes as a Bioengineering Resource based technologies to overcome key challenges facing domestic supply of and Department of Defense (DoD). This program will leverage the diversity microbiology to enable new domestic biomining methods for the separation manufacturing-ready forms. Advances in this area will deliver capabilities to or in operational settings.	Rare Earth Elements (REEs) critical to the U.S. y, specificity, and customizability of environmental n, purification, and conversion of REEs into	lly			
<ul> <li>FY 2022 Plans:</li> <li>Identify novel organisms, gene pathways, and microbial chemistries requested.</li> <li>Begin development of synthetic biology tools to engineer organisms (or REEs.</li> <li>Initiate studies of microbes that operate in high temperature, acidic, and</li> <li>Initiate studies on the microbial extraction of specific REEs from simulate</li> </ul>	biomolecules), or adapt current chassis, to extract alkaline conditions.				
FY 2023 Plans:  Develop and test genetically engineered microbes that can tolerate above conditions and/or temperatures.  Develop and test biological components capable of specifically binding in Demonstrate the ability to biologically alter the chemical form of one of manufacturing.  Develop an assay to detect REEs associated with cells or biomolecules. Compile data for a conceptual techno-economic analysis that illustrates approach.	ndividual REEs from simulated REE source materia nore individual REEs into a form suitable for with high sensitivity.	S.			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects minor program repricing.					
Title: Materiel Protection through Biologics		-	-	12.188	
<b>Description:</b> Military infrastructure and systems are expected to function y subject to degradation by environmental factors. For instance, the formatic many military systems, such as aircraft, fuel tanks, ships, medical devices communities routinely endanger warfighter health and strip years of services.	on of biofilms is ubiquitous, corroding and biofouling , and filtration systems for water and air. These micr				

PE 0602715E: MATERIALS AND BIOLOGICAL TECHNOLOGY Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 17 of 20

R-1 Line #23

	UNCLASSIFIED			
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense A			April 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	Project (Numbe MBT-02 / BIOLO MATERIALS ANI	GICALLY BAS	ED	
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
DoD billions of dollars annually. Building upon technologies inves Materiel Protection through Biologics thrust will develop biological developing or repurposing dynamic microbial-based biofilm comm corrosion. These microbial-based interventions will protect and sut the service lifetime.	approaches to sustain military infrastructure and systems b unities to exhibit beneficial functions such as reducing drag	y or		
<ul> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>Initiate model development to predict biofilm assembly in static of Generate testbeds that replicate specific disturbances experience.</li> <li>Initiate development of a design-build-test cycle that tracks micro-linvestigate biomolecular approaches to sense and repair deficits.</li> </ul>	ced by materiel in the field and track biofilm growth. obial community development nondestructively.			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects program initiation.				
Title: Bioremediation of Battlefields		-	-	9.15
<b>Description:</b> The Bioremediation of Battlefields effort will address prior military activities, including contaminated combat zones, defe of service members and local communities, and minimize the envithat remediate soil and groundwater contamination. This program by identifying and optimizing organisms, such as microbes, fungi, impact, and report on the state of remediation. To accomplish these processes of biological organisms and communities. Bioremediate activities and improve the overall environmental health and land use	ense installations, and test ranges. This will ensure the safe ironmental impact of warfare by developing biological tools will eliminate contaminants, and thus restore habitability, and plants, that can detect toxic compounds, mitigate their se goals, research will be accelerated by leveraging the contion of Battlefields will reduce the long-term impacts of milita	nplex		
FY 2023 Plans:  - Begin collection and characterization of microbial communities in Begin high-speed screening of contaminated environmental same contaminants resulting from military activities.  - Initiate model development to understand the spatiotemporal tracontaminants.  - Begin analysis of mechanisms that enable biological indications	nples for organisms that can extract, sequester, or degrade sjectory of a biological community or consortia in the present	ce of		
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement:				

PE 0602715E: MATERIALS AND BIOLOGICAL TECHNOLOGY Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 18 of 20

R-1 Line #23

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense	Advanced Research Projects Agency		Date: A	pril 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602715E I MATERIALS AND BIOLOG ICAL TECHNOLOGY				
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	F	Y 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	
The FY 2023 increase reflects program initiation.					
Title: Biotechnology for Challenging Environments			-	-	11.81
<b>Description:</b> The Biotechnology for Challenging Environments warfighter operations in remote and extreme environmental con inaccessible domains, new and unique logistical constraints impreadiness. This program will develop technologies to enable new bioprocesses to protect warfighters and maintain performance of from challenging environments. Technology advances developed warfighting platforms, and enhanced operational capabilities for	ditions. As the DoD expands operations into previously posed by extreme conditions and resource scarcity threaten for capabilities that harness microbes, biopolymers, and/or other warfighting platforms, such as electronics and infrastructured in this effort will enable extended mission duration, resilien	er e,			
FY 2023 Plans:  - Initiate identification and characterization of novel extremophi extreme environments.  - Initiate design and engineer of microbes and other biological capabilities in extreme environments.  - Initiate performance characterization of biological strains for settings.  - Develop approaches for biologically driven low-power/self-powharsh environments.	or bio-inspired components to produce novel materials for pecific endogenous functions outside of traditional laboratory				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects program initiation.					
Title: Genome Protection Technologies			10.296	-	-
<b>Description:</b> The Genome Protection Technologies program de the effects of accidental or malicious misuse of gene editing teccontrols to enable the safe and predictable use of synthetic gen or limit unintended genome editing or engineering and develope within this program ensure that the U.S. remains at the vanguar security threats due to the large-scale democratization of gene	hnologies. This research investigated new approaches for tues and pathways. Additional work developed measures to pled new tools to recall or reverse engineered changes. Advanced of this widespread, advancing field that poses potential nat	nable event ces			
Title: Defend Against Crop System Attack			8.498	-	_
<b>Description:</b> The Defend Against Crop System Attack program of DoD response to state or non-state actor release of biological					

PE 0602715E: MATERIALS AND BIOLOGICAL TECHNOLOGY Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 19 of 20

R-1 Line #23

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Re		Date: April 2022				
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	,	MBT-02 <i>I</i>	ject (Number/Name) T-02 I BIOLOGICALLY BASED TERIALS AND DEVICES			
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	-	Y 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023		
	to defend against these threats are generally slow and ineffective. This program leveraged recent advances in molecular and synthetic biology to enable rapid delivery of gene therapies to plants for large-scale trait modification, improving resilience against					

**Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals** 

adversary attack or emerging natural threats. Research within this program demonstrated an agnostic, scalable capability for

protecting entire crop systems from emerging threats posed to food security by U.S. adversaries.

C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

N/A

Remarks

D. Acquisition Strategy

N/A

143.877

174.698

195.324

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

Date: April 2022

Appropriation/Budget Activity

0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 2:

Applied Research

R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)
PF 0602716F / ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY

COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023 Base	FY 2023 OCO	FY 2023 Total	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
Total Program Element	-	307.791	393.384	557.745	-	557.745	571.062	565.566	587.146	586.896	-	-
ELT-01: ELECTRONIC TECHNOLOGY	-	113.633	160.891	136.744	-	136.744	143.985	142.356	139.622	146.872	-	-
ELT-02: BEYOND SCALING TECHNOLOGY	-	194.158	232.493	421.001	-	421.001	427.077	423.210	447.524	440.024	-	-

### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

The Electronics Technology Program Element is budgeted in the Applied Research Budget Activity because its objective is to develop electronics that make a wide range of military applications possible. The Electronics Technology Project focuses on turning basic advancements into the underpinning technologies required to address critical national security issues and to enable an information-driven warfighter. This Program Element also supports innovation and robust transition planning in the technology cycle by working with entrepreneurs to increase the likelihood that DARPA funded technologies take root in the U.S. and provide new capabilities for national defense.

Advances in microelectronic device technologies continue to significantly benefit improved weapons effectiveness, intelligence capabilities, and information superiority. The Electronic Technology project supports continued advancement in microelectronics, including electronic and optoelectronic devices, Microelectromechanical Systems (MEMS), semiconductor device design and fabrication, and new materials and material structures. Areas of particular emphasis of this work include reducing the barriers to designing and fabricating custom electronics and exploiting improved manufacturing techniques to provide low-cost, high-performance sensors. Programs in this project will also greatly improve the size, weight, power, and performance characteristics of electronic systems; support positioning, navigation, and timing in GPS-denied environments; and develop sensors more sensitive and robust than today's standards. This project has six major focus areas: Electronics, Photonics, Microelectromechanical Systems, Architectures, Algorithms, and other Electronic Technology research.

The Beyond Scaling Technology project recognizes that, within the next decade, the continuous pace of improvements in electronics performance will face the fundamental limits of silicon technology. This project pursues electronics performance advancements that exploit new concepts in circuit specialization by the optimization of materials, devices, architectures, and designs to achieve specific circuit function at high performance. Because electronics advancements must simultaneously make progress in performance and secure the foundation on which our digital infrastructure relies, this envisioned electronics specialization will require incorporation of security safeguards. Accordingly, programs within the Beyond Scaling project will reduce barriers to making specialized circuits in today's silicon hardware and significantly increase the ease with which DoD can design, deliver, and eventually upgrade critical, customized electronics. Programs also explore alternatives to traditional circuit architectures, for instance by exploiting vertical circuit integration to optimize electronic devices and by incorporating novel materials and new techniques for securing DoD and commercial data and hardware.

PE 0602716E: *ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY* Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 1 of 27

R-1 Line #24

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced	Research Projects Agency	Date: April 2022
Appropriation/Budget Activity	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)	
0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 2:	PE 0602716E I ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY	
Applied Research		

B. Program Change Summary (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023 Base	FY 2023 OCO	FY 2023 Total
Previous President's Budget	322.693	357.384	0.000	-	0.000
Current President's Budget	307.791	393.384	557.745	-	557.745
Total Adjustments	-14.902	36.000	557.745	-	557.745
<ul> <li>Congressional General Reductions</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
<ul> <li>Congressional Directed Reductions</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
<ul> <li>Congressional Rescissions</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
<ul> <li>Congressional Adds</li> </ul>	0.000	36.000			
<ul> <li>Congressional Directed Transfers</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
Reprogrammings	-4.512	0.000			
SBIR/STTR Transfer	-10.390	0.000			

Congressional Add Details (\$ in Millions, and Includes General Reductions)

**Project:** ELT-02: *BEYOND SCALING TECHNOLOGY*Congressional Add: *ERI 2.0 - Congressional Add* 

Adjustments to Budget Year

	FY 2021	FY 2022
	-	36.000
Congressional Add Subtotals for Project: ELT-02	-	36.000
Congressional Add Totals for all Projects	-	36.000

557.745

### **Change Summary Explanation**

FY 2021: Decrease reflects reprogrammings and SBIR/STTR transfer.

FY 2022: Increase reflects a Congressional add for ERI 2.0.

FY 2023: FY 2023 funding increase reflects the fact that the FY 2022 President's Budget request did not include out-year funding.

557.745

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency							Date: April 2022					
0400 / 2 PE 0				, ,			Project (Number/Name) ELT-01 / ELECTRONIC TECHNOLOGY					
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023 Base	FY 2023 OCO	FY 2023 Total	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
ELT-01: ELECTRONIC TECHNOLOGY	-	113.633	160.891	136.744	-	136.744	143.985	142.356	139.622	146.872	-	-

### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

B Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)

Advances in microelectronic device technologies continue to significantly benefit improved weapons effectiveness, intelligence capabilities, and information superiority. The Electronic Technology project supports continued advancement in microelectronics, including electronic and optoelectronic devices, Microelectromechanical Systems (MEMS), semiconductor device design and fabrication, and new materials and material structures. Areas of particular emphasis of this work include reducing the barriers to designing and fabricating custom electronics and exploiting improved manufacturing techniques to provide low-cost, high-performance sensors. Programs in this project will also greatly improve the size, weight, power, and performance characteristics of electronic systems; support positioning, navigation, and timing in GPS-denied environments; and develop sensors more sensitive and robust than today's standards. This project has six major focus areas: Electronics, Photonics, Microelectromechanical Systems, Architectures, Algorithms, and other Electronic Technology research.

B. Accomplishments/Flamed Frograms (\$ in Millions)	F 1 2021	F 1 2022	F1 2023
Title: Focal Arrays for Curved Infrared Imagers (FOCII)	19.000	21.750	12.139
<b>Description:</b> The Focal Arrays for Curved Infrared Imagers (FOCII) program is developing curved focal plane arrays for broadband infrared (IR) imagers to enhance battlefield detection and discrimination while maintaining situational awareness. FOCII will leverage curving strategies for state-of-the-art focal plane arrays combined with advances in designing and manufacturing stress relief features to demonstrate hardware that simultaneously provides maximum resolution and illumination. This program will develop novel designs for IR imagers that enable minimal size, weight and cost for size-constrained applications. This will enable new applications in passive seeker technology for missiles, overhead persistent infrared imaging, 360-degree situational awareness, infrared search and track, and long-range targeting. <b>FY 2022 Plans:</b>			
<ul> <li>Measure operability of large area focal arrays curved to program specified objective radius.</li> <li>Design and fabricate readout integrated circuits for structured focal arrays.</li> <li>Measure initial effects of thermal cycling and baking.</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>Demonstrate large area focal array curved to final program specified objective radius.</li> <li>Complete preliminary camera design with curved structured focal array.</li> <li>Measure curved focal array performance on laboratory scale test equipment.</li> </ul>			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement:			

PE 0602716E: *ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY* Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 3 of 27

R-1 Line #24

Volume 1 - 141

EV 2023

EV 2021 EV 2022

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense A	dvanced Research Projects Agency	Date:	April 2022		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2			Date: April 2022	IOLOGY	
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	
The FY 2023 decrease reflects the shift from design and fabrication					
Title: Wideband Adaptive RF Protection (WARP)		19.845	20.141	17.000	
<b>Description:</b> The Wideband Adaptive RF Protection (WARP) programs that can protect wideband digital radios against external electromal limiting, and/or signal cancellation. The ability to create tunable and 2 gigahertz (GHz) to 8 GHz will be important for implementing transportant area of interference mitigation is self-interference will listen to the transmitted interfering signal and subtract it from the still be detected. Program research will provide feedback mechanical induced interference or external interference jamming, WARP is detected to protect wideband DoD receivers.	agnetic threats and self-interference through tunable filtering and reconfigurable band pass and band stop filters in the rangus insmit/receive modules in next-generation multi-function arrayce. WARP is developing the signal cancellation technology the input of the receiver so faint signals near the noise floor class that intelligently correct these problems. Whether for second	ne of ys. hat can			
FY 2022 Plans:  - Demonstrate a center frequency and bandwidth tuning range of protect wideband digital receivers.  - Demonstrate analog signal cancellers that mitigate transmitter s relevant bandwidth and delay spread.  - Evaluate scalability of candidate approaches for wideband adapt desired RF protection.	elf-leakage into a wideband receiver and while achieving				
FY 2023 Plans:  - Demonstrate wideband adaptive filters that implement embedded - Demonstrate analog signal cancellers that implement embedded - Prepare demonstration of the RF protection technology that is well as the protection of the RF protection technology that is well as the protection technology that is the protection technology that the protection technology the protection technology that the protection technology t	d leakage channel sensing and closed-loop adaptive tuning.				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects the transition from initial components	nt demonstration to component scaling.				
Title: Quantum Imaging of Vector Electromagnetic Radiation (QuI	VER)	20.000	21.000	15.00	
<b>Description:</b> The Quantum Imaging of Vector Electromagnetic Rafield sensors and will demonstrate them in DoD-relevant application relevant, such sensitive magnetometers could enable future human also use magnetometers for magnetic anomaly detection, which more of old wellheads, or the detection of improvised explosive devices	ons and concept of operations. In addition to being diagnostion-machine/brain-machine interfaces. The DoD and industry nay allow for the discovery of mineral/oil deposits, discovery	cally			

PE 0602716E: *ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY* Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED Page 4 of 27

R-1 Line #24

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advance	ed Research Projects Agency		Date: A	pril 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602716E / ELECTRONICS TECHNO LOGY		ject (Number/Name) -01 / ELECTRONIC TECHNOL		
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		I	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
navigation, which may operate in GPS-denied environments. Recent adv highly-sensitive vector magnetometers, which would enable the consequ Such tensors offer more degrees of freedom than their scalar or vector c about the source of the magnetic field.	ent development of sensitive full-tensor gradient sen				
<ul> <li>FY 2022 Plans:</li> <li>Demonstrate sensitivity and functionality of tensor magnetometer.</li> <li>Design portable tensor magnetometer system for field testing.</li> <li>Initiate construction of tensor magnetometer system for field testing.</li> </ul>					
<ul> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>Validate sensitivity and functionality of tensor magnetometer.</li> <li>Complete construction of tensor magnetometer system for field testing</li> <li>Field test tensor magnetometer system.</li> </ul>	ı.				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects the completion of system construction an	nd transition to testing.				
Title: Fast Event-based Neuromorphic Camera and Electronics (FENCE	<del>(</del> )		16.000	24.000	20.00
<b>Description:</b> The Fast Event-based Neuromorphic Camera and Electron low latency, low power event-based infrared (IR) camera to enable intelliging imagers are an emerging class of sensors with major demonstrated advanced visible event-based cameras have been shown to produce over two order to traditional framing cameras because they transmit data only from pixe magnitude lower data latency and a commensurate reduction in power convent-based cameras are not compatible with DoD applications because naturally sparse, where issues such as clutter and noise would cause a ligible simultaneously. When this happens, today's event-based cameras do not FENCE will develop an infrared event-based imager consistent with militial asynchronous read-out integrated circuit (ROIC), co-designed with a 3D and clutter to maintain low power and latency operation even when faced this new class of sensors enabled by FENCE will be capable of respondinoisy conditions.	igent sensors for tactical DoD applications. Event-base antages relative to traditional cameras. State-of-the-agers of magnitude less data in optimal conditions relativels that have changed. This leads directly to two orders on sumption. Despite their inherent advantages, exists a DoD applications regularly face conditions that are relarge percentage of the event-based pixels to change of the perform significantly better than traditional cameras arry requirements. FENCE will develop a four-megapic integrated processor that will intelligently remove not defined the pixels firing simultaneously. If successions are supplied to the pixels firing simultaneously.	sed int ve rs of ing not e s. xel se sful,			
FY 2022 Plans:					

PE 0602716E: *ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY* Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED Page 5 of 27

R-1 Line #24

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Adv	vanced Research Projects Agency	Date: A	pril 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602716E I ELECTRONICS TECHNO LOGY	Project (Number/N ELT-01 / ELECTRO	IOLOGY	
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
<ul> <li>Conduct ROIC preliminary design review.</li> <li>Simulate timing accuracy and power of the ROIC.</li> <li>Conduct processor layer preliminary design review.</li> <li>Perform initial analysis of relevant system parameters including positions.</li> </ul>	ower and latency.			
<ul> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>Measure ROIC power and timing fidelity.</li> <li>Conduct critical design review of processor layer.</li> <li>Fabricate processor layer in advanced node silicon.</li> <li>Measure processing layer power consumption.</li> </ul>				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects the shift from ROIC design and simulations.	ulations to processing layer design and fabrication.			
Title: Quantum Apertures (QA)		15.000	19.000	16.00
<b>Description:</b> The Quantum Apertures (QA) program will develop not sensors as the receiving elements. These receiver systems will be pand more sensitive than classical systems at similar size and temper receiving elements composed of atomic vapor cells in highly-excited a large range of frequencies and amplitudes. The program will requisely systems engineering to overcome technical and application challenged by the defense industrial base. The receiver system's enhanced cap waveforms while also being compatible with constraints imposed by comprise a phase-sensitive array of quantum receiving elements, la processing electronics.	cortable, programmable over a very large frequency range rature. This will be achieved by exploiting quantum-based "Rydberg" states that have programmable sensitivity over a quantum engineering and traditional electro-mechanic ges that impede rapid adoption of a quantum aperture repabilities will be leveraged in this program to develop now real-world defense applications. The final receiver system	ed ver cal ceiver el m will		
<ul> <li>FY 2022 Plans:</li> <li>Demonstrate quantum aperture sensor sensitivity and frequency t</li> <li>Complete government-owned model of quantum aperture receives</li> <li>Complete DoD-relevant application studies that use a single-elem</li> </ul>	r for complex signal inputs.			
<ul> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>Develop architecture for quantum aperture sensors in multiple-ele</li> <li>Demonstrate reception of novel waveforms by quantum aperture.</li> </ul>				

PE 0602716E: *ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY* Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED Page 6 of 27

R-1 Line #24

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense A	dvanced Research Projects Agency	Date: A	pril 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602716E / ELECTRONICS TECHNO LOGY		<b>iject (Number/Name)</b> T-01 <i>I ELECTRONIC TECHN</i> C	
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
- Design system to use a single quantum aperture sensor in a Do	D-relevant application.			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects the shift from development of mult architectures and system designs.	iple models and application studies to development of a sp	ecific		
Title: Waveform Agile Radio-frequency Directed Energy (WARDE	N)	6.000	20.000	23.000
<b>Description:</b> The Waveform Agile Radio-frequency Directed Energy of high-power microwave (HPM) systems by introducing flexible water amplitude, and pulse-width modulations to significantly improve elementaries the probability of disruption or damage to internal electrostic include counter-unmanned aerial systems (C-UAS), vehicle and ventre. Current HPM systems use oscillators to produce electromagnetic the frequency agility to support waveforms to maximize electromate vulnerabilities. Lacking the capability to use optimized waveforms, limits of peak power generation. To develop a more efficient, lowed develop and demonstrate the first broadband HPM amplifier; creat coupling into complex enclosures and the effects on electronics; a reducing the susceptibility threshold of targeted electronics systems.	raveform techniques that use combinations of frequency, ectromagnetic coupling into complex target enclosures and nic components and circuits. Applications for HPM systems essel disruption, electronic strike, and guided missile defen radiation. These systems are inherently narrowband and la gnetic coupling and to optimally exploit electronic system, HPM oscillators have been pushed close to the physical or power, waveform agile approach, the WARDEN program te new theory and simulation tools to predict electromagnetic and develop novel agile waveform techniques capable of	s se. ck will		
FY 2022 Plans:  Develop broadband amplifier designs and verify them through 3  Develop time-domain electromagnetic coupling theory and demonstrate agile of the properties of	onstrate early concept computational models. waveforms optimized for effects on basic electronics.  ocurement, and laboratory preparation. ne deterministic, reduced-model, and statistical approaches oduce disruptive effects on integrated electronics. agile waveform techniques through comparison with	s.		
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement:				
			l	

PE 0602716E: *ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY* Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED Page 7 of 27

R-1 Line #24

	UNCLASSIFIED				
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advance	ed Research Projects Agency		Date: A	pril 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602716E / ELECTRONICS TECHNO LOGY	Project (Number/Name) ELT-01 / ELECTRONIC TECHNOL			OLOGY
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
The FY 2023 increase reflects the transition from initial development to	initiation of fabrication.				
Title: Generating RF with Photonics for low Noise (GRYPHON)			-	17.000	21.00
<b>Description:</b> The Generating RF with Photonics for low Noise (GRYPH) and millimeter waves with extremely low phase noise. Compact signal s noisy to support advanced military radar and communications functions techniques to synthesize extremely pure microwaves are too large and and other size-constrained platforms where the DoD requires high-perform recent advances in miniature optical components to replicate best-inform factors.	sources used today, such as crystal oscillators, are to Conversely, best-in-class oscillators which use opti expensive to deploy on the airborne systems, muniti ormance capabilities. The GRYPHON program will di	oo cal ons, raw			
<ul> <li>FY 2022 Plans:</li> <li>Develop optical synthesis theoretical models.</li> <li>Design and fabricate chip-scale optical components.</li> <li>Perform initial demonstration of chip-scale component functionality.</li> </ul>					
<ul> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>Perform benchtop-level integration of components.</li> <li>Setup characterization equipment and frequency references for phase</li> <li>Demonstrate microwave generation at a fixed frequency.</li> </ul>	e noise measurements.				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects the shift from the initial chip-scale demon characterization.	estration to integration of components testing and				
Title: Compact High Intensity Radiating Photonics (CHIRP)			-	12.000	12.60
<b>Description:</b> The Compact High Intensity Radiating Photonics (CHIRP) lasers. Current high-power lasers are capable of providing the high optic but the size of these lasers limits their ability to be used on or against high weight and power (SWaP) of ultra-fast laser sources by employing emer Additionally, CHIRP will develop high-performance components and pagmanagement strategies.	cal intensities required to achieve directed energy ef- ghly mobile platforms. CHIRP will decrease the size rging integrated photonics and amplification techniques.	fects,			
FY 2022 Plans: - Analyze designs for high peak-power laser systems with reduced SWa	аР.				

PE 0602716E: *ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY* Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED Page 8 of 27

R-1 Line #24

	UNCLASSIFIED			
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense A	dvanced Research Projects Agency	Date: A	pril 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602716E I ELECTRONICS TECHNO LOGY	Project (Number/Name) ELT-01 / ELECTRONIC TECHNOL		IOLOGY
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
- Initiate development of high efficiency ultra-fast laser componer	nts.			
<ul><li>FY 2023 Plans:</li><li>Begin development of materials for high performance at high op</li><li>Perform initial thermal management analysis for compact, high</li></ul>				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects minor program repricing.				
<i>Title:</i> Atomic Magnetometry for Biological Imaging In Earth's Nation	ve Terrain (AMBIIENT)	4.788	6.000	-
<b>Description:</b> The Atomic Magnetometry for Biological Imaging In novel magnetic sensors capable of providing high-sensitivity signs. The AMBIIENT program will exploit novel physical architectures the AMBIIENT sensor itself must be able to detect the gradient of a losignal. This capability would enable low-cost, portable, high-sensimedical research and clinical diagnosis, AMBIIENT sensors promigradient navigation, anomaly detection, perimeter monitoring, and	al measurements in the presence of ambient magnetic field nat are resistant to the impact of common noise sources. The cal magnetic field while subtracting the much larger ambientivity measurements for in-the-field applications. In addition ise to enable diverse sensing applications including magne	he nt ı to		
FY 2022 Plans: - Demonstrate medical effectiveness of the AMBIIENT array usin - Test AMBIIENT sensor sensitivity and dynamic range in govern				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects program completion.				
Title: Modular Optical Aperture Building Blocks (MOABB)		4.000	-	-
<b>Description:</b> The Modular Optical Aperture Building Blocks (MOA performance of free-space optical systems. Specifically, MOABB coherently arrayed to form larger, higher power devices. MOABB waves without the use of mechanical components. These advance fold increase in the steering rate of optical systems.	constructed millimeter-scale optical building blocks that car developed scalable optical phased arrays that can steer lig	ht		
Title: Dynamic Range-enhanced Electronics and Materials (DRE	aM)	9.000	-	-
<b>Description:</b> The Dynamic Range-enhanced Electronics and Marradio frequency (RF) transistors with improved power efficiency and dynamic range are fundamental characteristics that allow RF	nd extremely high dynamic range. Linearity, power efficience	cy,		

PE 0602716E: *ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY* Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED Page 9 of 27

R-1 Line #24

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 De	fense Advanced Research Projects Agency		Date: A	pril 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602716E I ELECTRONICS TECHNO LOGY	Project (Nu ELT-01 / EL	IOLOGY		
communication, sensing, and electronic warfare systems. linearity and output power, and poor linearity results in unnew transistor materials, architectures, and designs. The	romagnetic spectrum environment and to enabling next-generation.  Traditional RF transistor designs typically require a trade-off betwork  desired interference. DREAM overcame this tradeoff by employing resulting DREAM-enabled technologies will allow future RF electrostem power, without adding interference to the already-congested	n een g onics	2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
	Accomplishments/Planned Programs Sul	btotals 1	13.633	160.891	136.74

C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

N/A

Remarks

D. Acquisition Strategy

N/A

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency						Date: April	2022					
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2				PE 0602716E I ELECTRONICS TECHNO			Project (Number/Name) ELT-02 I BEYOND SCALING TECHNOLOGY					
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023 Base	FY 2023 OCO	FY 2023 Total	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
ELT-02: BEYOND SCALING TECHNOLOGY	-	194.158	232.493	421.001	-	421.001	427.077	423.210	447.524	440.024	-	-

### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

The Beyond Scaling Technology project recognizes that, within the next decade, the continuous pace of improvements in electronics performance will face the fundamental limits of silicon technology. This project pursues electronics performance advancements that exploit new concepts in circuit specialization and three-dimensional heterogeneous integration (3DHI) by the optimization of materials, devices, architectures, and designs to achieve specific circuit function at high performance. Because electronics advancements must simultaneously make progress in performance and secure the foundation on which our -microelectronics infrastructure relies, this envisioned specialization will require incorporation of security safeguards and advancing manufacturing tools and process automation. Accordingly, programs within the Beyond Scaling project will reduce barriers to making specialized circuits in today's silicon hardware and 3DHI by improving producibility. This will significantly increase the ease with which DoD can design, deliver, and eventually upgrade critical, customized microelectronics, particularly for operation in extreme environments. Programs also explore alternatives to traditional circuit architectures, for instance by exploiting 3DHI to optimize electronic devices and by incorporating novel materials and new techniques for securing DoD and commercial data and hardware.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	
Title: Digital RF Battlespace Emulator (DRBE)	24.000	23.000	22.000	
<b>Description:</b> The Digital RF Battlespace Emulator (DRBE) program is developing a large-scale, interactive, emulated radio frequency (RF) environment, providing the DoD with the capability to cost-effectively evaluate adaptive, intelligent, and spatially distributed next-generation RF systems. DRBE is leveraging advances in massively multi-core computing hardware and high-bandwidth digital cross-connects to emulate realistic RF environments accounting for RF platform movement, signal propagation effects and delays, signal interference, and interactions between RF systems. An electronics architecture supporting the power and latency requirements demanded by these emulation environments does not currently exist. DRBE is pursuing three technical thrust areas: architecture, massively multi-core computing, and scenario modeling. The resulting test environment will allow plugand-play connections for hundreds of RF systems in a battlespace test. Multi-system exercises will then be quickly executed through many different combat scenarios and variations. DRBE is serving to develop concept of operations (CONOPS), inform battle plans, and fine-tune the performance of both individual and large groups of RF systems. <b>FY 2022 Plans:</b> Complete DRBE real-time High Performance Computer (HPC) design to the level of a Preliminary Design Review.  Complete DRBE system design to the level of a Critical Design Review.  Design, fabricate, and test computational accelerator chips.				
FY 2023 Plans:				

PE 0602716E: *ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY* Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 11 of 27

R-1 Line #24

	UNCLASSIFIED				
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Ad	vanced Research Projects Agency	Date: A	April 2022		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602716E I ELECTRONICS TECHNO LOGY	, ,			
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	
<ul> <li>Complete DRBE real-time HPC design to the level of Critical Des</li> <li>Validate DRBE system design following the Critical Design Revie</li> <li>Demonstrate real-time RF emulation on computational accelerate</li> <li>Establish agreement to transition DRBE to DoD laboratory.</li> </ul>	ew.				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects minor program repricing.					
Title: Low Temperature Logic Technology (LTLT)		-	15.000	22.000	
<b>Description:</b> The Low Temperature Logic Technology (LTLT) programmatics of state-of-the-art silicon transistors at cryogenic tempower limited when operating at room temperature or higher. This programmatical design of existing silicon transistors to optimize their performance awith current complementary metal-oxide-semiconductor (CMOS) far performance and power efficiency over room temperature devices. Project ES-02.	nperatures. Current silicon transistors are performance are program removes these limitations through modifying the at cryogenic temperatures. These devices will be compatible brication process flows and will offer significant increases	ole in			
FY 2022 Plans: - Perform initial design of transistor, memory, and interconnect technicate plans to modify the fabrication flow for state-of-the-art silic performance.		n.			
<ul> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>Complete design of transistor, memory, and interconnect technol</li> <li>Develop high speed, low power switching devices and experiment</li> <li>Demonstrate a low power and high-performance memory unit at</li> <li>Continue improving low-temperature device characteristics to enforce the continue improving low-temperature device characteristics.</li> </ul>	ntally demonstrate their performance at low temperature. low temperature.				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects transition from design to component	fabrication and testing.				
Title: Automatic Implementation of Secure Silicon (AISS)		18.000	18.000	21.70	
<b>Description:</b> The Automatic Implementation of Secure Silicon (AIS Property (IP) ecosystem where security is pervasive and can be indexpense. The program will enable rapid evaluation of architectural optimized relative to the conventional design economic measure of	corporated naturally into chip design with minimal effort ar alternatives in platform integration where security can be				

PE 0602716E: *ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY* Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 12 of 27

R-1 Line #24

navantiation/Dudget Activity		1	: April 2022	
appropriation/Budget Activity 400 / 2	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602716E I ELECTRONICS TECHNO LOGY	Project (Number/Name) ELT-02 I BEYOND SCALING TECHNOLOGY		
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 202	FY 2022	FY 2023
provenance and integrity validation techniques for design through pproaches, and will demonstrate new capabilities in the context or computer processors. AISS will protect advanced chips from knutomated system aimed at reducing design time while maximizing pplications will benefit from more secure chips becoming pervalue fense systems.	t of reduced instruction set computing (RISC) architectures known attack strategies by incorporating security into a highly ing exploration of architectural alternatives. As a result, DoD	,		
FY 2022 Plans:  Demonstrate automatic generation of the on-chip Security Engonemonstrate rapid power and security estimation models executed grade their relative attack resistivity.  Finalize design and demonstrate that the two selected PoC de	cuted on the auto-integrated proof-of-concept (PoC) systems			
PY 2023 Plans:  Develop additional static components including balanced and a Add features to support bus monitoring and uploading of secur Develop a threat analysis prototype and a library of heuristics. Demonstrate optimized generation of two selected PoC design	rity policies.			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects a shift from modeling and design in	to prototype development and testing.			
Fitle: Lasers for Universal Microscale Optical Systems (LUMOS)		21.0	00 23.000	18.00
Description: The Lasers for Universal Microscale Optical System ources into silicon integrated photonics enabling compact, rugg communications, 3D imaging, and quantum technologies. Silicon optical systems, but the platform's lack of optical gain precludes LUMOS will deliver the missing capability to provide compact opical create a universal manufacturing platform that builds upon the DoD access to leading-edge deployable photonic solutions, LUM cademic, commercial, and defense users of integrated photonic access foundry.	ned, high-performance systems for positioning, navigation, in photonics today enables microscale integration of complex the creation of lasers and amplifiers through foundry process tical sources at wavelengths from the visible to the infrared, are current photonics ecosystem. To drive innovation and main MOS will establish a technology pathway connecting governm	and ntain ent,		
FY 2022 Plans:				

PE 0602716E: *ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY* Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 13 of 27

R-1 Line #24

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Adva	anced Research Projects Agency	Date	: April 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602716E / ELECTRONICS TECHNO LOGY	Project (Numb ELT-02 / BEYO TECHNOLOGY		
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 202	1 FY 2022	FY 2023
<ul> <li>Develop heterogeneous integration technology for optical gain and oxide semiconductor (CMOS) compatible photonics process.</li> <li>Create initial process design rules and design methodologies to encircuits leveraging novel gain mediums and nonlinear photonic comp</li> <li>Demonstrate active platform components, including modulators an</li> </ul>	nable early foundry users to fabricate integrated photonic ponents.			
<ul> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>Optimize high-performance lasers and optical amplifiers while proves the provestion of advanced lasers, and testing of the scale optical power and component bandwidth for integrated microscopic department.</li> <li>Demonstrate narrow linewidth lasers at design wavelengths on integrated.</li> </ul>	of essential demonstration components. owave-compatible platform.			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects transition from fabrication and initial of characterization.	demonstration to optimization and component			
Title: COmpact Front-end Filters at the ElEment-level (COFFEE)			- 12.000	17.00
<b>Description:</b> The COmpact Front-end Filters at the ElEment-level (Chigh frequency radio frequency (RF) filter technology without comprohigh power handling. The new filtering technology will enable interfer and coexistence with commercial 5G applications. It is projected that military microwave and mm-wave radar and communication systems applications, COFFEE will result in more efficient use of mm-wave frow originally funded within PE 0602716E, ELT-01.	omising performance, specifically low insertion loss and rence rejection capability, efficient spectral management to COFFEE filter technology will enhance the resilience of a for DoD spectral dominance into the future. For comme	rcial		
FY 2022 Plans:  - Design new high frequency resonator technologies that are signific resonators.  - Demonstrate, through modeling and simulation, the feasibility of high program.  - Initiate fabrication of high frequency resonators.	•			
<ul><li>FY 2023 Plans:</li><li>Verify and validate performance of new high frequency resonators</li><li>Demonstrate new high frequency resonators and evaluate perform</li></ul>				

PE 0602716E: *ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY* Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 14 of 27

R-1 Line #24

	UNCLASSIFIED				
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense A	dvanced Research Projects Agency	Date:	April 2022		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602716E / ELECTRONICS TECHNO LOGY	Project (Number/Name) ELT-02 I BEYOND SCALING TECHNOLOGY			
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	
<ul> <li>Integrate new high frequency resonators into new high-performa</li> </ul>	ance filters.				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects the program moving from design to	component demonstration and integration.				
Title: ELectronics for G-band ARrays (ELGAR)		-	7.000	16.000	
<b>Description:</b> The ELectronics for G-band ARrays (ELGAR) program (budgeted within this PE and Project) will develop the integer program (budgeted within this PE and Project) will develop the integer performance G-band array front-end electronics to enable phased ELGAR will address the key technical challenges that prevent III-V namely, 1) achieving efficient, compact G-band III-V monolithic mi (MMIC PAs) with high output power density, and 2) achieving low components. In particular, ELGAR will develop III-V compatible, si compact, high power density, high efficiency G-band MMICs and a including enabling emerging satellite communication and sensing	egration technologies needed to create compact, high- array antenna systems for DoD communications and sens / electronics from realizing high-performance G-band array crowave/millimeter wave integrated circuit power amplifier loss off-chip interconnects between adjacent G-band array licon like fabrication and integration approaches to enable arrays. The technologies developed will support transitions	/s, s			
FY 2022 Plans:  - Initiate development of III-V semiconductor compatible silicon-lik  - Design and fabricate 1) compact, low loss passive component to structures whose power and efficiency are not degraded by the sil through substrate via (TSV) test structures.	est structures, 2) compact, multi-finger III-V transistor test	i III-V			
FY 2023 Plans:  - Continue to compact and reduce the loss of the III-V semicondu processes, and test structures.  - Design, fabricate, and characterize compact G-band III-V MMIC  - Design, fabricate, and characterize low loss, array-level intercor components.  - Perform design of III-V circuits and transmitters with spectrally p	PAs that use the silicon-like multilayer interconnects. inects for integration of G-band PAs with other array	ation			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects the program moving from initial des	sign to fabrication and characterization of components.				
Title: Data Privacy for Virtual Environments (DPRIVE)		10.00	0 16.000	15.96	
<b>Description:</b> The Data Privacy in Virtual Environments (DPRIVE) at the user and application level through the development of new I					

PE 0602716E: *ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY* Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 15 of 27

R-1 Line #24

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense	Advanced Research Projects Agency		Date: A	April 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602716E I ELECTRONICS TECHNO LOGY	ELT-02	Project (Number/Name) ELT-02 I BEYOND SCALING TECHNOLOGY		
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
times. The program plans to provide strong privacy protections a penalty in computation time, and to enable very strong privacy a penalty over unencrypted processing. DPRIVE will build hardway which enables mathematical operations to execute on encrypted enable the development and deployment of these hardware according, as well as to enterprise computing facilities where the	at the enterprise level with no more than three orders of magaine to accelerate the computation of homomorphic encryption d data such that the data is never unencrypted. The program selerators to edge computing devices where power and time	nitude I, will are a			
<ul> <li>FY 2022 Plans:</li> <li>Design an accelerator that is ready for fabrication.</li> <li>Emulate integrated accelerator design for relevant workloads.</li> <li>Verify accelerator design through appropriate testing.</li> </ul>					
<ul> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>Fabricate DPRIVE accelerator design in advanced node comp</li> <li>Execute and demonstrate mission workloads with full design s</li> <li>Complete full DPRIVE accelerator software integration.</li> </ul>					
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY2023 decrease reflects minor program repricing.					
Title: Quantum Inspired Classical Computing (QuICC)			-	10.000	14.00
<b>Description:</b> The Quantum Inspired Classical Computing (QuIC classical dynamic systems in novel computing architectures for too much computational energy is required to solve mission-sca excessive computation times. This program will create framewo quantum-inspired algorithms and perform the hardware and algorithmally solve mission-scale problems.	the efficient solving of complex optimization problems. Curre alle optimization problems leading to sub-optimal solutions an arks for analyzing the computational advantage provided by	ntly,			
FY 2022 Plans:  - Initiate development of quantum-inspired algorithms on classic - Perform initial hardware and algorithm co-design analysis for					
<ul> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>Initiate development of analog subsystems for quantum-inspir</li> <li>Perform initial hardware performance model development.</li> <li>Demonstrate co-design framework for digital resource estimate</li> </ul>					

PE 0602716E: *ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY* Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 16 of 27

R-1 Line #24

	UNCLASSIFIED			
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Adv	vanced Research Projects Agency	Date: A	pril 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	Project (Number/I ELT-02 / BEYOND TECHNOLOGY			
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	
<ul> <li>Develop systematic methodologies for predictive benchmarks.</li> <li>FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement:</li> <li>The FY 2023 increase reflects the move from initial algorithm and have</li> </ul>	ardware design to subsystem development and design.			
Title: Guaranteed Architectures for Physical Security (GAPS)		12.000	12.000	12.00
<b>Description:</b> The Guaranteed Architectures for Physical Security (Carchitectures with provable security interfaces. These interfaces will design and system build, and will ensure that such protections are exthrough the development of hardware and software that is open, extraonstrained environments to enable security across DoD and common barrier to safely enabling high-risk transactions, thus allowing for fast reducing the need for unreliable software partitioning solutions, and Basic research for this program is funded within PE 0601101E, Proj	physically isolate high-risk transactions during both systemforced at run-time. GAPS will reduce the inherent completendible, and compatible with size, weight, and power nercial systems. The program will substantially lower the st computer-to-computer transactions, physical spatial isolated more complex missions without putting sensitive data at	em plexity plation		
FY 2022 Plans:  - Implement interconnect architectures and board support packages the number of protocol layers.  - Demonstrate a reduction in transaction overhead on embedded by security.  - Permit at least one gigabit per second sustained throughput acrostintegrate GAPS isolation techniques to a research application ass	usses when implementing GAPS extensions for multilevents multiple security level architectures.			
FY 2023 Plans:  - Implement interconnect architectures and BSPs for a single commore.  - Demonstrate further reduction in transaction overhead on embedo security.  - Permit multiple gigabit per second sustained throughput across m	ded busses when implementing GAPS extensions for mu			
Title: Massive Cross Correlation (MAX)		-	4.000	12.00
<b>Description:</b> *Previously part of Beyond Scaling - Architectures				
The Massive Cross Correlation (MAX) program aims to develop a so the state-of-the-art dynamic range of a digital correlator with the pov		eve		

PE 0602716E: *ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY* Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 17 of 27

R-1 Line #24

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense	Advanced Research Projects Agency		Date: /	pril 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	Project (Num ELT-02 / BE TECHNOLO				
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2	2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
are the core signal processing component used in critical DoD appropriate coherent location (PCL) and synthetic aperture radar. Current congraphics processing units (GPGPUs) requiring thousands of watt today's low frequency, low bandwidth applications, which creates applications that require high frequency, high bandwidth solution processing and state-of-the-art fin field-effect transistor (FinFET)	orrelator implementations use FPGAs and general-purpose tts of power and racks of supporting computer equipment for s challenges for their use in power-constrained platforms an ns. The MAX program will leverage advances in analog signals.	d in			
FY 2022 Plans: - Perform proof-of-concept design of scalable wideband correlat analog electronics.	tor that combines benefits of digital correlator with efficiency	of			
FY 2023 Plans: - Implement proof-of-concept designs showing program efficience bandwidth metrics Fabricate initial designs of scalable, wideband analog correlators.		iitial			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects program moving from initial conce	ept design to design completion and the start of device fabric	cation.			
Title: Structured Array Hardware for Automatically Realized App	olications (SAHARA)*		-	3.500	7.50
Description: *Previously part of Beyond Scaling - Design					
The Structured Array Hardware for Automatically Realized Applications are development of custom chips for defense systems. Curre (FPGAs), whose flexibility advantages are offset by lower perform deliver significantly higher performance and lower power consumato FPGAs for defense electronic systems. Manually converting F costly process. SAHARA is developing automated technologies to power dissipated by the secure, structured ASIC.	ent DoD systems often employ field-programmable gate arramance. Structured application specific integrated circuits (As application, which makes them an efficient and effective alternation FPGAs to structured ASICs, however, is a complex, lengthy,	y SICs) ve and			
FY 2022 Plans: - Perform initial design of secure, structured ASICs.					
FY 2023 Plans: - Finalize design of secure, structured ASICs.					

PE 0602716E: *ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY* Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 18 of 27

R-1 Line #24

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Ac	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)			pril 2022		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	ELT-02 /	Project (Number/Name) ELT-02				
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	F	Y 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023		
<ul> <li>Analyze transition impact of secure, structured ASICs for DoD ap</li> </ul>	oplications.					
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects the shift from initial to final design of	f secure, structured ASICs.					
Title: Ferroelectric Computing (FC)			-	3.000	7.34	
<b>Description:</b> The Ferroelectric Computing (FC) program will devel (CMOS)-compatible ferroelectric transistor, compute-in-memory electric transistor processing, signal in compute-in-memory devices are not compatible with advanced CM efficiency levels necessary to support these applications. This program research for this program is funded within PE 0601101E, Project E	ement, and memory compute array technologies for critical ntercept and identification, and image processing. Current MOS and are too large be scaled to the performance and gram will address this shortfall by developing CMOS-compant, dense, and scalable compute-in-memory accelerators.	al : patible				
FY 2022 Plans: - Perform initial designs of novel ferroelectric transistors that are fa Initiate plans to integrate novel ferroelectric transistors into state-						
<ul> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>Demonstrate an initial compact compute-in-memory element using limitate strategy for connecting memory compute elements into memory.</li> </ul>						
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects transition from initial designs to produce the statement of the	of-of-concept demonstration.					
Title: Technologies for Rapid Assembly of Microsystems (TRAM)			-	-	12.00	
<b>Description:</b> The Technologies for Rapid Assembly of Microsyster heterogeneous electronics modules with high performance that can Current low-volume assembly of heterogeneous electronics is time and state-of-the-art packaging capability that is increasingly dominivolumes. Low-volume, domestic assembly of high-performance elesystems. In order to enable new electronics capabilities that can be develop technologies for desktop assembly and packaging of differ to systems.	n be readily inserted into DoD modules, arrays, and systeme-intensive, expensive, and offers varying levels of performated by foreign industry and driven by commercial needs ectronics is needed to preserve capability and security of the readily transitioned into prototypes and systems, TRAM	nance and DoD will				
FY 2023 Plans:						

PE 0602716E: *ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY* Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 19 of 27

R-1 Line #24

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Ad	dvanced Research Projects Agency	Date: A	April 2022			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2						
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)  - Analyze candidate technologies for heterogeneous desktop asse		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023		
<ul> <li>Establish candidate circuits and modules with two or more electrons.</li> <li>Create initial process design rules and design methodologies for</li> </ul>	•					
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects program initiation.						
Title: Reconfigurable, Actionable, Passive Technologies for Operation	tional Remote Sensing (RAPTORS)	-	-	9.50		
<b>Description:</b> The Reconfigurable, Actionable, Passive Technologic enable a passive, all-optical kill chain capable of finding both station can be selected based on platform requirements. RAPTORS will act that have adaptable spatial resolution with agile filters to adapt the detector. Using a custom read-out integrated circuit (ROIC), the FP filters to optimize the information content transmitted off of the chip enable search and track and improved probability of detection and and deceptive (CCD) targets, at tactical speeds within the constrain has applications across ground-, air- and space-based platforms.	nary and moving targets with a single sensor. Sensor forrichieve this by combining tileable focal plane arrays (FPAs spectral content of the infrared radiation impinging upon to PA will intelligently balance resolution and number of spectro enable real-time actionable decisions. This system will identification for hard targets, e.g., camouflaged, conceal	nat i) he tral l ed,				
FY 2023 Plans:  - Conduct advanced design review for custom ROIC.  - Demonstrate single-pixel filters demonstrating speed and transm	ission.					
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects program initiation.						
Title: Robust Electronics for Radiative Environments (RE2)		-	-	9.00		
<b>Description:</b> The Robust Electronics for Radiative Environments (I (rad-hard) and radiation-tolerant electronics, including processors a missions. Current rad-hard and rad-tolerant electronics are many g cannot meet the needs of future systems. In order to address these for space and strategic systems while maintaining the security of the	and memory technologies, to meet the demands of emerg generations behind state-of-the-art commercial electronics e needs, RE2 will work to deliver high-performance electro	and				
FY 2023 Plans: - Perform trade study on modifying advanced node complementary and rad-tolerant processors and memory.	y metal oxide semiconductor (CMOS) fabrication for rad-h	nard				

PE 0602716E: *ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY* Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 20 of 27

R-1 Line #24

	UNCLASSIFIED			
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense A	Advanced Research Projects Agency	Date:	April 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	Project (Number ELT-02 / BEYONI TECHNOLOGY			
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
- Initiate design of candidate rad-hard and rad-tolerant processor	and memory architectures.			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects program initiation.				
Title: Next Generation Microelectronics - Advanced Manufacturin	g Tools	-	-	90.000
<b>Description:</b> Next Generation Microelectronics - Advanced Manumanufacturing tools for the design, fabrication, packaging, assement advanced microsystems. Specifically, these advanced microsystems and designs targeted for use in extreme environments such as his and radiation exposure. New tools to improve manufacturing and will enable cost-effective on-shoring of automated processes for partners and hardware tools addressed in this program will a capabilities to support national security needs. Design, verification investments that couple manufacturing and electronic design automoments. Project ES-02.	ably, testing, and digital emulation of the next generation of the sinclude three-dimensional heterogeneous integration (agh voltage, high current, high temperature, low temperature testing will be designed, built, and characterized. These too backaging, assembly, and testing of advanced microsystem advance integration techniques beyond current commercial n, and security for 3DHI will be supported by coordinated	, ols s.		
FY 2023 Plans:  - Establish tools for design, simulation, testing, and cost-optimiza - Develop specialized tools for design, simulation, and testing of microsystems.  - Initiate developing multi-domain models for virtual prototyping of the compact of the compac	thermally and radiation hardened components and of 3DHI components and packages.  Ilti-technology packaging and assembly techniques consistent metrology for volume 3DHI manufacturing.  Ilation to decrease prototyping cycle-time that includes systemate automating die and chiplet handling during the assembly	em		
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects program initiation.				
<i>Title:</i> Next Generation Microelectronics - Advanced Manufacturin (3DHI)	g Approaches for three-dimensional heterogeneous integra	tion -	-	60.00

PE 0602716E: *ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY* Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 21 of 27

R-1 Line #24

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense	Advanced Research Projects Agency	Date: A	April 2022		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	Project (Number/Name) ELT-02 I BEYOND SCALING TECHNOLOGY				
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023		
<b>Description:</b> Next Generation Microelectronics - Advanced Marintegration (3DHI) addresses the unique manufacturing requiren packaging, assembly, testing, and digital emulation. These new interconnect densities for integration, and enhancing the security multi-technology assembly and packaging will advance beyond (RF), photonics, novel memory, and compound semiconductors integration technologies will be enabled by improving thermal mathe modeling and simulation of these new systems on chip. Basi Project ES-02.	nents for 3DHI microsystems, including design, fabrication, manufacturing methods will feature increasing circuit-scale y and interoperability of these complex designs. New multi-chi silicon-centric integration to include integration of radio freque. In order to enable this diversity of materials and functions, anagement, improving inter-chip power delivery, and improvin	ncy			
FY 2023 Plans:  Initiate developing multi-chip, multi-technology assembly and possible than or equal to one-micron pitch).  Identify techniques to improve co-planarity for die-to-die, wafe.  Launch development of integration techniques consistent with.  Expand automated integration techniques to enable low-volume. Implement manufacturing, assembly, and packaging technique. Increase integration density of silicon digital microelectronic components through maturation of manufacturing, assembly, and	r-to-wafer, and die-to-wafer high density interconnects. high-volume automation and inspection. ne manufacturing. es for high-density integration of photonics and electronics. components with compound semiconductor RF microelectronic	its			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects program initiation.					
Title: Next Generation Microelectronics - Advanced Manufacturi	ing for Extreme Environment Electronics	-	-	30.00	
<b>Description:</b> Next Generation Microelectronics - Advanced Mardesign, fabrication, packaging, assembly, testing, and digital emextreme environments: high voltage, high current, high temperatemethods along with new testing and evaluation methods will be in-situ measurements of these microsystems while operating in will also focus on a higher degree of automation in the packagin techniques to significantly improve thermal management, interestimulation of these unique microsystems. Basic research related	nulation of the next generation of microsystems targeted for us ture, low temperature, and radiation exposure. New manufacture created, with an emphasis on developing techniques to enable the extreme environments. These new manufacturing methoding, assembly, and testing processes. This effort will also developing power delivery, package integrity, and the modeling and	e in Iring e s			
FY 2023 Plans:					

PE 0602716E: *ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY* Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED Page 22 of 27

R-1 Line #24

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense	Advanced Research Projects Agency	Date: A	April 2022			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2						
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023			
<ul> <li>Initiate developing multi-chip, multi-technology assembly and phardened microsystems.</li> <li>Define device design and thermal management techniques for Initiate developing techniques for power management and the</li> <li>Create extremely low-loss passive materials for efficient power</li> </ul>	r very high operating temperatures. rmal management of high-voltage and high-current microsyste	ems.				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects program initiation.						
Title: Next Generation Microelectronics Prototyping Designs		-	-	25.00		
<b>Description:</b> Next Generation Microelectronics Prototyping De heterogeneous integration (3DHI) capable of being prototyped u Manufacture (N3M2). The N3M2 will include public-private partnext-generation 3DHI microsystems, including fabrication, packar opportunity to explore approaches that will improve and accelerate and package optimization. Leading-edge chip designs will be fall project demonstration runs. Research related to this effort is functive to the project demonstration runs.	sing the National Network for Next-generation Microelectronic erships that provide the ability to manufacture prototypes of aging, assembly, and testing. The design challenges provide the adoption of 3DHI standardized chip-to-chip interfaces pricated, and subsequently integrated into 3DHI designs in mu	ne				
<ul> <li>Identify and initiate challenge problems for 3DHI microsystems</li> <li>Determine goals for design challenges for standardized chip-to</li> <li>Establish a fabrication run for leading edge chips to develop comments</li> </ul>	o-chip integration practices.					
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects program initiation.						
Title: Beyond Scaling - Materials		26.451	16.000	-		
<b>Description:</b> The Beyond Scaling - Materials program is demon logic and memory components. This program is pursuing potent i.e. silicon transistor scaling, including research into new materia and packaging levels. Research areas include heterogeneous in devices that combine elements of computation and memory, and dramatic performance improvements using older silicon technologycle by working with entrepreneurs focused on DoD-relevant by 0601101E, Project ES-02.	ial enhancements in electronics that do not rely on Moore's Labs and the implications of those materials at the device, algoriategration of multiple materials, "sticky logic" and novel transis three-dimensional vertical circuit integration to demonstrate begies. Further research supports innovation in the technology	aw, thm, tor				

PE 0602716E: *ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY* Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED Page 23 of 27

R-1 Line #24

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense	Advanced Research Projects Agency		Date: A	pril 2022		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2						
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023			
FY 2022 Plans:  - Analyze the manufacturability of a large-scale fully integrated 3 commercial end users.  - Demonstrate broadband, low noise mixed-mode integrated circ Integrate advanced transistor processing technology and mode	cuits with enhanced transistors in a commercial foundry.	and				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects program completion.						
Title: Beyond Scaling - Architectures			31.707	18.000		
<b>Description:</b> The Beyond Scaling - Architectures program is der hardware by enabling the writing of a common code base on top and techniques such as new domain-specific circuit architectures sensors, hardware security architectures, and tight integration of processing controllers. Further research will enable significant im heterogeneous processing systems (e.g., data centers). Basic re ES-02.	of customized hardware. The program is exploring technolos, co-design of electronics hardware and software, intelligent chip-scale processing blocks and artificial intelligence-enable provements in programming productivity for massively parameters.	ogies t edge lled illel				
<ul> <li>FY 2022 Plans:</li> <li>Prototype reconfigurable software-defined hardware and associated a system-on-chip executing five simultaneous appropriate a prototype test bench that can detect anomalous</li> </ul>	plications utilizing multiple heterogeneous processing eleme					
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects program completion.						
Title: Beyond Scaling - Design			25.000	11.993		
<b>Description:</b> The Beyond Scaling - Design program is developing and deploying specialized circuits. Research efforts are exploring such as intelligent design tools, automated physical layout gener is to reduce the barrier to entry for complex system-on-chip (SoC of electronics. Advances under this program demonstrate a new electronics improvements that do not depend on continued, rapid funded within PE 0601101E, Project ES-02.	g technologies and techniques for rapid, specialized design ration, and open-source circuit design. The goal of this progr c) designs and to provide a pathway for the rapid upgrade DoD capability to create specialized hardware and provide	ram				

PE 0602716E: *ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY* Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 24 of 27

R-1 Line #24

	UNCLASSIFIED				
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Ad	dvanced Research Projects Agency		Date: A	pril 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	Project ( ELT-02 / TECHNO	lame) SCALING			
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	F	Y 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	
FY 2022 Plans:  Optimize algorithms and the physical design platform to demons performance beyond existing state-of-the-art techniques.  Further develop open source tools to enhance interoperability and chip development infrastructure.  Fabricate and test initial system-on-chip design using open source correctness with open source simulation technologies.	nd integration between tools and begin integration into a u				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects program completion.					
Title: System Security Integrated Through Hardware and firmware	(SSITH)		9.000	4.000	
<b>Description:</b> The System Security Integrated Through Hardware as commercial electronic systems against cybersecurity threats by de and hardware design methodologies. Current responses to cyberse software patches to address specific vulnerabilities in a software find underlying hardware architecture. To address this challenge, SSIT exploiting current research in areas such as cryptographic-based cadvanced ideas has been enabled by the extremely capable semic is investigating flexible hardware architectures that adapt to and limiting the potential negative impact of new security protection adeveloped, SSITH capabilities will be applicable to both commercial	eveloping novel hardware/firmware security architectures ecurity attacks typically consist of developing and deploying rewall without addressing potential vulnerabilities in the H is driving new research in electronics hardware security computing and hardware verification. Implementation of the conductor technology driven by Moore's Law. The program the impact of new cybersecurity attacks. Finally, SSITH architectures on system performance and power usage.	v and ese n also I is			
FY 2022 Plans: - Deliver a high-performance, secure SSITH application-specific in purposes.	ntegrated circuit (ASIC) for transition and demonstration				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects program completion.					
Title: Hierarchical Identify Verify Exploit (HIVE)			10.000	-	
<b>Description:</b> The Hierarchical Identify Verify Exploit (HIVE) progratimproving the efficiency of graph and sparse data analytics. When analysts today are forced to reduce the scope of the problems that limitations of currently deployed hardware. Because of these limitations	developing operationally significant intelligence, human they can address and the tempo of their analyses due to	the			

PE 0602716E: *ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY* Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED Page 25 of 27

R-1 Line #24

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Research Pi	rojects Agency			Date: A	pril 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2 PE 060 LOGY	•		lame) SCALING			
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			F	Y 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
the human ability to review, process, fuse, and interpret data. To resolve this challenge computational efficiency to augment the analyst's ability to integrate large streams of dain chip architecture and data analytics algorithms that can allow machines to infer mean needs of the warfighter. This program enabled the warfighter to understand far more of	ata. The program investiga ning out of data based on t	ted advance he informati				
Title: Common Heterogeneous integration and IP reuse Strategies (CHIPS)				7.000	-	
<b>Description:</b> The Common Heterogeneous integration and IP reuse Strategies (CHIPS integration standards required to better leverage leading-edge commercial sector techn designed chiplets which can be reused across applications, manufacturers, and transist design costs across programs, better align electronics design and fabrication with milital its traditional reliance on the proprietary capabilities of a few on-shore manufacturers.	ologies in DoD systems. T tor types, allowing DoD to	he program amortize IC				
Accom	plishments/Planned Prog	grams Subt	otals	194.158	196.493	421.00
Accom	plishments/Planned Prog	grams Subt	otals FY 2022		196.493	421.00
Congressional Add: ERI 2.0 - Congressional Add	plishments/Planned Prog			2	196.493	421.00
	imensional  OHI to identify capabilities s for validation of terogeneous integration nance in microsystems. temperature		FY 2022	2	196.493	421.0

PE 0602716E: *ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY* Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 26 of 27

R-1 Line #24

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 D	efense Advanced Research Projects Agency	Date: April 2022
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602716E / ELECTRONICS TECHNO LOGY	Project (Number/Name) ELT-02 / BEYOND SCALING TECHNOLOGY
C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)	<u>'</u>	
N/A		
Remarks		
D. Acquisition Strategy		
N/A		

PE 0602716E: *ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY* Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 27 of 27

R-1 Line #24

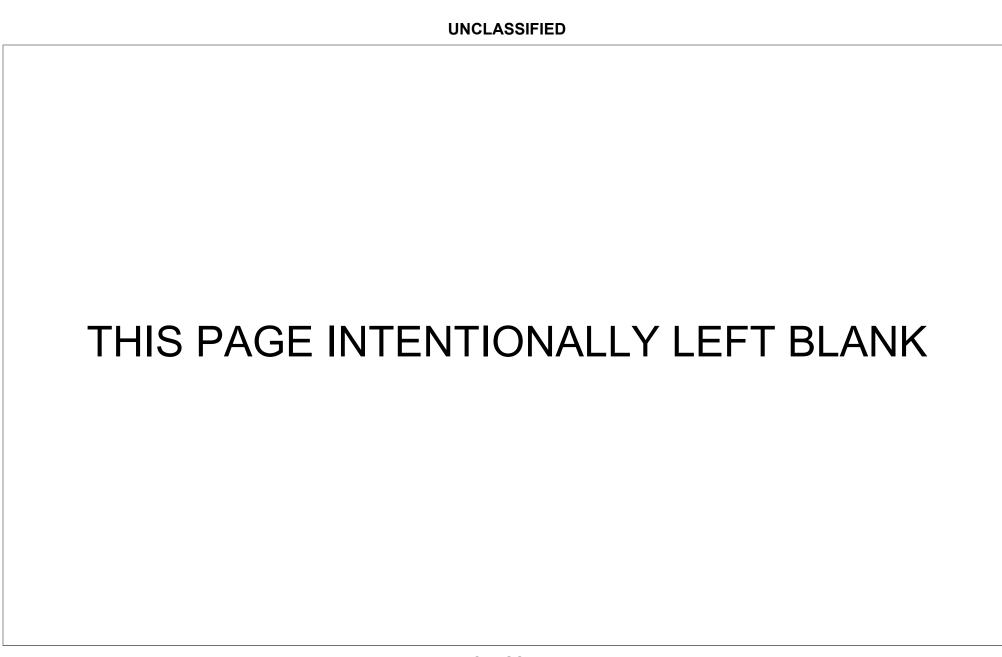


Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)

0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 3:

PE 0603286E I ADVANCED AEROSPACE SYSTEMS

Advanced Technology Development (ATD)

Appropriation/Budget Activity

,	' '											
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023 Base	FY 2023 OCO	FY 2023 Total	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
Total Program Element	-	216.283	194.043	253.135	-	253.135	200.933	200.546	225.320	238.057	-	-
AIR-01: ADVANCED AEROSPACE SYSTEMS	-	216.283	194.043	253.135	-	253.135	200.933	200.546	225.320	238.057	-	-
Quantity of RDT&E Articles	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

The Advanced Aerospace Systems program element, budgeted in the Advanced Technology Development Budget Activity, is focused on exploiting high pay-off opportunities to provide revolutionary new system capabilities, as opposed to incremental or evolutionary advancements, in order to achieve undeterrable air presence at dramatically reduced costs. Rapid prototyping and experimentation of integrated system concepts, as well as enabling vehicle subsystems will be conducted. Programs will explore new architectural concepts that employ a mix of weapon technologies that achieve lethality through a combination of overwhelming performance and overwhelming numbers rather than through the use of singular and costly high value assets. Studies conducted under this program element include examination and evaluation of emerging aerospace threats, technologies, concepts, use of autonomy to minimize risk, and applications for missiles, munitions, and vehicle systems.

B. Program Change Summary (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023 Base	FY 2023 OCO	FY 2023 Total
Previous President's Budget	223.478	174.043	0.000	-	0.000
Current President's Budget	216.283	194.043	253.135	-	253.135
Total Adjustments	-7.195	20.000	253.135	-	253.135
<ul> <li>Congressional General Reductions</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
<ul> <li>Congressional Directed Reductions</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
<ul> <li>Congressional Rescissions</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
Congressional Adds	0.000	20.000			
Congressional Directed Transfers	0.000	0.000			
Reprogrammings	0.000	0.000			
SBIR/STTR Transfer	-7.195	0.000			
<ul> <li>Adjustments to Budget Year</li> </ul>	-	-	253.135	-	253.135

## Congressional Add Details (\$ in Millions, and Includes General Reductions)

Project: AIR-01: ADVANCED AEROSPACE SYSTEMS

Congressional Add: Advanced Full Range Engine (AFRE) Congressional Add

Congressional Add: Hypersonic Risk Reduction (Hypersonic Air breathing Weapon Concept) - Congressional Add

Congressional Add: Hypersonic Risk Reduction (Tactical Boost Glide) - Congressional Add

FY 2021	FY 2022
2.500	-
-	15.000
-	5.000

Date: April 2022

PE 0603286E: ADVANCED AEROSPACE SYSTEMS
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 1 of 9

R-1 Line #40

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

Appropriation/Budget Activity

R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)

0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 3: PE 0603286E I ADVANCED AEROSPACE SYSTEMS Advanced Technology Development (ATD)

Congressional Add Details (\$ in Millions, and Includes General Reductions)FY 2021FY 2022Congressional Add Subtotals for Project: AIR-012.50020.000Congressional Add Totals for all Projects2.50020.000

### **Change Summary Explanation**

FY 2021: Decrease reflects SBIR/STTR transfer.

FY 2022: Increase reflects a Congressional add for Hypersonic risk reduction.

FY 2023: FY 2023 funding increase reflects the fact that the FY 2022 President's Budget request did not include out-year funding.

C. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
Title: LongShot	24.000	36.000	36.000
<b>Description:</b> The LongShot program is developing and flight demonstrating an air-launched Unmanned Aerial Vehicle (UAV) capable of engaging multiple adversary targets from standoff ranges using existing air-to-air missiles. LongShot will be deployed either externally from existing fighters or internally from existing bombers. This system will capitalize on a slower speed, fuel-efficient air vehicle for ingress, while retaining highly energetic air-to-air missiles for end-game target engagements, which provides several key benefits that increase weapon effectiveness. This program will address the stability and control challenges of launching air-to-air missiles from a relatively small UAV in an operational environment. Potential transition partners include the Navy and Air Force.			
<ul> <li>FY 2022 Plans:</li> <li>Complete preliminary design of the Demonstration System and conduct preliminary design review.</li> <li>Complete Wind Tunnel Testing of the Demonstration Air Vehicle.</li> <li>Conduct missile separation test.</li> <li>Initiate System Integration Laboratory setup and testing.</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>Conduct risk reduction testing and requirements verification and validation events to mature the demonstration system design.</li> <li>Complete critical design of the demonstration system and conduct critical design review.</li> <li>Initiate demonstration system fabrication, integration, assembly, and test.</li> </ul>			
Title: Series Hybrid Electric Propulsion AircRaft Demonstrator (SHEPARD)	16.770	23.000	22.000
<b>Description:</b> The Series Hybrid Electric Propulsion AircRaft Demonstrator (SHEPARD) program is designing and developing an efficient Hybrid Electric Propulsion (HEP) system and integrating it into a unique military aircraft application. The innovative aircraft design will include essential operational considerations and mission system components. The program employs a rapid development framework that capitalizes on maturing mission-enabling technologies to quickly meet emergent mission needs while			

PE 0603286E: ADVANCED AEROSPACE SYSTEMS
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 2 of 9

R-1 Line #40

UNCLASSIFIED			
Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Research Projects A	Agency Date: A	April 2022	
	nent (Number/Name) VANCED AEROSPACE SYSTEMS		
C. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
overcoming significant system-level technical challenges. The result will be a flight-demonstrated mission capability that is developed quickly and at relatively low cost.	system with a minimal viable		
FY 2022 Plans:  - Conduct propulsion component testing.  - Begin aircraft fabrication.  - Conduct system integration lab testing.  - Develop test plans and range coordination.			
FY 2023 Plans: - Complete aircraft fabrication Conduct a flight test series.			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects completion of aircraft fabrication.			
Title: Glide Breaker	7.000	7.000	18.250
<b>Description:</b> Glide Breaker is developing and demonstrating a critical component technology to sudesigned for precise engagement of hypersonic threats at very long range. Glide Breaker focuses technology with applicability to a variety of interceptor concepts and designs. The development of initiate with ground testing, followed by testing in a wind tunnel to develop a performance database execution of a sounding rocket flight test to demonstrate the technology in a relevant hypersonic from	on a single, critical, long-lead he component technology will to inform future designs and		
<ul> <li>FY 2022 Plans:</li> <li>Conduct ground demonstration of component technologies.</li> <li>Initiate design of sounding rocket test article design for flight test of component technology.</li> </ul>			
FY 2023 Plans: - Conduct wind tunnel testing of component to develop performance database in relevant aerother Complete preliminary design of flight test article.	mal environment.		
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement:  The FY 2023 increase reflects transition from demonstration of a component to prepare for integra relevant aero-thermal environment.	ted flight demonstration in a		
Title: Advanced Aerospace System Concepts	3.000	3.000	3.200

PE 0603286E: ADVANCED AEROSPACE SYSTEMS
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 3 of 9

R-1 Line #40

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	JNCLASSIFIED			
Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advance	ed Research Projects Agency	Date: A	April 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 3: Advanced Technology Development (ATD)	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603286E / ADVANCED AEROSPACE SYSTEM	<i>M</i> S		
C. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
<b>Description:</b> Studies conducted under this program examine and evaluate a concepts for applicability to military use. This includes the degree and scope operations, mission utility, and warfighter capability. Studies are also condu with possible methods and technologies to counter them. The feasibility of a resources, schedule, and technological risk, is also evaluated. The results f prototype development programs or refocus ongoing work. Topics include: munition technologies to increase precision, range, endurance, and lethality systems; air vehicle control, power, propulsion, materials, and architectures;	e of potential impact and improvements to military cted to analyze emerging aerospace threats along achieving potential improvements, in terms of from these studies are used, in part, to formulate future methods of defeating enemy anti-aircraft attacks; of weapons for a variety of mission sets; novel launch			
<ul> <li>FY 2022 Plans:</li> <li>Examine operational utility of novel aerospace system concepts.</li> <li>Assess feasibility and practicality of developmental aerospace subsystems</li> <li>Perform modeling and simulation that support future concepts and novel a</li> </ul>				
<ul> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>- Assess ability of novel aerospace propulsion concepts to be integrated into</li> <li>- Refine concepts for integration of cross-domain air dominance solutions.</li> <li>- Integrate advanced aerospace systems concepts and technologies into re</li> </ul>	·			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects emphasis on studies related to advanced pro enabling novel weapons delivery.	pulsion concepts leading to critical technologies			
Title: Liberty Lifter		-	-	31.000
<b>Description:</b> The Liberty Lifter program is designing and demonstrating a rucapable of extended on-water operations and flight both in and out of ground is a robust sea plane capability to operate in high sea states as well as an in reduces vehicle acquisition costs. The vehicle is anticipated to be survivable extremely low altitude operations and speeds significantly higher than ships water will minimize exposure time and enable a wide variety of mission capa Lifter program is envisioned to transition a full-scale technology demonstrate and development activities. The Liberty Lifter program is building upon techn Space Technologies program budgeted in PE 0602702E, Project TT-07.	d effect. Critical to an effective aircraft of this type inovative manufacturing approach that dramatically against peer threats due to the combination of . The ability to deploy amphibious cargo while on the abilities in the maritime and air domains. The Liberty or to military service partners for continued testing			
FY 2023 Plans:				

PE 0603286E: *ADVANCED AEROSPACE SYSTEMS*Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED Page 4 of 9

R-1 Line #40

•	INCLASSIFIED			
Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advance	ed Research Projects Agency	Date: A	pril 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 3: Advanced Technology Development (ATD)	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603286E I ADVANCED AEROSPACE SYSTEM	MS		
C. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
<ul> <li>Conduct design and analysis activities leading to a conceptual design.</li> <li>Initiate preliminary design and analysis activities.</li> <li>Conduct risk reduction activities.</li> </ul>				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects program initiation.				
Title: Tactical Boost Glide		74.663	50.043	30.000
<b>Description:</b> The Tactical Boost Glide (TBG) program is a Joint DARPA / Ai technologies to enable air-launched tactical range hypersonic boost glide systis traceable to an operationally relevant weapon that can be launched from contraceability, compatibility, and integration with the Navy Vertical Launch Systinclude total range, time of flight, payload, accuracy, and impact velocity. The issues required to enable development of a hypersonic boost glide system controllated aerodynamic and aero-thermal performance, controllability and robuststem attributes and subsystems required to be effective in relevant operations and improving affordability for both the demonstration system and future for transition to the Air Force and the Navy.	stems, including flight demonstration of a vehicle that current platforms. The program will also consider em (VLS). The metrics associated with this objective e program will address the system and technology onsidering (1) vehicle concepts possessing the ustness for a wide operational envelope, (2) the onal environments, and (3) approaches to reducing			
FY 2022 Plans:  Complete Engineering Review Board (ERB) activities for flight test 1 invests.  Complete corrective-action design verification and qualification testing for recomplete Assembly, Integration, and Test (AI&T) of second and third flights.  Conduct test readiness review (TRR) for second and third flights, conduct recomplete Navy variant weapon datalink (WDL) critical design.  Conduct Navy variant guidance electronic unit (GEU) critical design.  Conduct four Navy variant GEU captive flight tests and complete post-test.  Complete materials arc-jet testing.  Complete second TBG performer's engineering component and system-level complete second TBG performer's material and thermo-structural risk reductest, and full-scale hot structure test.  FY 2023 Plans:	return to flight. t-test vehicle. second flight test, and complete post-flight analysis. analysis. vel testing and design verification testing.			

PE 0603286E: *ADVANCED AEROSPACE SYSTEMS*Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 5 of 9

R-1 Line #40

	NOLAGOII ILD			
Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced	d Research Projects Agency	Date: A	pril 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 3: Advanced Technology Development (ATD)	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0603286E <i>I ADVANCED AEROSPACE SYSTEI</i>	MS		
C. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)  - Conduct third flight test and complete post-test analysis.		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects move to final assembly integration and third to	est flight.			
Title: Control of Revolutionary Aircraft with Novel Effectors (CRANE)		-	-	52.685
<b>Description:</b> The Control of Revolutionary Aircraft with Novel Effectors (CRA improvements in aircraft controls technology. The program will design, build, at altitude relying on state-of-the-art Active Flow Control (AFC) technology. A of technology approaches; it includes a number of control mechanisms which suction of fluid via an orifice on a lifting body. An emphasis of the program is reduction and experimentation, integrated testing, fabrication and demonstrat Technologies, design tools and models developed and demonstrated under the well as the civilian aerospace sector for application to future air systems develope 1000 in PE 0602702E, Project TT-07.	and flight test an aircraft able to fly and maneuver AFC is a broad term that encompasses a range alter the aerodynamic flow field thru ejection or on assessing AFC component technologies, risk ion of a relevant scale novel and innovative aircraft. his program will be made available to all Services as			
<ul> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>Complete detailed design, flight software, and control law development.</li> <li>Conduct system critical design review.</li> <li>Begin subsystems integration and begin fabrication of a demonstration airc.</li> <li>Initiate airworthiness and ground/flight test approvals supporting testing of the state of the s</li></ul>				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects maturation of program from PE 0602702E, Prodemonstration aircraft.	oject TT-07, into detailed design and fabrication of the			
Title: Operational Fires		47.575	45.000	-
<b>Description:</b> The Operational Fires (OpFires) program is developing and der enabling advanced tactical weapons to penetrate modern enemy air defenses sensitive targets. This program will develop an advanced booster capable of ranges. Additional considerations include the need for compatible mobile grown existing ground forces and infrastructure, and specific system attributes requiprogram will conduct an engineering flight test to demonstrate the critical tech will be captured in an integrated weapon system critical design review for a proper opposition of the program will leverage and integrate ongoing investments in hypersonics to accompanies.	s, and rapidly and precisely engage critical time- delivering a variety of payloads at a variety of und launch platforms enabling integration with red for rapid deployment and redeployment. The inclogies in a relevant environment. Those lessons otential follow-on effort developing a full prototype.			

PE 0603286E: *ADVANCED AEROSPACE SYSTEMS*Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

**UNCLASSIFIED** 

R-1 Line #40 **Volume 1 - 172** 

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advance	d Research Projects Agency	Date: A	pril 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 3: Advanced Technology Development (ATD)	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0603286E <i>I ADVANCED AEROSPACE SYSTEI</i>	MS		
C. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
FY 2022 Plans:  - Complete booster separation, missile control system, and design verificatio  - Complete flight test configuration assembly, integration, test plans and read  - Complete flight test demonstrating canister egress engineering test.  - Complete integrated weapon system Critical Design Review (CDR).				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects program completion.				
Title: Hypersonic Air-breathing Weapon Concept (HAWC)		30.880	10.000	-
<b>Description:</b> The Hypersonic Air-breathing Weapon Concept (HAWC) progrademonstrating technologies for an effective and affordable air-launched hyperadvanced air vehicle configurations capable of efficient hypersonic flight, hydroustained hypersonic cruise, thermal management approaches designed for ladesigns and manufacturing approaches. Investments may lead into develope capacity, and algorithms that support maneuvering and target recognition. The technologies are planned for transition to the Air Force after flight-testing is contained.	rsonic cruise missile. These technologies include rocarbon scramjet-powered propulsion to enable high-temperature cruise, and affordable system ments in aerodynamics, propulsion, and payload is is a joint program with the Air Force, and HAWC			
FY 2022 Plans: - Complete flight tests Complete flight test data analysis and final program review.				
<b>FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement:</b> The FY 2023 decrease reflects completion of flight tests and program comple	etion.			
Title: MoHAWC		-	-	60.00
<b>Description:</b> The MoHAWC program builds off the demonstrator system des the Hypersonic Airbreathing Weapon Concept (HAWC) and supporting technicitegrate, and demonstrate technologies to increase effectiveness and product These technologies include advancing hydrocarbon scramjet-powered propul upgrading aircraft integration algorithms, and improving manufacturing approximately. This program will collaborate with Navy and Air Force science and insertion dates for service programs of record	ology maturation programs. MoHAWC will develop, cibility of an air-launched hypersonic cruise missile. Ision operation, shrinking navigation components, aches. Flight tests will expand the operational			
		1	1	

PE 0603286E: *ADVANCED AEROSPACE SYSTEMS*Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 7 of 9

R-1 Line #40

UNCLASSIFIED						
Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency			Date: A	pril 2022		
	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603286E I ADVANCED AEROSPACE SYSTEMS					
C. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		F	Y 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	
<ul> <li>Incorporate HAWC lessons learned into the cruiser design.</li> <li>Initiate procurement of long lead components for four flight test systems.</li> <li>Complete subsystem technology risk reduction efforts.</li> <li>Begin assembly, integration, and ground testing of cruisers.</li> </ul>						
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects need to initiate a program to leverage, integrate, and demonstrate DARPA technologypersonic weapon.	ologies into a	ı				
Title: Advanced Full Range Engine (AFRE)			9.895	-	-	
components of the TBCC propulsion system at low speed where turbine propulsion is used, at high speed where ramjet (DMRJ) is used, and at turbine-to-DMRJ transition conditions. Large-scale components of this complex p were developed and demonstrated independently and experimentation focused on regimes where the propulsion transitions from low-speed turbine only operation to high-speed DMRJ-only operation. AFRE will enable future a hypersonic systems to operate without special logistics considerations, resulting in transformational changes in k high-speed Intelligence, Surveillance and Reconnaissance (ISR) and Two-Stage-To-Orbit (TSTO) operations. T transition partner for this effort is the Air Force.	ropulsion system smo airfield-based ong-range st	stem oothly I rike,				
Accomplishments/Planned Pro	ograms Sub	totals	213.783	174.043	253.13	
	FY 2021	FY 2022	!			
Congressional Add: Advanced Full Range Engine (AFRE) Congressional Add	2.500	-				
<b>FY 2021 Accomplishments:</b> - Completed facility preparation, hardware installation, and ground test of full-scale combustor (DMRJ) at mode-transition conditions Initiated facility preparations and hardware installation for ground test of full-scale combustor (DMRJ) at mode-transition and high-Mach conditions.	-					
<b>Congressional Add:</b> Hypersonic Risk Reduction (Hypersonic Air breathing Weapon Concept) - Congressional Add	-	15.00	0			
Add						
FY 2022 Plans: - Complete second and third flight tests Complete flight test data analysis and final program review.						

PE 0603286E: *ADVANCED AEROSPACE SYSTEMS*Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 8 of 9

R-1 Line #40

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced	Research Projects Agency	Date: April 2022
	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603286E / ADVANCED AEROSPACE SYSTEMS	
Advanced Technology Development (ATD)		

		FY 2021	FY 2022
FY 2022 Plans: - Test range support for flight test 2 Glider build up and initial system integration for flight test 3.			
	Congressional Adds Subtotals	2.500	20.000

# D. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

N/A

Remarks

# E. Acquisition Strategy

N/A

PE 0603286E: ADVANCED AEROSPACE SYSTEMS
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 9 of 9

R-1 Line #40



Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)

Date: April 2022

Appropriation/Budget Activity

0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 3:

PE 0603287E I SPACE PROGRAMS AND TECHNOLOGY

Advanced Technology Development (ATD)

,	'											
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023 Base	FY 2023 OCO	FY 2023 Total	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
Total Program Element	-	144.463	181.524	81.888	-	81.888	103.364	119.458	125.291	120.790	-	-
SPC-01: SPACE PROGRAMS AND TECHNOLOGY	-	144.463	181.524	81.888	-	81.888	103.364	119.458	125.291	120.790	-	-
Quantity of RDT&E Articles	_	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-		

### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

The Space Programs and Technology program element is budgeted in the Advanced Technology Development budget activity because it addresses high payoff opportunities to dramatically reduce costs associated with advanced space systems and provides revolutionary new system capabilities for satisfying current and projected military missions.

A space force structure that is robust against attack represents a stabilizing deterrent against adversary attacks on space assets. This program element will examine concepts and architectures that move the U.S. away from a dependence on monolithic, ultra-capable, vulnerable, and unsustainably costly assets; replacing them with disaggregated assets that are agile, affordable, and easily replaced. Ready access to space requires the delivery of capabilities, replenishment of supplies into orbit, and rapid manufacturing of affordable space capabilities. In addition, developing space access and spacecraft servicing technologies will lead to reduced ownership costs of space systems and new opportunities for introducing technologies for the exploitation of space.

Systems development is also required to increase the interactivity and functionality of space systems, space-derived information, and services with terrestrial users. Studies under this program element include technologies and systems that will enable satellites and microsatellites to operate more effectively by increasing maneuverability, survivability, and situational awareness, and precision control of multi-payload systems. Studies will actively seek to take advantage of new commercial developments which may enable both rapid constitution/reconstitution of assets, and againty/functionality not previously available for military systems.

B. Program Change Summary (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023 Base	FY 2023 OCO	FY 2023 Total
Previous President's Budget	151.439	101.524	0.000	-	0.000
Current President's Budget	144.463	181.524	81.888	-	81.888
Total Adjustments	-6.976	80.000	81.888	-	81.888
<ul> <li>Congressional General Reductions</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
<ul> <li>Congressional Directed Reductions</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
<ul> <li>Congressional Rescissions</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
<ul> <li>Congressional Adds</li> </ul>	0.000	80.000			
<ul> <li>Congressional Directed Transfers</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
Reprogrammings	-2.100	0.000			
SBIR/STTR Transfer	-4.876	0.000			
Adjustments to Budget Year	-	-	81.888	-	81.888

PE 0603287E: SPACE PROGRAMS AND TECHNOLOGY Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 1 of 6

R-1 Line #41

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

Appropriation/Budget Activity
0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 3:
Advanced Technology Development (ATD)

Date: April 2022

R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)
PE 0603287E I SPACE PROGRAMS AND TECHNOLOGY

Congressional Add Details (\$ in Millions, and Includes General Reductions)

Project: SPC-01: SPACE PROGRAMS AND TECHNOLOGY

Congressional Add: Hypersonic Risk Reduction (Blackjack) - Congressional Add

Congressional Add: Hypersonic Risk Reduction (Robotic Servicing of Geosynchronous Satellites) - Congressional Add

Congressional Add Subtotals for Project: SPC-01

Congressional Add Totals for all Projects

FY 2021	FY 2022
-	55.000
-	25.000
-	80.000
-	80.000

### **Change Summary Explanation**

FY 2021: Decrease reflects reprogrammings and SBIR/STTR transfer.

FY 2022: Increase reflects a Congressional add for Hypersonic risk reduction.

FY 2023: FY 2023 funding increase reflects the fact that the FY 2022 President's Budget request did not include out-year funding.

C. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
Title: Demonstration Rocket for Agile Cislunar Operations (DRACO)	33.000	37.000	57.501
<b>Description:</b> Maintaining U.S. interests in cislunar space requires a leap-ahead propulsion technology. Current space propulsion includes electric (high efficiency but low thrust) and chemical (high thrust but low efficiency). The Demonstration Rocket for Agile Cislunar Operations (DRACO) program is developing and demonstrating a High-Assay Low-Enriched Uranium (HALEU) nuclear thermal propulsion (NTP) system on orbit by 2025. The NTP technology demonstrated by DRACO achieves thrust similar to chemical systems, but with 2-5 times the efficiency. The enhanced performance afforded by NTP will allow the U.S. to lead operations in the cislunar volume, a volume that is in danger of being defined by the adversary.			
<ul> <li>FY 2022 Plans:</li> <li>Conduct conceptual design of the demonstration system (DS) spacecraft.</li> <li>Conduct system requirements review for operational system (OS) and DS spacecraft concepts.</li> <li>Conduct subsystem requirements review for NTP demonstration reactor.</li> <li>Demonstrate designs of NTP fuel elements in representative test environments.</li> <li>Conduct baseline design review for NTP demonstration reactor.</li> <li>Conduct technology maturation plan for DS spacecraft concept.</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>Begin detailed design of the NTP demonstration reactor.</li> <li>Begin fabrication of long lead components for the NTP demonstration reactor.</li> <li>Begin fabrication of long lead components for the demonstration system NTP spacecraft.</li> </ul>			

Advanced Technology Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 3:  Advanced Technology Development (ATD)  C. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)  - Conduct preliminary design of the NTP demonstration reactor Begin detailed design of the NTP demonstration reactor Conduct preliminary design review (PDR) for the demonstration system.  FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 Increase File Capabilities demonstrated will provide constant custody of very large numbers of concurrent targets; target identification, tracking, and characterization; tactical communications; architectural resilience via massive protein targets; target identification, tracking, and characterization; tactical communications; architectural resilience via massive protein the Technology refresh and experimentation. Blackjack will leverage commercial industry plans to build constellation on the ICD to provide global commercial broadband internet service. Key efforts include low size, weight, power, and capit open and a conduction of the Technology refresh and experimental industry plans and advanced manufacturing for military p	Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advance	ed Research Projects Agency	Date: A	pril 2022	
- Conduct preliminary design of the NTP demonstration reactor.  - Begin detailed design of the NTP demonstration reactor.  - Conduct preliminary design review (PDR) for the demonstration system.  FY 2022 in Crease reflects program focus shift from design to fabrication of long lead components for the NTP demonstration reactor and demonstration system NTP spacecraft.  Title: Blackjack  Description: The Blackjack program is developing space technologies demonstrating a proliferated smallsat constellation capability in Low Earth Orbit (LEO). Capabilities demonstrated will provide constant custody of very large numbers of concurrent targets; target identification, tracking, and characterization; tactical communications; architectural resilience via massive proliferation; and rapid on-orbit technology refresh and experimentation. Blackjack will leverage commercial industry plans to build constellations in LEO to provide global commercial broadband internet service. Key efforts include low size, weight, power, and cost (SWaP-C) multi-modality smallsat sensor payloads, algorithms for autonomous payload and architecture command and control, algorithms for satellite on-board processing and data fusion, and advanced manufacturing for military payload mass production. A Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) documents the partnership with U.S. Space Force and Air Force. The anticipated transition partners are the U.S. Space Force, Air Force and Space Development Agency. Blackjack will progress through design and build of 2 satellites with missile warning/defense payloads, then an additional 8 tactical communications/ISR satellites for the full Blackjack demonstration of a proliferated LEO constellation.  FY 2022 Plans:  - Conduct operations of laser communications demonstration satellites.  - Complete assembly, integration, and testing of full demonstration satellites.  - Complete assembly, integration, and testing of full demonstration satellites.  - Launch and conduct check-out and early operations of first two Overhead Persiste	Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 3: Advanced Technology Development (ATD)		OLOGY		
- Begin detailed design of the NTP demonstration reactor Conduct preliminary design review (PDR) for the demonstration system.  FY 2021 oFY 2023 Increase Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects program focus shift from design to fabrication of long lead components for the NTP demonstration reactor and demonstration system NTP spacecraft.  Title: Blackjack  Description: The Blackjack program is developing space technologies demonstrating a proliferated smallsat constellation capability in Low Earth Orbit (LEO). Capabilities demonstrated will provide constant custody of very large numbers of concurrent targets; target identification, tracking, and characterization; tactical communications; architectural resilience via massive proliferation; and rapid on-orbit technology refresh and experimentation. Blackjack will leverage commercial industry plans to build constellations in LEO to provide global commercial broadband internet service. Key efforts include low size, weight, power, and cost (SWaP-C) multi-modality smallsat sensor payloads, algorithms for autonomous payload and architecture command and control, algorithms for satellitie on-board processing and data fusion, and advanced manufacturing for military payload mass production. A Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) documents the partnership WIL S. Space Force and Air Force. The anticipated transition partners are the U.S. Space Force, Air Force and Space Development Agency. Blackjack will progress through design and build of 2 satellities with insistle warming/defense payloads, and then build and launch 2 satellities with missile semanticions and Intelligence, Surveillance, and Reconnaissance (ISR) payloads, and then build and launch 2 satellities with missile resemble warming/defense payloads.  FY 2022 Plans:  - Complete assembly, integration, and testing of full demonstration satellites.  - Complete assembly, integration, and testing of full demonstration satellites.  - Cambele assembly, integration, and testing of first two Overhead Persistent Infra	C. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
The FY 2023 increase reflects program focus shift from design to fabrication of long lead components for the NTP demonstration reactor and demonstration system NTP spacecraft.  10.8  10.	- Begin detailed design of the NTP demonstration reactor.				
Description: The Blackjack program is developing space technologies demonstrating a proliferated smallsat constellation capability in Low Earth Orbit (LEO). Capabilities demonstrated will provide constant custody of very large numbers of concurrent targets; target identification, tracking, and characterization; tactical communications; architectural resilience via massive proliferation on-robit technology refresh and experimentation. Blackjack will leverage commercial industry plans to build constellations in LEO to provide global commercial broadband internet service. Key efforts include low size, weight, power, and cost (SWaP-C) multi-modality smallsat sensor payloads, algorithms for autonomous payload and architecture command and control, algorithms for satellite on-board processing and data fusion, and advanced manufacturing for military payload mass production. A Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) documents the partnership with U.S. Space Force and Air Force. The anticipated transition partners are the U.S. Space Force, Air Force and Space Development Agency. Blackjack will progress through design and build of 2 satellites with tactical communications and Intelligence, Surveillance, and Reconnaissance (ISR) payloads, and then build and launch 2 satellites with missile warning/defense payloads, then an additional 8 tactical communications/ISR satellites for the full Blackjack demonstration of a proliferated LEO constellation.  FY 2022 Plans:  - Conduct operations of laser communications demonstration satellites.  - Complete assembly, integration, and testing of full demonstration satellites.  - Complete assembly integration, and testing of full demonstration satellites.  - Launch full demonstration satellites to support autonomous constellation control.  - Launch and conduct check-out and early operations of first two Overhead Persistent InfraRed (OPIR) satellites.  - Final Blackjack constellation demonstration payload and bus integration.  - Launch and deploy full Blackjack constellation demonstration.	FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects program focus shift from design to fabrication reactor and demonstration system NTP spacecraft.	of long lead components for the NTP demonstration			
capability in Low Earth Orbit (LEO). Capabilities demonstrated will provide constant custody of very large numbers of concurrent targets; target identification, tracking, and characterization; tactical communications; architectural resilience via massive proliferation; and rapid on-orbit technology refresh and experimentation. Blackjack will leverage commercial industry plans to build constellations in LEO to provide global commercial broadband internet service. Key efforts include low size, weight, power, and cost (SWaP-C) multi-modality smallsat sensor payloads, algorithms for autonomous payload and architecture command and control, algorithms for satellite on-board processing and data fusion, and advanced manufacturing for military payload mass production. A Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) documents the partnership with U.S. Space Force and Air Force. The anticipated transition partners are the U.S. Space Force, Air Force and Space Development Agency. Blackjack will progress through design and build of 2 satellites with tactical communications and Intelligence, Surveillance, and Reconnaissance (ISR) payloads, and then build and launch 2 satellites with missile warning/defense payloads, then an additional 8 tactical communications/ISR satellites for the full Blackjack demonstration of a proliferated LEO constellation.  FY 2022 Plans:  - Conduct operations of laser communications demonstration satellites.  - Complete assembly, integration, and testing of full demonstration satellites.  - Camplete assembly, integration, and testing of full demonstration satellites.  - Launch full demonstration satellites to support autonomous constellation control.  - Launch and conduct check-out and early operations of first two ISR/Radio Frequency (RF) satellites.  FY 2023 Plans:  - Launch and conduct check-out and early operations of first two Overhead Persistent InfraRed (OPIR) satellites.  Final Blackjack constellation demonstration demonstration.	Title: Blackjack		64.634	42.019	10.887
<ul> <li>Conduct operations of laser communications demonstration satellites.</li> <li>Complete assembly, integration, and testing of full demonstration satellites.</li> <li>Launch full demonstration satellites to support autonomous constellation control.</li> <li>Launch and conduct check-out and early operations of first two ISR/Radio Frequency (RF) satellites.</li> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>Launch and conduct check-out and early operations of first two Overhead Persistent InfraRed (OPIR) satellites.</li> <li>Final Blackjack constellation demonstration payload and bus integration.</li> <li>Launch and deploy full Blackjack constellation demonstration.</li> </ul>	capability in Low Earth Orbit (LEO). Capabilities demonstrated will provide of targets; target identification, tracking, and characterization; tactical community proliferation; and rapid on-orbit technology refresh and experimentation. Blato build constellations in LEO to provide global commercial broadband interripower, and cost (SWaP-C) multi-modality smallsat sensor payloads, algorithm command and control, algorithms for satellite on-board processing and data payload mass production. A Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) documents Force. The anticipated transition partners are the U.S. Space Force, Air For progress through design and build of 2 satellites with tactical communication (ISR) payloads, and then build and launch 2 satellites with missile warning/d communications/ISR satellites for the full Blackjack demonstration of a prolif	constant custody of very large numbers of concurrent ications; architectural resilience via massive ackjack will leverage commercial industry plans net service. Key efforts include low size, weight, ams for autonomous payload and architecture fusion, and advanced manufacturing for military is the partnership with U.S. Space Force and Air rece and Space Development Agency. Blackjack will as and Intelligence, Surveillance, and Reconnaissance lefense payloads, then an additional 8 tactical			
<ul> <li>Launch and conduct check-out and early operations of first two Overhead Persistent InfraRed (OPIR) satellites.</li> <li>Final Blackjack constellation demonstration payload and bus integration.</li> <li>Launch and deploy full Blackjack constellation demonstration.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Complete assembly, integration, and testing of full demonstration satellites</li> <li>Launch full demonstration satellites to support autonomous constellation of</li> </ul>	control.			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement:	FY 2023 Plans:  - Launch and conduct check-out and early operations of first two Overhead  - Final Blackjack constellation demonstration payload and bus integration.  - Launch and deploy full Blackjack constellation demonstration.	Persistent InfraRed (OPIR) satellites.			
	FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement:				

PE 0603287E: SPACE PROGRAMS AND TECHNOLOGY Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

Date: April 2022

Appropriation/Budget Activity

R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)

0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 3: Advanced Technology Development (ATD)

PE 0603287E I SPACE PROGRAMS AND TECHNOLOGY

C. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
The FY 2023 decrease reflects a shift from spacecraft assembly, integration, testing, and launch to on-orbit operations.			
Title: Robotic Servicing of Geosynchronous Satellites (RSGS)	43.329	19.005	10.000
Description: A large number of national security and commercial space systems operate at geosynchronous earth orbit (GEO), providing persistence and enabling ground station antennas to point in a fixed direction. Technologies for servicing of GEO spacecraft would involve a mix of highly automated and remotely operated (from Earth) robotic systems. The Robotic Servicing of Geosynchronous Satellites (RSGS) program will establish the capability to provide robotic services in GEO suitable for a variety of potential servicing tasks, in full collaboration and cooperation with existing satellite owners and national security space operators, and with sufficient propellant for several years of follow-on capability. Key RSGS challenges include robotic tool/end effector requirements, efficient orbital maneuvering of a servicing vehicle, robotic arm systems, automation of certain spacecraft operations, and development of the infrastructure for coordinated control between the servicer and client spacecraft operations teams. The transition agreement is with a commercial partner who will provide the satellite to carry the robotic payload and who will operate the robotic servicer. To support the development of a broadly accepted satellite servicing capability, DARPA is using the Consortium for Execution of Rendezvous and Servicing operations (CONFERS) approach to bring together experts from the private sector and Government to research, develop and publish nonbinding, consensus-based standards for safe operational approaches to on-orbit servicing.			
FY 2022 Plans:  Complete payload flight software qualification.  Complete payload structures fabrication.  Complete build and test of robotic arms.  Complete integration of robotic payload.  Start testing and space qualification of integrated robotic payload.  Initiate partner training and detailed demonstration planning.  Convene CONFERS fourth general assembly and Global Satellite Servicing Forum.  Publication of CONFERS revised technical standards document inclusive of lessons learned from on-going commercial and government activity.			
FY 2023 Plans:			

# FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement:

Complete testing and space qualification of integrated robotic payload.Deliver integrated and tested robotic payload for integration to spacecraft.

- Complete partner training and detailed demonstration planning.

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advance	Date: A	Date: April 2022					
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 3: Advanced Technology Development (ATD)	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603287E I SPACE PROGRAMS AND TECHNOLOGY						
C. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023				
The FY 2023 decrease reflects shift from completion of robotic payload fabri integration.							
Title: Advanced Space Technology Concepts		3.500	3.500	3.500			

**Title:** Advanced Space Technology Concepts 3.500 3.500 **Description:** Studies conducted under this program will examine and evaluate emerging technologies and concepts with the potential to provide substantial improvement in efficiency, effectiveness, and resilience of operations in space. This includes the degree and scope of potential impact and improvements to military operations, mission utility, and warfighter capability. Studies are also conducted to analyze emerging threats along with possible methods and technologies for countermeasures. The feasibility of achieving potential improvements, in terms of resources, schedule, and technological risk, is also evaluated. The results from these studies are used, in part, to formulate future programs or refocus ongoing work. Topics of consideration include applying artificial intelligence to low earth orbit constellation operations to enable collaboration between space, air, maritime, and ground platforms in anti-access/area denial (A2/AD) theaters; robust architectures for precision navigation and timing; enabling operations in Cislunar space; and on-orbit software environments. FY 2022 Plans: - Initiate studies of new concepts and novel approaches for precision navigation and timing systems.

- Examine the use of new technologies to enable operation in novel orbital domains.

#### FY 2023 Plans:

- Initiate studies of novel approaches for reconfigurable satellite systems and payloads.

	FY 2021	FY 2022
Congressional Add: Hypersonic Risk Reduction (Blackjack) - Congressional Add	-	55.000
<ul> <li>FY 2022 Plans: - Build all ISR/RF &amp; OPIR payloads, buses and Pit Bosses.</li> <li>- Complete assembly, integration, and testing of first two and initiate eight additional ISR/RF satellites to support autonomous constellation demonstration.</li> </ul>		
Congressional Add: Hypersonic Risk Reduction (Robotic Servicing of Geosynchronous Satellites) - Congressional Add	-	25.000
FY 2022 Plans: - Complete flight software integration and test Integrate flight avionics, tools and robotic arms on spacecraft structure and test Conduct space qualification testing and deliver robotic payload components to commercial partner.		

PE 0603287E: SPACE PROGRAMS AND TECHNOLOGY Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED Page 5 of 6

R-1 Line #41

144.463

101.524

81.888

**Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals** 

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

Appropriation/Budget Activity

R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)

0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 3:

Advanced Technology Development (ATD)

PE 0603287E I SPACE PROGRAMS AND TECHNOLOGY

	FY 2021	FY 2022
- Initiate partner training and detailed demonstration planning.		
Congressional Adds Subtotals	-	80.000

## D. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

N/A

Remarks

# E. Acquisition Strategy

N/A

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)

0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 3:

PE 0603739E I ADVANCED ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGIES

Date: April 2022

Advanced Technology Development (ATD)

Appropriation/Budget Activity

,												
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior			FY 2023	FY 2023	FY 2023					Cost To	Total
φ in winions)	Years	FY 2021	FY 2022	Base	oco	Total	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	Complete	Cost
Total Program Element	-	92.989	140.716	250.917	-	250.917	313.030	333.025	336.068	346.768	-	-
MT-15: MIXED TECHNOLOGY INTEGRATION	-	16.701	27.854	33.406	-	33.406	89.030	105.175	112.332	120.832	-	-
MT-16: BEYOND SCALING ADVANCED TECHNOLOGIES	-	76.288	112.862	217.511	-	217.511	224.000	227.850	223.736	225.936	-	-

### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

The Advanced Electronics Technologies Program Element is budgeted in the Advanced Technology Development Budget Activity because it seeks to design and demonstrate state-of-the-art manufacturing and processing technologies for the production of various electronics and microelectronic devices, sensor systems, integrated photonic-electronic components that have military applications and potential commercial utility. Introduction of advanced product design capability and flexible, scalable manufacturing techniques will enable the commercial sector to rapidly and cost-effectively satisfy military requirements.

The Mixed Technology Integration project funds the advanced development and demonstration of selected basic and applied electronics research programs. Examples of technologies with funded development and demonstration activities include, but are not limited to: reducing the size, weight, and power (SWaP) of components for laser weapon systems that will protect airborne platforms from emerging surface-to-air missiles; integrated photonic-electronic components for positioning, navigation and timing in GPS-denied environments; flexible, software-defined cameras that enable real-time image analysis of complex scenes to provide more actionable information; and optical communications systems that rely on no moving parts enabling their use on SWaP-restricted platforms. Funding under this project is intended to advance transitioning novel technologies to use, providing advanced components compatible with mid-term and other future warfighting requirements.

The Beyond Scaling Advanced Technologies Project supports activities to enable and accelerate the transition of disruptive microelectronics advancement, including those developed under the Beyond Scaling Sciences (ES-02) and Beyond Scaling Technology (ELT-02) projects. Funding under this project will include developing new technologies and capabilities in commercial settings, establishing access to these new processes and to commercial state-of-the-art foundries, enabling prototyping, developing manufacturable processes for integrated photonics, advancing new architectures and integration technologies for advanced field programmable gate arrays (FPGAs), and innovating back end of line technologies for wide bandgap semiconductors.

PE 0603739E: ADVANCED ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGIES Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 1 of 12

R-1 Line #60

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)

0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 3:

PE 0603739E I ADVANCED ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGIES

Advanced Technology Development (ATD)

Appropriation/Budget Activity

B. Program Change Summary (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023 Base	FY 2023 OCO	FY 2023 Total
Previous President's Budget	95.864	116.716	0.000	-	0.000
Current President's Budget	92.989	140.716	250.917	-	250.917
Total Adjustments	-2.875	24.000	250.917	-	250.917
<ul> <li>Congressional General Reductions</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
<ul> <li>Congressional Directed Reductions</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
<ul> <li>Congressional Rescissions</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
Congressional Adds	0.000	24.000			
<ul> <li>Congressional Directed Transfers</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
Reprogrammings	0.212	0.000			
SBIR/STTR Transfer	-3.087	0.000			
Adjustments to Budget Year	-	-	250.917	-	250.917

**Congressional Add Details (\$ in Millions, and Includes General Reductions)** 

**Project:** MT-16: BEYOND SCALING ADVANCED TECHNOLOGIES

Congressional Add: ERI 2.0 - Congressional Add

	FY 2021	FY 2022
	-	24.000
Congressional Add Subtotals for Project: MT-16	-	24.000
Congressional Add Totals for all Projects	-	24.000

# **Change Summary Explanation**

FY 2021: Decrease reflects SBIR/STTR transfer offset by reprogrammings.

FY 2022: Increase reflects a Congressional add for ERI 2.0.

FY 2023: FY 2023 funding increase reflects the fact that the FY 2022 President's Budget request did not include out-year funding.

Date: April 2022

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency										Date: April	2022	
0400 / 3					PE 0603739E I ADVANCED ELECTRONI N				Project (Number/Name) MT-15 I MIXED TECHNOLOGY INTEGRATION			
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023 Base	FY 2023 OCO	FY 2023 Total	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
MT-15: MIXED TECHNOLOGY INTEGRATION	-	16.701	27.854	33.406	-	33.406	89.030	105.175	112.332	120.832	-	-
Quantity of RDT&E Articles	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

## A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

The Mixed Technology Integration project funds the advanced development and demonstration of selected basic and applied electronics research programs. Examples of technologies with funded development and demonstration activities include, but are not limited to: reducing the size, weight, and power (SWaP) of components for laser weapon systems that will protect airborne platforms from emerging surface-to-air missiles; integrated photonic-electronic components for positioning, navigation and timing in GPS-denied environments; flexible, software-defined cameras that enable real-time image analysis of complex scenes to provide more actionable information; and optical communications systems that rely on no moving parts enabling their use on SWaP-restricted platforms. Funding under this project is intended to advance transitioning novel technologies to use, providing advanced components compatible with mid-term and other future warfighting requirements.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
Title: Wideband Secured and Protected Emitter and Receiver (WiSPER)	8.701	21.854	21.000
<b>Description:</b> The Wideband Secured and Protected Emitter and Receiver (WiSPER) program aims to develop an ultrabroadband technology platform to demonstrate a robust, secure, and protected communication link. WiSPER technology provides high signal coding gain to deliver a secured and protected link with significantly enhanced capacity for next generation DoD communications. Current terrestrial tactical radios operate with limited bandwidth at prescribed low frequency bands, which are unable to support high capacity with multiple users and are vulnerable to interference and jamming. WiSPER technology addresses military needs for assured communications, throughput, security, and size, weight, and power limitations of future command, control, communications, computers, intelligence, surveillance and reconnaissance missions. The program will develop an ultra-broadband compact antenna, radio frequency front-end electronics, mixed-signal circuits, and waveform technologies. The WiSPER program will culminate with the integration and demonstration of a secured communication link. Technologies developed under the WiSPER program are planned for transition to the Services.			
<ul> <li>FY 2022 Plans:</li> <li>Optimize the secured radio transceiver design using modeling and simulation.</li> <li>Integrate first-generation functional test prototype of the secured radio transceiver.</li> <li>Test bench-top prototype secured radio transceiver in a laboratory environment, demonstrating spatial coding and first-generation featureless packet generation, transmission, and reception.</li> </ul>			
FY 2023 Plans: - Design second-generation functional test prototype of the secured radio transceiver.			

	UNCLASSIFIED				
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Adv	anced Research Projects Agency	Date: A	pril 2022		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603739E I ADVANCED ELECTRONI CS TECHNOLOGIES		ct (Number/Name) 5 I MIXED TECHNOLOGY GRATION		
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			FY 2022	FY 2023	
<ul> <li>Begin implementation of second-generation functional test prototyl with increased dynamic range and diversity.</li> <li>Optimize the second-generation secured radio transceiver design</li> <li>Integrate second-generation functional test prototype of the secure</li> </ul>	using modeling and simulation.	dth			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects minor program repricing.					
Title: Reconfigurable Imaging (ReImagine)		6.000	6.000	-	
(ROICs) that fundamentally change the way camera systems collect by adding multifunctional flexibility in the ROIC. Today, most camera frame rates. These traditional camera architectures collect a single to can be used to capture different spatial, spectral, or temporal data be of adding imaging subsystems for niche measurements. Although the features or regions of interest (ROIs) in a scene, the cameras collect architecture, conversely, would enable a single, real-time reconfigurate to collect different data in different ROIs. Depending on the need, a land simultaneously process data from a specific ROI, for example, a depth information. The system would interface with virtually any sens demonstrating more efficient data collection and computation across of much more complex scenes and provide more actionable information program are intended for transition to the Air Force, Navy, and Army	as are designed to capture high quality imagery at standar ype of data across the full image frame. Specialty camera ut are rarely deployed because of the cost and complexity ese measurements typically are desired only for specific t specialized data over the full image frame. The Relmagiable, software-defined camera system with the ability Relmagine imager would be able to selectively collect at a higher resolution, at a higher frame rate, or with 3-D sor and could therefore be used in any spectral band. By a ROIs, Relmagine ROICs will enable real-time analysis tion than has ever been possible. Technologies from this	rd us v			
<ul><li>FY 2022 Plans:</li><li>Fully demonstrate the updated ReImagine reconfigurable sensing</li><li>Engage with potential transition partners for relevant applications.</li></ul>	system concept.				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects program completion.					
Title: Modular Efficient Laser Technology (MELT)		-	-	12.40	
<b>Description:</b> The Modular Efficient Laser Technology (MELT) prograss the key building block to enable the next generation of scalable his (LWS). Today's LWS use fiber laser array HEL sources, complex open	igh energy laser (HEL) sources for laser weapon systems				

PE 0603739E: *ADVANCED ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGIES* Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 4 of 12

R-1 Line #60

	OHOLAGOII ILD				
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Adva	anced Research Projects Agency		Date: A	pril 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603739E / ADVANCED ELECTRONI CS TECHNOLOGIES	Proje MT-15 INTE	,		
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
and heavy, contain large numbers of individual components, and requcurrent LWS difficult and costly to manufacture, limiting their deploym in coherent beam combining and photonic integrated circuits (PICs) fasemiconductor-based optical systems, low-loss waveguides, optical in (ASIC) into a compact laser tile that can be integrated with a supportion provide the LWS developer a scalable HEL architecture that maintain SWaP-constrained platforms. MELT will leverage a mature industrial advances in photonic integrated circuits, coherent beam combining all lithography to achieve its program goals. Technologies from this program 2023 Plans:  Design semiconductor emitters with improved electrical-to-optical endeaded and provided and	nent and application. MELT will leverage recent advance abrication techniques to develop tiled arrays integrated interconnects, and application-specific integrated circuiting backplane to provide scalable HEL sources. This will be excellent beam quality and allow LWS deployment of base for semiconductor manufacturing, as well as recell gorithms, semiconductor cooling techniques, and opticitizam are intended for transition to Army, Air Force, and officiency.	es with : ill n ent eal			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects program initiation.					
Title: Precise Robust Inertial Guidance for Munitions (PRIGM)			2.000	-	-
<b>Description:</b> The Precise Robust Inertial Guidance for Munitions (PR positioning, navigation, and timing (PNT) in GPS-denied environment (light-manipulating) components into electronics and in employing midinertial sensors for use in extreme environments. PRIGM focused on Measurement Unit (NGIMU), a state-of-the-art MEMS device, and adr. Readiness Level (TRL) 3 devices to a TRL 6 transition platform. Serv development and remain engaged to facilitate transition of NGIMU preserved.	is. The program exploited advances in integrating photocroelectromechanical systems (MEMS) as high-perform developing and transitioning a Navigation-Grade Inerticular vancing state-of-the-art MEMS gyros from Technology ice laboratories were actively involved throughout prog	onic nance al ram			
	Accomplishments/Planned Programs Sul	ototals	16.701	27.854	33.40
	<u> </u>				

# C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

N/A

**Remarks** 

# D. Acquisition Strategy

N/A

PE 0603739E: *ADVANCED ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGIES* Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 5 of 12

R-1 Line #60

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification	: PB 2023 C	efense Adv	anced Res	earch Proje	cts Agency				Date: April	2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3	ctivity				PE 0603739E I ADVANCED ELECTRONI				Project (Number/Name) MT-16 I BEYOND SCALING ADVANCED TECHNOLOGIES			ANCED
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023 Base	FY 2023 OCO	FY 2023 Total	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
MT-16: BEYOND SCALING ADVANCED TECHNOLOGIES	-	76.288	112.862	217.511	-	217.511	224.000	227.850	223.736	225.936	-	-
Quantity of RDT&E Articles	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

The Beyond Scaling Advanced Technologies Project supports activities to enable and accelerate the transition of disruptive microelectronics advancement, including those developed under the Beyond Scaling Sciences (ES-02) and Beyond Scaling Technology (ELT-02) projects. Funding under this project will include developing new technologies and capabilities in commercial settings, establishing access to these new processes and to commercial state-of-the-art foundries, enabling prototyping, developing manufacturable processes for three-dimensional heterogeneous integration (including integrated photonics), advancing new architectures and integration technologies for advanced field programmable gate arrays (FPGAs), and innovating back end of line technologies for wide bandgap semiconductors.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
Title: Programmable Logic for Applications In Defense (PLAID)	30.000	38.500	30.000
Description: The Programmable Logic for Applications In Defense (PLAID) program is developing a heterogeneous compute platform that can support processing of large data arrays. Current computing architectures are subject to scaling, bandwidth, and memory limitations, and the large size of today's chips limits the movement of data resulting in a fundamental trade-off between circuit size and data throughput. The PLAID program will break this paradigm with new architecture development and will achieve more than a 10X increase in on-chip bandwidth. In addition to the development of this new device, the PLAID program will expedite deployment into DoD systems by engaging the defense industrial base to map DoD-relevant radio frequency (RF) processing problems onto the new architecture. These RF problems may include element-level digital beamforming, multi-target tracking radar applications, and synthetic aperture radar processing. Once applications are mapped onto the new processor, the implementation will be programmed and tested with the intent that the use of the new device developed by commercial industry will directly transition into an asymmetric advantage for the DoD and will be used by the defense industrial base in emerging applications.			
<ul> <li>FY 2022 Plans:</li> <li>Demonstrate five-wafer stack with a complete reliability assessment.</li> <li>Freeze device definition in preparation for completion of physical design.</li> <li>Demonstrate full-chip model with fabric place and route using a commercial design environment.</li> <li>Engage with transition partners to identify relevant applications.</li> <li>Quantify DoD system application trade-offs with respect to how algorithms map into the device programming.</li> </ul>			
FY 2023 Plans:			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Adv	vanced Research Projects Agency	Date: A	pril 2022		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603739E I ADVANCED ELECTRONI CS TECHNOLOGIES	`	ject (Number/Name) 16 I BEYOND SCALING ADVAN CHNOLOGIES		
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	
<ul> <li>Complete device verification and characterization for production of Release completed designs for fabrication.</li> <li>Demonstrate early functional tests in a commercial design enviror</li> <li>Expand engagement with transition partners to include planning for</li> </ul>	nment.				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects a shift from fabrication to final testing	g.				
Title: Technologies for Mixed-mode Ultra Scaled Integrated Circuits	s (T-MUSIC)	13.000	20.500	7.51	
<b>Description:</b> The Technologies for Mixed-mode Ultra Scaled Integr shore semiconductor foundry platform for very wide band radio freq converters for commercial and military systems. Mixed-mode circuit data for processing in computing systems. As defense and commer order to carry more data traffic, integrating the broadband mixed-mode chip becomes imperative to avoid data transfer bottlenecks. T-I analog and digital electronics together in highly-scaled silicon compon-shore. Such processes will enable the high levels of integration a 5G/6G applications. A goal of the T-MUSIC program is to enable ve (GHz) with low noise and high dynamic range. In addition, T-MUSIC mode devices based on the advanced digital CMOS fabrication plat shore foundry capabilities to establish a long-term domestic world-c transition to DoD and commercial applications.	uency (RF) mixed-mode integrated circuit analog-to-digit is take analog and RF signals and transform them to digit cial wireless applications move to higher frequencies in ode circuitry with high speed digital processing logic onto MUSIC seeks to integrate high-speed, high-performance elementary metal-oxide semiconductor (CMOS) foundries and performance needed for DoD-relevant and commercery wide bandwidth wireless operations beyond 100 gigals aims to develop next-generation terahertz (THz) mixed-form. The T-MUSIC program will establish advanced on-	tal ial nertz			
FY 2022 Plans:  - Demonstrate foundational mixed-mode analog and digital circuit because the processes and specifications for next-generation 600 continuous and demonstrate advanced materials, scaled THz devict developed domestic CMOS process platform.  - Work with potential transition partners to identify applications of Technology.	OGHz high speed mixed-mode device technologies. e structures, and integration processes based on program				
FY 2023 Plans:  - Demonstrate foundational mixed-mode analog and digital circuit because to optimize and demonstrate advanced materials, scaled program-developed domestic CMOS process platform.					

PE 0603739E: *ADVANCED ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGIES* Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 7 of 12

R-1 Line #60

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense A	dvanced Research Projects Agency	Date: A	April 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3	pn/Budget Activity  R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603739E / ADVANCED ELECTRONI CS TECHNOLOGIES  R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) MT-10 TECH			
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
<ul> <li>Work towards transition of T-MUSIC technologies for application</li> <li>FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement:</li> <li>The FY 2023 decrease reflects the shift from demonstrating found</li> </ul>		stic		
foundries to transition.  Title: Photonics in the Package for Extreme Scalability (PIPES)		11.000	13.000	5.000
<b>Description:</b> The Photonics in the Package for Extreme Scalabilit technologies for digital microelectronics. Distributed and parallel of from personal-scale multicore processing units to enterprise-scale domains from consumer electronics to DoD systems. Increasingly the limits of computation at individual nodes but by the movement capabilities by intimately integrating photonics with advanced integrating unprecedented combination of high aggregate bandwidth, power will develop photonic input/output (I/O) capability for application-sp (FPGAs) that are widely used in advanced DoD sensors and radio O bandwidth density, efficiency, and reach by more than 100X to escaling. As PIPES technologies mature, they are anticipated to proand emerging tensor-flow processing units that will impact a wide machine learning, large scale emulation, and high performance contransition to larger scale commercial performers and the Services.	omputing architectures are now pervasive across all size is high performance computing systems, and span application, however, the benefits of parallelism are constrained not be of data between nodes. PIPES will advance microelectror grated electronics to yield system connectivity with an efficiency, channel density, and link reach. Specifically, PIF becific integrated circuits and Field-Programmable Gate And frequency systems. The goal of the program is improving enable disruptive DoD system parallelism and performance oliferate into central processing units, graphical processing range of dual-use applications including artificial intelligent omputing. Technologies from this program are intended for	on Dy nics PES Trays I/ e g units, ce,		
FY 2022 Plans:  - Mature FPGAs with optical interfaces for transition to commercial Develop domestic photonics interconnect capabilities to facilitate resources.  - Engage with Service transition partners.	• •	kaging		
FY 2023 Plans:  - Deliver prototype units of leading FPGAs with integrated photon  - Continue to develop domestic photonic interconnect capabilities assembly and packaging.  - Mature next-generation photonic link capabilities with ten times closer electronic-photonic integration.	with emphasis on an accessible ecosystem for integration			

PE 0603739E: *ADVANCED ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGIES* Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 8 of 12

R-1 Line #60

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense A	Advanced Research Projects Agency		Date: A	pril 2022		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603739E I ADVANCED ELECTRONI CS TECHNOLOGIES	MT-16	<b>Project (Number/Name)</b> MT-16 <i>I BEYOND SCALING ADVAN</i> TECHNOLOGIES			
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	
- Continue to develop transition opportunities within the DoD.						
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects the shift from integration and demo	onstration to commercialization.					
Title: Next Generation Microelectronics Prototyping - Public-Priva	ate Partnerships		-	-	175.00	
<b>Description:</b> Next Generation Microelectronics Prototyping - Pub public-private partnerships to manufacture next-generation micros (3DHI), including design, fabrication, packaging, assembly, and to Microelectronics Manufacturing, will emphasize design innovation use of manufacturing automation in the design, assembly, and test from across the country to quickly and efficiently develop working range of organizations and stakeholders to accelerate a domestic design companies and their associated ecosystems to proliferate. This research service will feature a baseline fabrication capability Users of the research service will have the ability to join multi-proj accelerator will remove a major impediment to the domestic devel will extend research capabilities beyond those currently being devaluility to fabricate unique microsystem prototypes using a wide ra	systems using three-dimensional heterogeneous integration of the string. This capability, a National Network for Next General is to sustain U.S. leadership in semiconductors and enhances of 3DHI prototypes. The baseline capability will allow prototypes based on early-stage R&D. This will enable a stable above the same of the string of 3DHI ecosystem, similar to how foundry access enabled to the string of	tion ce the users wide fabless kit. nal ns and the ed				
manufacturing and assembly technologies across silicon, compound microelectronics technologies. Applied research related to this effective control of the co		ed				
FY 2023 Plans:  - Determine the capabilities needed to support 3DHI prototyping, advanced packaging toolsets.  - Identify facilities with base capabilities suited to expanding to needed.  - Create a development plan for automated assembly and advance.  - Prepare a maturation plan for electronic design automation for celestablish a National Network for Next Generation Microelectron pre-competitive technologies that enables the next generation of research to prototyping, by enhancing the ability of users to access resources.	ew 3DHI manufacturing techniques. ced packaging toolsets. custom assembly and advanced packaging. nics Manufacturing public-private partnership for developing manufacturing and accelerates the transfer of innovation for	g				

PE 0603739E: *ADVANCED ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGIES* Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 9 of 12

R-1 Line #60

	UNCLASSIFIED				
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Adva	anced Research Projects Agency		Date: A	pril 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603739E I ADVANCED ELECTRONI CS TECHNOLOGIES	MT-16 /	(Number/N BEYOND S OLOGIES	lame) SCALING AD	VANCED
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
<ul> <li>Coordinate with interagency forums to implement the national strate planning for the National Network for Next Generation Microelectronic coordinated with the other public-private partnerships under develope</li> </ul>	cs Manufacturing public-private partnership goals to be	uding			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY2023 increase reflects program initiation.					
Title: Millimeter Wave Digital Arrays (MIDAS)			14.555	10.862	
<b>Description:</b> The Millimeter Wave Digital Arrays (MIDAS) program is that is scalable to large arrays to provide wideband frequency agility for beamforming. Millimeter wave systems are used today to achieve physical in a small form-factor for applications that include satellite communications in the F-22 and F-35. One of the challenges of using directional commobile. Element-level digital beamforming allows a platform to listen in neighboring platforms. Digital beamforming also enables multiple beam neighbors simultaneously, increasing network throughput and robustre MIDAS is developing a common digital phased array tile that can be uses advanced complementary metal oxide semiconductor (CMOS) than the power consumption compatible with current millimeter wave system and high-performance compound semiconductors to build the power complete system. Technologies from this program are intended for transactions.	from 18 gigahertz (GHz) to 50 GHz with element-level of ysical security through the use of narrow antenna beam ations and tactical line-of-sight communications such as munications is establishing a link when both platforms a in all directions to facilitate discovering and linking with arms so that one platform can communicate with several ness against unexpected outages. To achieve these go used to build large arrays from this common block. MID technology to develop the core transceiver elements at tems, and employs a combination of advanced packaging amplifiers and wideband apertures necessary to make	ligital is re als, AS a size			
FY 2022 Plans:  - Complete fabrication of millimeter wave 64-element digital phased a semiconductor power amplifiers and wideband apertures and begin a - Begin scaling 64-element designs and create test plans for millimet - Complete advancements in the fundamental technologies relevant filters, oscillators, and wideband apertures.	array testing. ter wave 256-element digital phased arrays.				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects program completion.					
Title: Beyond Scaling - Access			7.733	6.000	
<b>Description:</b> The Beyond Scaling - Access program demonstrates decollaborations with leading industry players. Although the United State					

PE 0603739E: *ADVANCED ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGIES* Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 10 of 12

R-1 Line #60

	ced Research Projects Agency			Date: A	pril 2022		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3	R-1 Program Element (Number/ PE 0603739E / ADVANCED ELEC CS TECHNOLOGIES						
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)				FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	
home to three of the five leading-edge silicon foundries, recent investm Additionally, the fabrication cost of next-generation microelectronics has sector is able to spread these costs over a large volume of products, the to meeting its future technology needs. The Beyond Scaling - Access prommercial electronics community, defense industrial base, university revailable microelectronics capabilities. Activities include establishing deart foundries; enabling domestic production of millimeter wave circuits from DoD radar sensors; initializing prototyping facilities and other activities implementation of leading edge technologies; and exploring microelection DoD-specific environments.  FY 2022 Plans:  Demonstrate architectures for systems-on-chip with improved computangae with Service transition partners on novel circuit and memory	s increased at an alarming rate. While the e low volumes used by the DoD creates a rogram forges forward-looking collaboratio researchers, and the DoD to address dome esign capabilities for advanced digital logic for 5G applications, military communication to enhance the likelihood for domestic procronics development and manufacturing capating efficiency for DoD embedded processi	commercia cost barrier ns among t estic and Do in state-of- systems, a duction and pabilities ali	the the-				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects program completion.							
	Accomplishments/Planned Prog	grams Sub	totals	76.288	88.862	217.51	
	Accomplishments/Planned Prog	grams Sub FY 2021	totals		88.862	217.5	
The FY 2023 decrease reflects program completion.	Accomplishments/Planned Prog		FY 20		88.862	217.5	
	nse, commercial and academic (3DHI) capabilities that a public-private n five years. ervice of new 3DHI manufacturing		FY 20	122	88.862	217.51	

PE 0603739E: *ADVANCED ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGIES*Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 11 of 12

R-1 Line #60

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 D	efense Advanced Research Projects Agency	Date: April 2022
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603739E I ADVANCED ELECTRONI CS TECHNOLOGIES	Project (Number/Name) MT-16 / BEYOND SCALING ADVANCED TECHNOLOGIES
C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)		
Remarks		
D. Acquisition Strategy		
N/A		

PE 0603739E: *ADVANCED ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGIES* Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 12 of 12

R-1 Line #60

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

Appropriation/Budget Activity R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)

0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 3: Advanced Technology Development (ATD)

PE 0603760E I COMMAND, CONTROL AND COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS

r tarameta recimency zerolepini	···· ( · ·· = )											
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023 Base	FY 2023 OCO	FY 2023 Total	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
Total Program Element	-	220.184	251.794	305.050	-	305.050	286.745	285.565	251.452	252.002	-	-
CCC-02: INFORMATION INTEGRATION SYSTEMS	-	89.818	122.057	162.803	-	162.803	186.360	236.295	225.202	235.502	-	-
CCC-06: COMMAND, CONTROL AND COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS	-	130.366	129.737	142.247	-	142.247	100.385	49.270	26.250	16.500	-	-

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

The Command, Control and Communications Systems Program Element is budgeted in the Advanced Technology Development Budget Activity because its purpose is to demonstrate and evaluate advanced information systems research and development concepts.

The success of military operations depends on timely, reliable, secure, and synchronized dissemination of command and control and relevant situational awareness information to every military echelon. While wired communications and networks are fairly well developed, providing assured high-bandwidth mobile wireless capabilities that match or exceed commercial wired infrastructure is needed to meet the demands of military users. The goal of the Information Integration Systems project is to develop and demonstrate technologies that will provide effective communications to U.S. forces. Approaches to this goal include developing technologies in these areas:

- High-Capacity Links technologies enables greater back-haul capability.
- Advanced Networking technologies supports resilience, adaptability, scalability, and composable systems to enable adaptive effects webs.
- Low Probability of Detection and Anti-Jam (LPD/AJ) technologies provides assured communications in very high-threat environments.
- Novel Radio Frequency and Spectral Sensing (RF/SS) supports efficient spectrum management in congested environments and detection of electromagnetic threats.

B. Program Change Summary (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023 Base	FY 2023 OCO	FY 2023 Total
Previous President's Budget	221.724	251.794	0.000	-	0.000
Current President's Budget	220.184	251.794	305.050	-	305.050
Total Adjustments	-1.540	0.000	305.050	-	305.050
<ul> <li>Congressional General Reductions</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
<ul> <li>Congressional Directed Reductions</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
Congressional Rescissions	0.000	0.000			
Congressional Adds	0.000	0.000			
Congressional Directed Transfers	0.000	0.000			
Reprogrammings	5.599	0.000			
SBIR/STTR Transfer	-7.139	0.000			
Adjustments to Budget Year	-	-	305.050	-	305.050

PE 0603760E: COMMAND, CONTROL AND COMMUNICATIONS SYST...

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 1 of 11

R-1 Line #61

Date: April 2022

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advance	ced Research Projects Agency	Date: April 2022
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 3: Advanced Technology Development (ATD)	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603760E / COMMAND, CONTROL A	ND COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS
Change Summary Explanation FY 2021: Decrease reflects SBIR/STTR transfer offset by reprograt FY 2022: N/A FY 2023: FY 2023 funding increase reflects the fact that the FY 202	-	ut-year funding.

PE 0603760E: COMMAND, CONTROL AND COMMUNICATIONS SYST...

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency								Date: April	2022			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3					PE 0603760E I COMMAND, CONTROL A CCC-				• •	ct (Number/Name) 02 I INFORMATION INTEGRATION EMS		
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023 Base	FY 2023 OCO	FY 2023 Total	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
CCC-02: INFORMATION INTEGRATION SYSTEMS	-	89.818	122.057	162.803	-	162.803	186.360	236.295	225.202	235.502	-	-
Quantity of RDT&E Articles	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

The success of military operations depends on timely, reliable, secure, and synchronized dissemination of command and control and relevant situational awareness information to every military echelon. While wired communications and networks are fairly well developed, providing assured high-bandwidth mobile wireless capabilities that match or exceed commercial wired infrastructure is needed to meet the demands of military users. The goal of the Information Integration Systems project is to develop and demonstrate technologies that will provide effective communications to U.S. forces. Approaches to this goal include developing technologies in these areas:

- High-Capacity Links technologies enables greater back-haul capability.
- Advanced Networking technologies supports resilience, adaptability, scalability, and composable systems to enable adaptive effects webs.
- Low Probability of Detection and Anti-Jam (LPD/AJ) technologies provides assured communications in very high-threat environments.
- Novel Radio Frequency and Spectral Sensing (RF/SS) supports efficient spectrum management in congested environments and detection of electromagnetic threats.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
Title: Space-Based Adaptive Communications Node (Space-BACN)	-	10.000	31.958
Description: The Space-Based Adaptive Communications Node (Space-BACN) program seeks to create a reconfigurable intersatellite optical communications terminal that has low size, weight, power, and cost (SWaP-C) and easily integrates onto small satellites, as well as a methodology for cross-constellation command and control (C2). Based on technologies developed in the Dynamic Network Adaptation for Mission Optimization (DyNAMO) program (budgeted in this PE/Project), Space-BACN will enable on-orbit communications and data relay between heterogeneous satellite constellations that operate on different optical intersatellite link (OISL) specifications. Today's government and commercial OISL-equipped satellites are unable to communicate with each other due to reliance on single-waveform terminals and a lack of standardization for waveform specifications. Space-BACN will overcome this challenge by developing a modular, reconfigurable optical terminal that is standard-agnostic and able to support most current and future OISL protocols. Space-BACN will also develop a C2 system that controls access and configures connectivity between constellations based on availability and mission requirements. Technology developed under this program will transition to the Services and the Space Development Agency (SDA).			
FY 2022 Plans: - Create initial design of reconfigurable communications terminal.			

PE 0603760E: COMMAND, CONTROL AND COMMUNICATIONS SYST...

**UNCLASSIFIED** 

	UNULAGGII ILD			
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense	Advanced Research Projects Agency	Date:	April 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603760E / COMMAND, CONTROL A ND COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS	Project (Number CCC-02 / INFOR SYSTEMS	GRATION	
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
- Model multiple government and commercial constellations in s	imulated environment.			
<ul> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>Conduct bench top demonstration of reconfigurable, high-speed</li> <li>Perform evaluation of optical aperture in presence of vibration</li> <li>Develop design for low size, weight, power, and cost (SWaP-C)</li> <li>Develop cyber hardening plan for communications terminal elections.</li> <li>Specify interface requirements between communications terminated.</li> <li>Define initial application programming interfaces (APIs) and control</li> </ul>	and thermal fluctuations.  c) optical terminal based on bench top design.  ectronics, operating system, and command and control chan inal components.	nel.		
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects the shift from initial design and me	odeling to development, testing, and integration.			
Title: Mission Integrated Network Control (MINC)		-	16.000	29.02
<b>Description:</b> The goal of the Mission Integrated Network Control technology to enable agile, self-healing, heterogeneous communinformation needs. Technology developed by MINC will translate requests for communication services and will autonomously discrement and execute adaptive effects chains and move information in the Dynamic Network Adaptation for Mission Optimization (Dy applications that will provide up-to-date information to support we picture, and adaptive effects chains across joint all-domain operators are program will transition to the Services.	nications that adapt autonomously to battlefield situations and warfighter information needs and mission applications into over and configure communications nodes and pathways to where it is needed the most. Building on technologies developed NAMO) program, budgeted in this PE/Project, MINC supportantificational awareness, a customized common operation.	d oped ts ating		
FY 2022 Plans:  - Design a secure control overlay network that provides resilient across heterogeneous networks.  - Design network orchestration approaches and interfaces that prince in support of mission objectives and information needs.  - Develop shared interfaces and protocols across program technin order to enable flexibility in transition.	provide semi-autonomous network and information manager	ment		
FY 2023 Plans:  - Improve network resource discovery techniques to include resource network orchestration by responding to network dynamicontrol decisions aligned with mission objectives.		g		

PE 0603760E: COMMAND, CONTROL AND COMMUNICATIONS SYST...

**UNCLASSIFIED** 

	UNCLASSIFIED			
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense A	Advanced Research Projects Agency	Date	April 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603760E I COMMAND, CONTROL A ND COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS	Project (Number/Name)  CCC-02 I INFORMATION INTEGRA SYSTEMS		
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
<ul> <li>Design semi-autonomous mission-driven networking approache</li> <li>Demonstrate integration with multiple transition-oriented applica</li> <li>Interface with transition partners through program workshops ir</li> <li>Conduct Government-led code reviews and evaluate solution s</li> </ul>	ations.  n order to develop operationally-relevant capabilities.			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects a shift from initial design to system	n integration.			
Title: Air Space Total Awareness for Rapid Tactical Execution (A	STARTE)	15.69	3 24.616	23.94
innovative approaches to create a joint, regional (covering the spinanaging local airspace operations in an Anti-Access/Area Denia radars or communications. This capability will support airspace divide array of airborne systems and long-range fires. ASTARTE reprise environment filled with ground and airborne threats, friendly fires, civilian aviation. Based on technologies developed in the System in PE 0603766E/Project NET-01), ASTARTE will develop a virtual algorithms for airspace planning and operations, and a collection spatial and temporal tracking of airborne platforms. ASTARTE with management tools to take advantage of prior investments in tech costs and the impact on training. Technologies from this program	al (A2/AD) environment without requiring conventional high- ynamic planning and real-time re-planning and deconfliction will identify and deconflict operational missions in a complic precision guided munitions, manned and unmanned aircrans of Systems-Enhanced Small Units (SESU) program (but all and live testbed for airspace management systems, a ser of sensors, leveraging existing and novel sensors for real-till be compatible with legacy command and control (C2) air unologies, such as human-machine interfaces, and to minim	n of a cated aft, and digeted ries of time space		
<ul> <li>FY 2022 Plans:</li> <li>Develop understanding and decision algorithms.</li> <li>Conduct critical design review of algorithms and sensor system.</li> <li>Establish Army and Air Force testbeds that will interface to legal.</li> <li>Integrate understanding and decision algorithms and sensor median conduct constructive and virtual integration experiments to eval.</li> <li>Conduct virtual and live experimentation to assess operational.</li> </ul>	acy test and training infrastructure. odels into testbed. aluate technology performance.			
<ul> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>Implement understanding and decision algorithms in software to Integrate ASTARTE sensor architecture with existing DoD senses.</li> <li>Evaluate ASTARTE sensor network performance in live fire execution.</li> <li>Conduct additional live experimentation to assess operational to</li> </ul>	sor systems. ercises to verify predicted performance.			

PE 0603760E: COMMAND, CONTROL AND COMMUNICATIONS SYST...

**UNCLASSIFIED** 

R-1 Line #61

	UNCLASSIFIED				
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Adva	anced Research Projects Agency		Date: A	pril 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603760E / COMMAND, CONTROL A ND COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS	Project (N CCC-02 / I SYSTEMS	NFORM	lame) ATION INTEG	GRATION
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY	2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
<ul> <li>Refine ASTARTE understanding and decision software based on v</li> </ul>	irtual and live experimentation.				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects minor program repricing.					
Title: Resilient Networked Distributed Mosaic Communications (RND	MC)		10.965	22.153	21.762
<b>Description:</b> Resilient Networked Distributed Mosaic Communication tactical communications for an Anti-Access/Area Denial (A2/AD) envithat may be hand carried or hosted on ground platforms, autonomous orbit satellites. RNDMC plans to use a combination of synchronized and reject intentional and unintentional interference. Based on techn (PFC) program (budgeted in this PE/Project), RNDMC will design, detransceivers, providing a robust, low-cost, BLOS tactical communicat nodes become unavailable. The RNDMC goal is a demonstration on Positioning System (GPS). Technologies from this program will trans	ronment by developing low-cost expendable transceivers air vehicles, high altitude platforms, and low-cost/low transceivers and tactical radios to enhance desired signologies developed in the Protected Forward Communicated protected, and demonstrate a distributed field of expendablions system that degrades gracefully as transceiver ground and air platforms and will not be reliant on Glologies.	ers earth nals cations le			
FY 2022 Plans:  Refine system-level design of multiple-hop RNDMC system.  Build prototypes for low size, weight, power, and cost (SWaP-C) traces are begin unit testing of transceiver nodes including tactical waveforms.  Conduct lab testing of prototype system including gain enhancement suppression through distributed coherent beam-nulling.  Conduct long link air-to-ground test to validate RNDMC approach in	augmentation and channel sounding. nts from distributed coherent beamforming and interfere	ence			
FY 2023 Plans:  - Update system designs based on lessons learned from the long-lin  - Conduct terrestrial test to validate RNDMC approach in a multipoin  - Integrate RNDMC payload onto unmanned airborne platforms to su  - Conduct field exercise to validate RNDMC approach in a multi-hop	t to multipoint configuration. upport long-range relay testing.				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects minor program repricing.					
Title: Composable Logistics and Information Omniscience (LogX)			26.552	24.965	21.541
<b>Description:</b> The Composable Logistics and Information Omniscience software for real-time logistics and supply chain system situational av		),			

PE 0603760E: COMMAND, CONTROL AND COMMUNICATIONS SYST...

**UNCLASSIFIED** 

R-1 Line #61

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Adv	ranced Research Projects Agency	Date:	April 2022			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603760E I COMMAND, CONTROL A ND COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS		et (Number/Name) 2 I INFORMATION INTEGRATION EMS			
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023		
and resilience at unprecedented scale and speed. The software will machine interface, dynamic data visualization, and distributed/collab in the Prototype Resilient Operations Testbed for Expeditionary Urba PE 0603766E, Project NET-01), the LogX capability will allow users and control (C2) system utilizing planned cloud-based data environment tied to current logistics datasets. Technologies from the Commands, including U.S. Transportation Command and the Defendence.	corative software design. Based upon technologies dever an Systems of Systems (PROTEUS) program (budgeted to achieve a more distributed and resilient logistics comments. The new capability will be tested in an experiment is program will be transitioned to the Services and Comb	loped in nand tal				
<ul> <li>FY 2022 Plans:</li> <li>Demonstrate an integrated system ready for deployment to operate</li> <li>Demonstrate ability to assess resilience within the logistics enterpression.</li> <li>Characterize the effect of supply chain fluctuations or disruptions.</li> <li>Demonstrate dynamic adaptation of the system to mitigate disruption.</li> </ul>	rise.					
<ul> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>Demonstrate a scalable and deployable capability in a range of op</li> <li>Demonstrate ability to provide enhanced awareness using operation across the logistics enterprise.</li> <li>Demonstrate the ability to improve resilience within the logistics er</li> <li>Document and transition software to hosting on Services' and/or Comment and transition software to hosting on Services.</li> </ul>	onal logistics and supply chain data to inform decision materprise.					
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects a shift from integration and testing ef partners.	forts to preparation for final demonstrations to transition					
Title: Strategic Chaos Engine for Planning, Tactics, Experimentation	and Resiliency (SCEPTER)	-	2.000	15.00		
<b>Description:</b> Based on technologies developed under the Air Space program (budgeted in this PE/Project), the Strategic Chaos Engine from (SCEPTER) program will develop machine generated strategies for surprising Courses of Action (CoAs) by exploring the high complexity speeds. High CoA exploration speed is enabled by tailorable abstract performing CoAs will be validated in higher fidelity simulators along to generate synthetic CoAs to identify vulnerabilities in human generate applied in developing novel plans. Ultimately, SCEPTER will continue.	or Planning, Tactics, Experimentation and Resiliency strategic planning. SCEPTER will discover novel and y state-action space of military engagements at high maction of trusted, expert informed models. A few of the hig with a thorough human review. Initially, SCEPTER will bed plans. In later stages of the program, SCEPTER will be	chine hest				

PE 0603760E: COMMAND, CONTROL AND COMMUNICATIONS SYST...

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 7 of 11

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense	Advanced Research Projects Agency	Date: A	pril 2022			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3		ct (Number/Name) 02				
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023		
and/or red force laydowns, new equipment, etc.) to find new opp competitors. Technology developed under this program will trans						
FY 2022 Plans: - Define military scenarios that will be used to evaluate SCEPTE	ER technologies					
FY 2023 Plans:  - Develop initial methods for incorporating unscripted goal-orien  - Develop initial methods for managing and controlling the expo  - Demonstrate the performance of machine derived plans again	nential growth of the global state-action space.					
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects a shift from initial evaluation plant	ning to strategy development.					
Title: Protected Forward Communications (PFC)		14.545	11.325	10.36		
<b>Description:</b> The collaborative application of combat power in g information and precise coordination of actions across various e conversations: (1) to coordinate the actions of a local group, (2) rear echelon command. The communication links over which th geolocation operations conducted with increasingly sophisticated. This problem is compounded by demands for ever-increasing cate (PFC) program will build on technical advances in resilient, efficit communication architecture to protect all three conversations from unit operations and is particularly relevant to the close air support Controller (JTAC) or Forward Air Controller (FAC). The PFC processing the conversation of the controller (JTAC) and the controller (FAC).	chelons. These operations take place over three critical to coordinate group and airborne assets, and (3) to interact we see three conversations take place are at risk from jamming and exploitation and denial technology employed by our adversal apacity of these links. The Protected Forward Communication ent, and aware communications technology to design a single or jamming and geolocation. PFC is generally applicable to set (CAS) function typically executed by the Joint Terminal Atta	and aries. ns e small				
FY 2022 Plans:  - Conduct engineering over-the-air test of system prototype to v  - Conduct over-the-air testing of system prototype with service t environment.  - Demonstrate air-to-air capability, integration of new anti-jam w waveforms used for different hops.	ransition partner in an emulated anti-access, area denial					
FY 2023 Plans: - Conduct testing of advanced networking capability to support of	communication across heterogeneous platforms and wavefor	ms.				

PE 0603760E: COMMAND, CONTROL AND COMMUNICATIONS SYST...

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense A	Advanced Research Projects Agency	Date: A	pril 2022			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3		ect (Number/Name) C-02 I INFORMATION INTEGRATION TEMS				
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023		
- Demonstrate integrated communications capabilities to transition	on partners based upon mission scenarios and user needs.					
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects shift from prototyping and over-th	e-air testing to integration and demonstration.					
Title: Network Universal Persistence (Network UP)		16.829	10.998	9.213		
<b>Description:</b> Current radios send network control information and failure mode when that wireless link degrades. In many of today' create a loss of network connectivity that can take minutes to reconetwork outages, data transmission is not possible. The Network that maintains network reliability through periods of frequent sign environments. Isolation of critical control channel information in a control channel that can maintain network reliability even when the technology and a prototype system that enables military wireless. The program will develop approaches to separate the control and implement mechanisms to maintain synchronization across those transition to the Services.	Is military wireless networks, even brief wireless link outage cover once the wireless link is re-established. During these UP program will develop and demonstrate radio technology al degradation that routinely occur in military operational a separate, robust wireless link will allow creation of a proteine data channel is lost. The Network UP program will devel networks to send data over dynamic, unstable wireless link data planes across different wireless links and design and	cted op s.				
FY 2022 Plans:  - Test and verify that the operation of the integrated hardware ar  - Demonstrate network connectivity and data throughput on wire  FY 2023 Plans:	, , ,					
<ul> <li>Transition Network UP technology into the U.S. Army's Integral</li> </ul>	ted Network Technology program of record.					
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects a shift from demonstrations to train	nsition efforts.					
Title: Secure Handhelds on Assured Resilient networks at the tack	ctical Edge (SHARE)	5.234	-	-		
<b>Description:</b> The goal of the Secure Handhelds on Assured Res develop innovative networking and information sharing approach operations effectively, efficiently, and securely by eliminating toda provided the level of security provided by today's communications provided new opportunities for U.S. and coalition forces to gain a	es to enable U.S. and coalition forces to coordinate tactical ay's prohibitive security cost and complexity barriers. SHAF s systems, while managing trust at the tactical edge, and	RE				

PE 0603760E: COMMAND, CONTROL AND COMMUNICATIONS SYST...

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 9 of 11

R-1 Line #61

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Res	search Projects Agency		Date: April 2022
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603760E I COMMAND, CONTROL A ND COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS	- , (	umber/Name) NFORMATION INTEGRATION

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
included providing all the information required to enable the command and control necessary to plan and execute operations in all phases of warfare. Technology from this program transitioned to Special Operations and other Service components.			
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals	89.818	122.057	162.803

#### C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

N/A

Remarks

## D. Acquisition Strategy

N/A

PE 0603760E: COMMAND, CONTROL AND COMMUNICATIONS SYST...

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency  Date: April 2022											
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3				PE 060376	am Elemen 60E / COMM IUNICATIO	/ÀND, CON	ITROĹ A			, ĆONTROL	AND	
COST (\$ in Millions)	FY 2023 Base	FY 2023 OCO	FY 2023 Total	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	Cost To Complete	Total Cost			
CCC-06: COMMAND, CONTROL AND COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS	-	130.366	129.737	142.247	-	142.247	100.385	49.270	26.250	16.500	-	-
Quantity of RDT&E Articles	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

This project funds classified DARPA programs that are reported in accordance with Title 10, United States Code, Section 119(a)(1) or its successor.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
Title: Classified DARPA Program	130.366	129.737	142.247
Description: This project funds Classified DARPA Programs. Details of this submission are classified.			
FY 2022 Plans: Details will be provided under separate cover.			
FY 2023 Plans: Details will be provided under separate cover.			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: Details will be provided under separate cover.			
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals	130.366	129.737	142.247

## C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

N/A

Remarks

#### D. Acquisition Strategy

N/A

PE 0603760E: COMMAND, CONTROL AND COMMUNICATIONS SYST...



Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

Appropriation/Budget Activity

R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)

0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 3:

PE 0603766E I NETWORK-CENTRIC WARFARE TECHNOLOGY

Date: April 2022

Advanced Tech	nology Development	(ATD)
---------------	--------------------	-------

,	. ,											
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023 Base	FY 2023 OCO	FY 2023 Total	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
Total Program Element	-	628.540	668.271	678.562	-	678.562	771.075	654.200	620.609	447.955	-	-
NET-01: JOINT WARFARE SYSTEMS	-	152.136	161.089	68.007	-	68.007	69.731	120.790	169.195	177.918	-	-
NET-02: MARITIME SYSTEMS	-	161.728	149.127	179.397	_	179.397	196.094	186.260	208.914	270.037	-	-
NET-06: NETWORK-CENTRIC WARFARE TECHNOLOGY	-	314.676	358.055	431.158	-	431.158	505.250	347.150	242.500	0.000	-	-

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

The Network-Centric Warfare Technology Program Element is budgeted in the Advanced Technology Development budget activity because it addresses high payoff opportunities to develop and rapidly mature advanced technologies and systems required for today's network-centric warfare concepts. It is imperative for the future of the U.S. forces to operate flawlessly with each other, regardless of which services and systems are involved in any particular mission. The overarching goal of this program element is to enable technologies at all levels, regardless of service component, to operate as one system.

The objective of the Joint Warfare Systems project is to create enabling technologies for seamless joint operations, from strategic planning to tactical and urban operations. Joint Warfare Systems leverage current and emerging network, robotic, and information technology and provide next generation U.S. forces with greatly increased capability, lethality, and rapid responsiveness. Critical issues facing this project are: (1) U.S. opponents using systems that are flexible, robust, and difficult to neutralize; and (2) U.S. doctrine that limits the use of firepower to lessen the impact of operations on noncombatants. These problems are magnified in urban and semi-urban areas where combatants and civilians are often co-located and in peacekeeping operations where combatants and civilians are often indistinguishable. Meeting these challenges places a heavy burden on joint war planning. Understanding opponent networks is essential so that creative options can be developed to counter their strategies. Synchronization of air and ground operations to apply force only where needed and with specific effects is required. This project supports all levels of the force structure including: (1) the strategic/operational level by generating targeting options against opponents' centers of gravity that have complex networked relationships; (2) the tactical/operational level by managing highly automated forces with tight coupling between air and ground platforms; and (3) the focused tactical level by developing platforms and tools, which acquire targets of opportunity and cue network-based analysis of likely enemy operations thus maximizing the effectiveness of ground forces in stability and support operations.

The Maritime Systems project is identifying, developing and rapidly maturing critical advanced technologies and system concepts for the naval forces' role in today's network centric warfare concept. Improvements in communications between and among submarines, surface ships and naval aircraft have allowed these forces to operate seamlessly with each other and with other Service's network centric systems. Naval forces will play an ever-increasing role in network centric warfare because of their forward deployed nature, their unique capability to operate simultaneously in the air, on the sea and under the sea, and their versatile ability to provide both rapid strike and project-sustained force. The technologies developed under this project will capitalize on these attributes, improve them and enable them to operate with other network centric forces.

PE 0603766E: NETWORK-CENTRIC WARFARE TECHNOLOGY Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

Page 1 of 17

R-1 Line #62

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2023 D	efense Advanced	Research Project	s Agency	Dat	e: April 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Nadvanced Technology Development (ATD)	Vide I BA 3:		ement (Number/Name NETWORK-CENTRIC V		LOGY	
B. Program Change Summary (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023 Base	FY 2023 OCO	FY 2023	3 Total
Previous President's Budget	641.158	584.771	0.000	-		0.000
Current President's Budget	628.540	668.271	678.562	-	6	78.562
Total Adjustments	-12.618	83.500	678.562	-	6	78.562
<ul> <li>Congressional General Reductions</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000				
<ul> <li>Congressional Directed Reductions</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000				
<ul> <li>Congressional Rescissions</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000				
<ul> <li>Congressional Adds</li> </ul>	0.000	83.500				
<ul> <li>Congressional Directed Transfers</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000				
Reprogrammings	8.026	0.000				
SBIR/STTR Transfer	-20.644	0.000				
Adjustments to Budget Year	-	-	678.562	-	6	78.562
Congressional Add Details (\$ in Millions, and Inclu	udes General Re	ductions)			FY 2021	FY 2022
Project: NET-01: JOINT WARFARE SYSTEMS						
Congressional Add: ABII Acceleration - Congress	ional Add				-	50.000

Project: NET-06: NETWORK-CENTRIC WARFARE TECHNOLOGY

Congressional Add: Deployable Surveillance Systems - Congressional Add

Congressional Add: Ukraine Supplemental - Congressional Add

	-	50.000
Congressional Add Subtotals for Project: NET-01	-	50.000
	-	21.000
	-	12.500
Congressional Add Subtotals for Project: NET-06	-	33.500
Congressional Add Totals for all Projects	-	83.500

## **Change Summary Explanation**

FY 2021: Decrease reflects SBIR/STTR transfer offset by reprogrammings.

FY 2022: Increase reflects Congressional adds for Program Increase-deployable surveillance systems, ABII acceleration, and Ukraine Supplemental.

FY 2023: FY 2023 funding increase reflects the fact that the FY 2022 President's Budget request did not include out-year funding.

PE 0603766E: NETWORK-CENTRIC WARFARE TECHNOLOGY Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

**UNCLASSIFIED** Page 2 of 17

R-1 Line #62

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency										Date: April	ril 2022			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3					PE 060376	am Elemen 66E / NETW ECHNOLOG	ORK-CEN	•			mber/Name) DINT WARFARE SYSTEMS			
COST (\$ in Millions)	COST (\$ in Millions)  Prior Years  FY 2023  Base						FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	Cost To Complete	Total Cost		
NET-01: <i>JOINT WARFARE</i> SYSTEMS	-	152.136	161.089	68.007	-	68.007	69.731	120.790	169.195	177.918	-	-		
Quantity of RDT&E Articles	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

The objective of the Joint Warfare Systems project is to create enabling technologies for seamless joint operations, from strategic planning to tactical and urban operations. Joint Warfare Systems leverage current and emerging network, robotic, and information technology and provide next generation U.S. forces with greatly increased capability, lethality, and rapid responsiveness. Critical issues facing this project are: (1) U.S. opponents using systems that are flexible, robust, and difficult to neutralize; and (2) U.S. doctrine that limits the use of firepower to lessen the impact of operations on noncombatants. These problems are magnified in urban and semi-urban areas where combatants and civilians are often co-located and in peacekeeping operations where combatants and civilians are often indistinguishable. Meeting these challenges places a heavy burden on joint war planning. Understanding opponent networks is essential so that creative options can be developed to counter their strategies. Synchronization of air and ground operations to apply force only where needed and with specific effects is required. This project supports all levels of the force structure including: (1) the strategic/operational level by generating targeting options against opponents' centers of gravity that have complex networked relationships; (2) the tactical/operational level by managing highly automated forces with tight coupling between air and ground platforms; and (3) the focused tactical level by developing platforms and tools, which acquire targets of opportunity and cue network-based analysis of likely enemy operations thus maximizing the effectiveness of ground forces in stability and support operations.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
Title: Assault Breaker II (ABII)	80.287	57.833	36.515
<b>Description:</b> Assault Breaker II (ABII) seeks to change the current warfighting paradigm of reliance on a Service-specific and platform centric force that executes prescribed kill chains to a highly adaptable and capability-based force. This new paradigm operates as a disaggregated kill web able to execute rapidly composable, joint, and all domain kill chains. Building upon technologies developed in the Cross Domain Maritime Surveillance and Targeting (CDMaST) program, budgeted in PE 0603766E, Project NET-02, ABII will exploit both existing and emerging technologies across the Services to address known capability gaps, opportunities, and threats. ABII will conduct mission-centric, multi-Service and multi-domain analyses, modeling & simulation (M&S), and experimentation to inform research and development and program of record recommendations. ABII will build an enduring, multi-service M&S environment to support complex mission level kill web analysis. ABII will also design and develop a Vanguard Force DevOps Environment (VFDE) and battle management enclave with physical nodes that will enable the transition of ABII technologies, concepts and architectures to the Services.			
FY 2022 Plans: - Initiate studies for the finalization of kill web architectures and effects.			

PE 0603766E: NETWORK-CENTRIC WARFARE TECHNOLOGY Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 3 of 17

R-1 Line #62

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Ad	vanced Research Projects Agency	Date: A	April 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3		Project (Number/ NET-01 / JOINT W		STEMS
3. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
<ul> <li>Execute model development for the M&amp;S environment.</li> <li>Demonstrate model and simulation initial operating capability.</li> <li>Demonstrate completed modules for the multi-domain, multi-leve</li> <li>Execute experimentation campaign utilizing VFDE and Distribute</li> <li>Perform preliminary design for large scale exercise-based experise</li> <li>Demonstrate completed modules of battle management comman</li> <li>Demonstrate operational capability of VFDE and execute initial in</li> </ul>	d Experimentation Environment (DE2) capabilities. ment. d and control tool sets.			
FY 2023 Plans: Identify kill web architectures and effects. Evaluate mission scenario operability of the model catalogue with Demonstrate model and simulation fully operational capability. Test and evaluate multi-domain, multi-level security environment. Execute experimentation campaign utilizing VFDE and DE2 capa. Participate in large scale exercise-based experiment. Integrate battle management tools into VFDE.				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects the completion of the infrastructure and execution of large-scale experiments.	stand up and shift to full modeling and simulation capabilitie	es		
Title: Air Combat Evolution (ACE)		28.601	27.666	23.15
Description: As the Services develop new Joint Multi-Domain Batt ways to assess architectures, advance technology, and support operation technologies developed in the System of Systems Integration in this PE/Project, the Air Combat Evolution (ACE) program will appartificial intelligence (AI) to aerial within-visual-range (WVR) maneus simulation (M&S), sub-scale, and ultimately full-scale vehicles. The controller enabling aircraft autonomy at levels ranging from an advantable domain mosaic battle management controller. Experiments was and enhanced future unmanned systems. ACE will provide an earl demonstrate adaptive human-machine teaming tools and architecture the Services.	erators developing advanced multi-domain tactics. Based Technology and Experimentation (SoSITE) program, budgoly technologies and principles of distributed autonomy and vering, colloquially known as a dogfight, in modeling and e program will deliver an initial instantiation of a scalable Alanced tactical autopilot for dynamic maneuver to a form of vill explore both augmentation of existing manned platforms by opportunity to build operator trust in combat autonomy and	eted d		
FY 2022 Plans:				

PE 0603766E: *NETWORK-CENTRIC WARFARE TECHNOLOGY* Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 4 of 17

R-1 Line #62

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Adva	anced Research Projects Agency	Date: A	pril 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603766E / NETWORK-CENTRIC WA RFARE TECHNOLOGY			
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
<ul> <li>Refine and implement WVR algorithms onto sub-scale commercial 2v2 scenarios.</li> <li>Implement Human Machine Interfaces (HMIs) for full-scale aircraft to Conduct trust assessment events in M&amp;S environment in more complement complements.</li> <li>Conduct extension of combat autonomy to more complements.</li> <li>Prepare for full-scale aircraft testing of combat autonomy.</li> </ul>	trust assessments.  nplex 2v1 and 2v2 scenarios.	d		
FY 2023 Plans:  Refine and implement WVR algorithms onto full-scale aircraft with processing conduct full-scale aircraft trust assessment event.  Extend combat autonomy to more complex campaign scenarios with conduct full-scale aircraft flight evaluations of combat autonomy.	•			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects a shift from major autonomy developr	nent activities to implementation and test.			
Title: Systems of Systems-Enhanced Small Units (SESU)		18.487	17.560	8.34
<b>Description:</b> The System of Systems-Enhanced Small Unit (SESU) pon system-of-systems architecture that could enable a small unit to do Area Denial (A2/AD) capabilities in order to enable joint and coalition SESU-developed capabilities will provide the small unit with improved intent. Technologies to accomplish this include command and control sensing, including the ability to leverage indigenous information source and information operations capabilities; and autonomous systems to be Learning (CoL) will be conducted in partnership with the Army, and te the Services.	estroy, deceive, and/or disrupt the adversary's Anti-Acces multi-domain operations at appropriate times and location a awareness of enemy force composition, disposition, and (C2) that operates in a contested environment; distributed in the ces; hybrid effects that include a mix of kinetic, non-kinetic deliver effects and conduct sensing. A Campaign of	s / s. d		
FY 2022 Plans:  - Conduct live and virtual demonstrations of full SESU capabilities of  - Conduct live, virtual, constructive experiments for government-provability of the system to support new missions and transition.  - Apply SESU technologies to new threats and geographies in live, v  - Conduct independent SESU system overall performance and operating and/or delay aspects of an adversary's A2/AD capabilities.	ided missions in realistic environments to demonstrate the irtual, and constructive experiments.			
FY 2023 Plans:				

PE 0603766E: *NETWORK-CENTRIC WARFARE TECHNOLOGY* Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 5 of 17

R-1 Line #62

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense A	dvanced Research Projects Agency	Date: A	pril 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3	` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` `	Project (Number/N NET-01 / JOINT W	,	STEMS
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
<ul> <li>Analyze and report results from the Army's Project Convergence</li> <li>Transition the SESU Program to the Army for continued operation</li> <li>spin-out technologies into existing programs of record.</li> </ul>		ion		
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects a shift from technology refinement	and experimentation to program transition to the Army.			
Title: Prototype Resilient Operations Testbed for Expeditionary Un	ban Systems of Systems (PROTEUS)	13.136	8.030	
<b>Description:</b> The Prototype Resilient Operations Testbed for Exp demonstrating that a dynamically composable Mosaic warfare app dynamic, uncertain environment imposed on U.S. warfighters by uninherently dynamic and fluid environment that will account for the as well as kinetic warfighting. Technologies will be integrated using of Systems Integration Technology and Experimentation (SoSITE) development, testing, and warfighter interaction, the program will at this program will be transitioned to the Services.	proach provides superior performance and adaptability in the rban combat operations. PROTEUS will be adaptive to an environmental influence of non-combatants in urban combating systems of systems principles developed under the System program, budgeted in this PE/Project. To support concept	n		
<ul><li>FY 2022 Plans:</li><li>Document and transition software to Marine Corps for future use</li><li>Support development of program software features requested b</li></ul>				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects program completion.				
Title: System of Systems Integration Technology and Experimenta	ation (SoSITE)	11.625	-	
<b>Description:</b> The System of Systems Integration Technology and architecture framework capable of assessing and demonstrating properties to improve mission success in contested environments requirements and architectures to leverage an integrated set of systems assessment metrics measured individual and combined system properational impact. In addition, providing a modeling and simulating greater utility of emerging system technologies, since they can be costs of testing fully integrated systems. The program also development assimilation of new and off-the-shelf technologies into the system current barriers to entry that new technologies face in system	otential operational benefits of integrating various system s. Such assessments optimized system-level trades of stem characteristics and capabilities. The demonstration erformance to streamline resource allocation to maximize on (M&S) environment to assess complex systems enabled assessed in near-real-world simulations without the real-world system synthesis and integration technologies that enablestem of systems architecture. These technologies are break	oled ing		

PE 0603766E: *NETWORK-CENTRIC WARFARE TECHNOLOGY* Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 6 of 17

R-1 Line #62

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced	Date: A	Date: April 2022			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603766E I NETWORK-CENTRIC WA RFARE TECHNOLOGY Project (Number/Name) NET-01 I JOINT WARFARE SYSTEMS				
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	Averagition and to the LLC. Air Favoria Connectorum Ma	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	

and automated design space exploration. Technologies from this program transitioned to the U.S. Air Force's Spectrum Warfare			
Wing and SAF/AQL (Secretary of the Air Force/Special Programs).			
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals	152.136	111.089	68.007

	FY 2021	FY 2022
Congressional Add: ABII Acceleration - Congressional Add	-	50.000
FY 2022 Plans: Accelerate and expand multi-domain capabilities.		
Congressional Adds Subtotals	-	50.000

## C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

N/A

Remarks

## D. Acquisition Strategy

N/A

<b>Exhibit R-2A</b> , <b>RDT&amp;E Project Justification:</b> PB 2023 Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency									Date: April 2022			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3					,				Project (Number/Name) NET-02 / MARITIME SYSTEMS			
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023 Base	FY 2023 OCO	FY 2023 Total	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
NET-02: MARITIME SYSTEMS	-	161.728	149.127	179.397	-	179.397	196.094	186.260	208.914	270.037	-	-
Quantity of RDT&E Articles	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

The Maritime Systems project is identifying, developing and rapidly maturing critical advanced technologies and system concepts for the naval forces' role in today's network-centric warfare concept. Improvements in communications between and among submarines, surface ships and naval aircraft have allowed these forces to operate seamlessly with each other and with other Service's network-centric systems. Naval forces will play an ever-increasing role in network centric warfare because of their forward deployed nature, their unique capability to operate simultaneously in the air, on the sea and under the sea, and their versatile ability to provide both rapid strike and project sustained force. The technologies developed under this project will capitalize on these attributes, improve them and enable them to operate with other network-centric forces.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
Title: Manta Ray	23.562	29.500	38.569
<b>Description:</b> The Manta Ray program is developing and demonstrating a new class of long-duration, long-range unmanned underwater vehicles (UUVs) at an acquisition and lifecycle cost significantly less than current payload-capable UUVs. This new class of UUV will give the combatant commander an amplification of capacity without disrupting current operations by remaining independent of manned vessels and ports once deployed. The primary goal of the Manta Ray program is to open a design space for future UUVs capable of both long duration missions and large payload capacity. A secondary goal of the program is to advance key technologies benefiting other naval designs such as low lifecycle cost UUV operations, energy management technologies to enable long-duration operations, biofouling reduction technologies, and long-duration navigational enablers. The anticipated transition partner is the U.S. Navy.			
<ul> <li>FY 2022 Plans:</li> <li>Continue risk reduction testing of subsystems in controlled maritime environments.</li> <li>Conduct testing of vehicle software and autonomy in simulation and surrogate environments.</li> <li>Conduct scaled testing of integrated vehicle in controlled maritime environments.</li> <li>Commence fabrication and integration of full-scale vehicle.</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>Conduct at-sea demonstration of key subsystems.</li> <li>Complete fabrication and integration of full-scale vehicle.</li> <li>Conduct preliminary testing of full-scale vehicle in controlled maritime environments.</li> </ul>			

	UNULASSII ILD				
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Adva	anced Research Projects Agency		Date: A	pril 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3		ct (Number/N 2 / MARITIM	lame) E SYSTEMS		
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
<ul> <li>Conduct at-sea demonstration of full-scale vehicle performing full ra</li> </ul>	ange of behaviors and capabilities.				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects a shift from technology demonstrations	s to integrated platform fabrication and full systems test	ting.			
Title: No Manning Required Ship (NOMARS)			24.000	30.600	38.500
<b>Description:</b> No Manning Required Ship (NOMARS) is developing so the ability to perform persistent power projection and force application value capital ships. The NOMARS program will design a ship that ca a ship design process that eliminates considerations associated with the design of the sea frame (the ship without mission systems) while a power. The goal of the program is to demonstrate the feasibility of Ur for months to years without human intervention, in large numbers, wit will enable disaggregated persistent USVs, allowing the surface fleet investments in high-cost weapon systems designed to counter large r NOMARS program will prove feasibility of a small unmanned ship with over current USVs providing a pathway to allow a distributed lethality each of which is individually low-cost and low-value, but in aggregate partner is the U.S. Navy.	n combat missions currently conducted from large, high n operate autonomously for long durations at sea, enal crew. NOMARS focuses on exploring novel approache accommodating representative payload size, weight, an annual Surface Vessels (USVs) that operate autonometric only periodic, depot-based maintenance. This capable to credibly threaten peer adversaries and negate their naval targets such as aircraft carriers. A successful h significantly improved reliability and functional perform concept to become viable: small ships, in large numbers.	bling es to nd mously bility mance			
<ul> <li>FY 2022 Plans:</li> <li>Continue preliminary design of multiple concept vessels.</li> <li>Conduct Preliminary Design Review of NOMARS concept vessels.</li> <li>Initiate demonstrator vessel development.</li> </ul>					
<ul> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>Conduct detailed design for NOMARS demonstrator vessel.</li> <li>Complete Critical Design Review for NOMARS demonstrator vesse</li> <li>Conduct subsystem risk reduction demonstrations.</li> <li>Initiate integrated system-level fabrication.</li> </ul>	el.				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects a shift to detailed design of the selecte system integration and initial development of the demonstrator vessel	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	ub-			
Title: Sea Train			27.707	33.000	35.650

PE 0603766E: *NETWORK-CENTRIC WARFARE TECHNOLOGY* Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 9 of 17

R-1 Line #62

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense	Advanced Research Projects Agency	Date:	April 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603766E / NETWORK-CENTRIC WA RFARE TECHNOLOGY Project (Number/Name) NET-02 / MARITIME SYSTEMS			1
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
<b>Description:</b> The Sea Train program is supporting the delivery reliance on large, manned capital assets. The Sea Train progra efficiencies of longer slender hulls, while enabling a distributed for Train concept enables vessels that are efficient for transoceanic vessels. The Sea Train program is developing and demonstratic laws required to drive the vessel in open ocean conditions, sensionavigate the vessel, and the autonomy required to connect and this effort is to improve transport efficiency over what can be act transport of smaller vessels into and out of theater, an operation on board larger vessels or reliance on at-sea refueling of smaller <b>FY 2022 Plans:</b>	am is developing and demonstrating approaches to exploit the fleet of tactical Unmanned Surface Vessels (USVs). The Sea of transport while enabling dispersed operations as individual and connectors and approaches to couple the vessels, the consor approaches to understand the wave environment to efficite disconnect the vessels without human intervention. The goal thieved with current monohull designs. This allows for the efficite that is normally accomplished today by carrying smaller vessels.	itrol ntly of cient		
<ul> <li>Conduct scaled model testing, analysis, and simulation to info demonstrator system Preliminary Design Review.</li> <li>Conduct objective system Concept Design Review update.</li> <li>Begin development of a one-quarter scale demonstrator syste vehicle.</li> <li>Initiate demonstrations to evaluate control laws and autonomy</li> </ul>	em to support in-water testing of the fully assembled, self-pow			
FY 2023 Plans:  - Conduct one-quarter scale open water model testing, analysis Preliminary Design Reviews.  - Conduct objective system Concept Design Review update.  - Initiate transition of Sea Train models to the Navy for follow or (MUSV) operations and designs.				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects minor program repricing.				
Title: Goblin		-	14.200	22.378
<b>Description:</b> The undersea domain has significant importance to are restricted in their operational ranges. The Goblin program woundersea domain by developing and demonstrating complex un objectives without the need for human control. Navigation approbated with environmental feature-based algorithms.	rill enhance U.S. autonomous capabilities in the challenging iderwater systems able to search, locate, and execute mission baches will focus on the use of commercial, low-cost navigation	1		

PE 0603766E: NETWORK-CENTRIC WARFARE TECHNOLOGY Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 10 of 17

R-1 Line #62

	UNULASSII ILD						
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense A	Advanced Research Projects Agency		Date: A	pril 2022			
				roject (Number/Name) ET-02 / MARITIME SYSTEMS			
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023		
System (GPS) for long duration missions. Key Goblin technical characteristic navigation without GPS, perception and effector strategies for objapproaches to support mission execution, and autonomy approaches transition is to the U.S. Navy.	jects with unknown parameters, long-duration autonomy	olution					
<ul> <li>FY 2022 Plans:</li> <li>Begin subsystems design, long-lead purchase items, and initial</li> <li>Test subsystems in a representative maritime environment.</li> <li>Conduct risk reduction activities supporting preliminary develop</li> </ul>							
<ul> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>Conduct risk reduction activities supporting development of der</li> <li>Begin demonstrator development and continue subsystem integ</li> <li>Test demonstrator systems in a representative maritime environ</li> </ul>	gration.						
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects a shift from subsystem design to fu	ull demonstrator development.						
Title: Timely Information for Maritime Engagements (TIMEly)			23.259	16.500	16.00		
<b>Description:</b> Integration of undersea elements for joint cross-dord distributed kill webs. The Timely Information for Maritime Engage underwater network architecture that will span the ocean and brid learned in the Positioning System for Deep Ocean Navigation (PC TIMEly will provide an adaptive, heterogeneous, scalable commutogether into kill webs with minimal operator burden. The program transfer the right information to its intended recipient. TIMEly will protocols, quality of service, and information exchange. The proglong-range acoustic communications at higher bandwidth and grealso leverage recent developments in network interoperability to rechnology developed by this program will transition to the Navy.	ements (TIMEly) program is creating a heterogeneous dge to other operating domains. Building upon technologies DSYDON) program, (previously budgeted in this PE/Project inications capability to link undersea and cross-domain assem will focus on developing architectures with the capability to work within commonly understood limitations, with a focus gram will leverage developments demonstrating short-range eater reliability, while minimizing detectability. The program manage heterogeneous undersea and cross-domain network.	ets co on e and will					
<ul> <li>FY 2022 Plans:</li> <li>Fabricate prototype TIMEly nodes for in-water demonstration.</li> <li>Refine data management architecture and TIMEly communication.</li> <li>Develop networking and node autonomy behaviors.</li> </ul>	ion protocols.						

PE 0603766E: *NETWORK-CENTRIC WARFARE TECHNOLOGY* Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 11 of 17

R-1 Line #62

	UNCLASSIFIED					
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency  Date: April 2022						
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3						
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023		
- Conduct end-to-end testing of TIMEly architectures to evaluate	e performance.					
<ul> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>Design and manufacture form-fit prototype hardware for demo</li> <li>Refine networking and autonomy behaviors.</li> <li>Develop network user interface.</li> <li>Conduct test preparations and integration for end-to-end demo</li> </ul>						
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects a shift from fabrication to manufacture.	acturing and integration.					
Title: Multi-Azimuth Defense Fast Intercept Round Engagement	System (MAD-FIRES)	-	6.000	8.30		
<b>Description:</b> The Multi-Azimuth Defense Fast Intercept Round I system against today's most stressing threats by developing a h sequencing and control system capable of neutralizing large threat recent advancements in gun hardening, miniaturization of guided advances fire control technologies, medium caliber gun technologiemultaneous target, kinetic engagement mission at greatly redu accuracy rather than size, thus expanding the role of smaller coroutgunned. MAD-FIRES, sized as a medium caliber system, en system. This phase of the program is focused on demonstrating targets. Prior to FY 2022, this program was funded in PE 06027	ighly maneuverable, medium caliber, guided projectile, fire eat raids of high speed, highly maneuverable targets. Leveral munition components, and long-range sensors, MAD-FIRE egies, and guided projectile technologies enabling the multiple ced costs. MAD-FIRES will achieve lethality overmatch thrombat platforms into missions where they have been traditional hances flexibility for installment as a new ship self-defense and-to-end system performance against surrogate superso	aging S e, ugh ally				
FY 2022 Plans: - Initiate enhanced lethality study to refine threat defeat prediction Initiate development of software and hardware-in-the-loop sim						
<ul> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>Validate lethality model through analysis of impact results.</li> <li>Refine software and hardware-in-the-loop simulations for engage.</li> <li>Initiate design cycle to mature projectile towards tactical capable.</li> </ul>	•					
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: FY 2023 increase reflects activities leading up to at sea testing of	of a fully integrated demonstrator.					
Title: Hunter		12.863	6.924	6.00		

PE 0603766E: *NETWORK-CENTRIC WARFARE TECHNOLOGY* Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 12 of 17

R-1 Line #62

	UNCLASSIFIED						
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency  Date: April 2022							
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3	Project (Number/Name) NET-02 / MARITIME SYSTEMS						
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023			
<b>Description:</b> The Hunter program seeks to develop novel conce deliver complex payloads. The program will explore efficient end with advanced fiber handling capabilities for high bandwidth comocean interface. This interface will give XLUUVs significantly incompletely new capabilities previously delivered only by manned Domain Maritime Surveillance and Targeting (CDMaST) program new capability for integration into maritime system of systems was program will transition to the Navy.	capsulation and buoyancy control concepts to be implemented munications in order to create a highly modular and adaptath reased payload handling ability and allow them to deliver platforms. Building upon research conducted under the Creat budgeted in this PE/Project, the Hunter program will estable	ed ble oss lish a					
FY 2022 Plans:  - Upgrade Hunter carriage to accommodate hosting and deployr  - Complete coordinated in-water system of systems testing.	ment of alternate payloads.						
FY 2023 Plans: - Conduct end-to-end mission demonstration.							
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects the transition from system integral	ation and test to final mission demonstration.						
Title: Advanced Propulsors, Experimental (APEX)		-	-	14.00			
<b>Description:</b> Current submarine propulsor and propeller designs improvements, constrain ship layouts, and maneuvering capabilities developing and demonstrating a new generation of submarine submarine design, maneuverability, speed, and quieting that will building upon technologies developed in the Maritime Defense putransition is to the U.S. Navy.	ties. The Advanced Propulsors, Experimental (APEX) progr propulsor designs enabling revolutionary improvements in transform future submarine designs. The APEX program is						
FY 2023 Plans:  - Initiate mechanical design feasibility studies.  - Complete the hydrodynamic design.							
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects program initiation.							
Title: Cross Domain Maritime Surveillance and Targeting (CDMa	nST)	11.326	3.000				

PE 0603766E: *NETWORK-CENTRIC WARFARE TECHNOLOGY* Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 13 of 17

R-1 Line #62

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Ac	dvanced Research Projects Agency	Date: A	pril 2022		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3		Project (Number/Name) NET-02 <i>I MARITIME SYSTEMS</i>			
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023		
<b>Description:</b> The Cross Domain Maritime Surveillance and Target architectures consisting of novel combinations of manned and unmedvelop a robust "kill web" against submarines and ships over larged developments in unmanned platforms, seafloor systems, and emer an advanced, integrated undersea and above sea warfighting capa experimental environment to explore architecture combinations in feasibility and robustness. The program will leverage enabling tect (C3) between physical domains in order to support the architecture not only demonstrate integrated system performance, but also devine heterogeneous architecture. The CDMaST program will invest in timprove reliability. Technologies from this program will transition to	on				
FY 2022 Plans:  - Complete the analysis of the final experimentation event and pro - Complete transition of hardware, software, and reports to the Na					
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects program completion.					
Title: Ocean of Things		13.011	5.403		
<b>Description:</b> The goal of the Ocean of Things program is to advant low-power microelectronics and advanced data analytics. Ocean of Maritime Surveillance and Targeting (CDMaST) program, budgeted numbers of heterogeneous sensing floats to cover large ocean are materials. These platforms will leverage satellite communications to shared processing. Ocean of Things will apply advanced analysis signals and behaviors in the ocean environment. The program will develop applications for distributed platform behavior using an interprocessing. Further research will examine additional platform capability processing. The Ocean of Things program will improve ocean away existing platforms. Technologies developed in Ocean of Things will be a supplication of the ocean of things will be a supplication of the ocean of things will be ocean of the ocean of things will be ocean of things will be ocean of the ocean of things will be ocean of things will be ocean of things will be ocean of the ocean of things will be ocean of things will be ocean of the ocean oce	of Things builds upon advances made in the Cross Domain d in this PE/Project. Ocean of Things will develop large eas, while incorporating environmentally friendly construction populate a large data repository with sensor outputs for techniques to the stored data to synthesize and discover research the spatio-temporal composability of sensors and ernet of things (IoT) architecture deployed across the world ties and system impacts of communication rate and edge areness and provide persistent coverage to areas between	n on new d 's			
FY 2022 Plans: - Develop advanced algorithms and automated performance.					

PE 0603766E: *NETWORK-CENTRIC WARFARE TECHNOLOGY* Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 14 of 17

R-1 Line #62

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advance		Date: A	pril 2022		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603766E / NETWORK-CENTRIC WA RFARE TECHNOLOGY				
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2	2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
<ul><li>Integrate analytic and ocean modeling products into Navy application</li><li>Test advanced algorithms on large-scale data.</li></ul>	S.				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects program completion.					
Title: Angler		2	26.000	4.000	-
<b>Description:</b> The undersea domain has significant importance to nation domain in which to operate due to extreme water pressures, restricted and marine fouling and corrosion. The Angler program will improve U.S robotic systems significantly ahead of the state-of-the-art. These robotic autonomously, even in dark, turbulent, and semi-opaque sea conditions on the Global Positioning System (GPS). Key Angler technical challeng navigation without GPS, perception and manipulation strategies for object approaches to support mission execution, and autonomy approaches the initiated in an applied research effort budgeted in FY 2020 PE 0602702	communications, ever changing bottom environments 5. operations in this domain by enabling underwater c systems would be able to search and manipulate of without the need for human control and without reliages include sensing techniques that provide high-restricts with unknown parameters, long duration autonormat do not rely on human intervention. This program	bjects ance blution my			
FY 2022 Plans: - Complete program closeout activities.					
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects program completion.					
	Accomplishments/Planned Programs Sub	ototals 16	31.728	149.127	179.39

# C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

N/A

Remarks

# D. Acquisition Strategy

N/A

PE 0603766E: NETWORK-CENTRIC WARFARE TECHNOLOGY Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 15 of 17

R-1 Line #62

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency										Date: April 2022		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3				PE 0603766E I NETWORK-CENTRIC WA N				Project (Number/Name) NET-06 / NETWORK-CENTRIC WARFARE TECHNOLOGY				
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023 Base	FY 2023 OCO	FY 2023 Total	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
NET-06: <i>NETWORK-CENTRIC WARFARE TECHNOLOGY</i>	-	314.676	358.055	431.158	-	431.158	505.250	347.150	242.500	0.000	-	-
Quantity of RDT&E Articles	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

This project funds classified DARPA programs that are reported in accordance with Title 10, United States Code, Section 119(a)(1) or its successor.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
Title: Classified DARPA Program	314.676	324.555	431.158
Description: This project funds Classified DARPA Programs. Details of this submission are classified.			
FY 2022 Plans: Details will be provided under separate cover.			
FY 2023 Plans: Details will be provided under separate cover.			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: Details will be provided under separate cover.			
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals	314.676	324.555	431.158

	FY 2021	FY 2022
Congressional Add: Deployable Surveillance Systems - Congressional Add	-	21.000
FY 2022 Plans: Details will be provided under separate cover.		
Congressional Add: Ukraine Supplemental - Congressional Add	-	12.500
FY 2022 Plans: Details will be provided under separate cover.		
Congressional Adds Subtotals	-	33.500

# C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

N/A

Remarks

PE 0603766E: NETWORK-CENTRIC WARFARE TECHNOLOGY Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

**UNCLASSIFIED** 

Page 16 of 17 R-1 Line #62

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 De	Date: April 2022			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603766E I NETWORK-CENTRIC WA RFARE TECHNOLOGY	Project (Number/Name) NET-06 I NETWORK-CENTRIC WARFARE TECHNOLOGY		
D. Acquisition Strategy N/A				

PE 0603766E: NETWORK-CENTRIC WARFARE TECHNOLOGY Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

R-1 Line #62

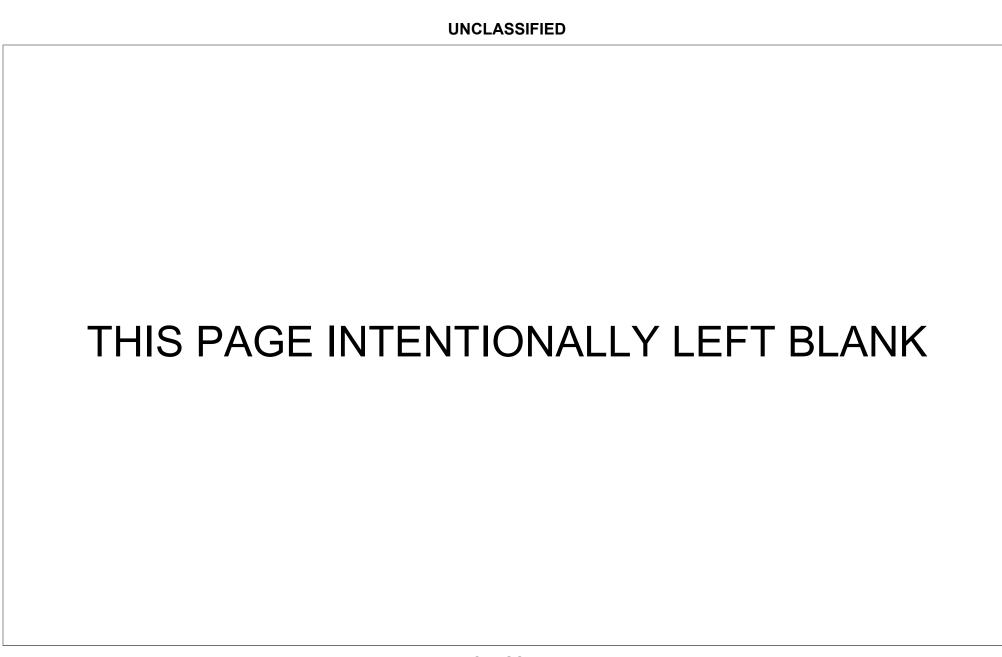


Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

Appropriation/Budget Activity

R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603767E / SENSOR TECHNOLOGY

0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 3:

Advanced Technology Development (ATD)

COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023 Base	FY 2023 OCO	FY 2023 Total	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
Total Program Element	-	189.051	294.792	314.502	-	314.502	263.612	286.862	267.969	266.433	-	-
SEN-01: SURVEILLANCE AND COUNTERMEASURES TECHNOLOGY	-	22.753	36.785	35.838	-	35.838	31.201	21.301	9.568	8.568	-	-
SEN-02: SENSORS AND PROCESSING SYSTEMS	-	41.203	84.248	92.659	-	92.659	115.000	195.768	244.001	257.865	-	-
SEN-06: SENSOR TECHNOLOGY	-	125.095	173.759	186.005	-	186.005	117.411	69.793	14.400	0.000	-	-

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

The Sensor Technology program element is budgeted in the Advanced Technology Development Budget Activity because it funds sensor efforts that will improve the accuracy and timeliness of our surveillance and targeting systems for improved battlefield awareness, strike capability and battle damage assessment.

The Surveillance and Countermeasures Technology project funds sensor efforts that will improve the accuracy and timeliness of our surveillance and targeting systems for improved battlefield awareness, strike capability, and battle damage assessment. Timely surveillance of enemy territory under all weather conditions is critical to providing our forces with the tactical information needed to succeed in future wars. This operational surveillance capability must continue to perform during enemy efforts to deny and deceive the sensor systems, and operate, at times, in a clandestine manner. This project will exploit recent advances in multispectral target phenomenology, signal processing, low-power high-performance computing, and low-cost microelectronics to develop advanced surveillance and targeting systems. In addition, this project encompasses several advanced technologies related to the development of techniques to counter advanced battlefield threats.

The Sensors and Processing Systems project develops and demonstrates the advanced sensor and processing technologies and systems necessary for Intelligence, Surveillance, and Reconnaissance (ISR) missions. Future battlefields will continue to be populated with targets that use mobility and concealment as key survival tactics, and high-value targets will range from specific individual insurgents and vehicles to groups of individuals and large platforms such as mobile missile launchers and artillery. The Sensors and Processing Systems project is primarily driven by four needs: (a) providing day-night ISR capabilities against the entire range of potential targets; (b) countering camouflage, concealment, and deception of mobile ground targets; (c) detecting and identifying objects of interest/targets across wide geographic areas in near-real-time; and (d) enabling reliable identification, precision fire control tracking, timely engagement, and accurate battle damage assessment of ground targets. The Sensors and Processing Systems project develops and demonstrates technologies and system concepts that combine novel approaches to sensing with emerging sensor technologies and advanced sensor and image processing algorithms, software, and hardware to enable comprehensive knowledge of the battlespace and detection, identification, tracking, engagement, and battle damage assessment for high-value targets in all weather conditions and combat environments.

PE 0603767E: SENSOR TECHNOLOGY Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency UNCLASSIFIED Page 1 of 12

R-1 Line #63

Volume 1 - 225

Date: April 2022

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

Date: April 2022

**Appropriation/Budget Activity** 

0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 3:

Advanced Technology Development (ATD)

R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)
PE 0603767E / SENSOR TECHNOLOGY

B. Program Change Summary (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023 Base	FY 2023 OCO	FY 2023 Total
Previous President's Budget	190.220	294.792	0.000	-	0.000
Current President's Budget	189.051	294.792	314.502	-	314.502
Total Adjustments	-1.169	0.000	314.502	-	314.502
<ul> <li>Congressional General Reductions</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
<ul> <li>Congressional Directed Reductions</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
<ul> <li>Congressional Rescissions</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
<ul> <li>Congressional Adds</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
<ul> <li>Congressional Directed Transfers</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
<ul> <li>Reprogrammings</li> </ul>	4.956	0.000			
SBIR/STTR Transfer	-6.125	0.000			
<ul> <li>Adjustments to Budget Year</li> </ul>	-	-	314.502	-	314.502

#### **Change Summary Explanation**

FY 2021: Decrease reflects SBIR/STTR transfer offset by reprogrammings.

FY 2022: N/A

FY 2023: FY 2023 funding increase reflects the fact that the FY 2022 President's Budget request did not include out-year funding.

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency									Date: April 2022			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3			R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603767E / SENSOR TECHNOLOGY SEN-01 / SURVEILLANCE AND COUNTERMEASURES TECHNOLOGY				LOGY					
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023 Base	FY 2023 OCO	FY 2023 Total	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
SEN-01: SURVEILLANCE AND COUNTERMEASURES TECHNOLOGY	-	22.753	36.785	35.838	-	35.838	31.201	21.301	9.568	8.568	-	-
Quantity of RDT&E Articles	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

The Surveillance and Countermeasures Technology project funds sensor efforts that will improve the accuracy and timeliness of our surveillance and targeting systems for improved battlefield awareness, strike capability, and battle damage assessment. Timely surveillance of enemy territory under all weather conditions is critical to providing our forces with the tactical information needed to succeed in future wars. This operational surveillance capability must continue to perform during enemy efforts to deny and deceive the sensor systems, and operate, at times, in a clandestine manner. This project will exploit recent advances in multispectral target phenomenology, signal processing, low-power high-performance computing, and low-cost microelectronics to develop advanced surveillance and targeting systems. In addition, this project encompasses several advanced technologies related to the development of techniques to counter advanced battlefield threats.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
Title: Moving Target Recognition (MTR)	4.500	15.862	19.073
Description: Based on technologies developed under the Automatic Target Recognition (ATR) Technology program (previously budgeted in 0603767E, SEN-02), the Moving Target Recognition (MTR) program seeks to enable the use of synthetic aperture radar (SAR) sensors to detect, track, image, and automatically recognize moving ground targets within an area of interest. SAR sensors provide the capability to detect and identify high-value targets in all weather conditions but only when the targets are stationary due to limitations in traditional SAR processing. Ground moving target indicator (GMTI) radars are capable of detecting and tracking moving targets, but they cannot form recognizable images of targets. MTR will overcome the limitations of traditional SAR and improve the operational utility of widely deployed SAR sensors on many different types of platforms. The recognition capability will enable new concepts of operation for maintaining persistent custody of high-value targets on the move. Unlike GMTI, which loses custody if the track is broken due to terrain or other factors, MTR-enabled SAR sensors will be able to tolerate coverage gaps by reacquiring and reestablishing identification of the moving targets. Technology developed under MTR will transition to the Services.			
<ul> <li>FY 2022 Plans:</li> <li>Develop novel MTR algorithms for ground moving target detection, tracking, and imaging with SAR sensors.</li> <li>Plan and conduct airborne data collect experiments involving ground-truthed moving military vehicles to test the MTR algorithms and collection techniques.</li> <li>Analyze MTR algorithm performance using the airborne experiment data.</li> </ul>			

PE 0603767E: SENSOR TECHNOLOGY
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 3 of 12

R-1 Line #63

	UNCLASSIFIED					
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Adv	anced Research Projects Agency	Date	April 2022			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603767E I SENSOR TECHNOLOGY	Project (Number/Name) SEN-01 / SURVEILLANCE AND COUNTERMEASURES TECHNOLOG				
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023		
- Determine system requirements for objective SAR sensors to supp	port the MTR algorithms.					
<ul> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>Continue to develop and refine novel algorithms for moving target</li> <li>Conduct independent assessment of algorithm performance using</li> <li>Optimize software implementations of MTR algorithms for speed,</li> <li>Initiate development of ATR algorithms for the moving target imag</li> </ul>	airborne SAR data with ground truth. efficiency, and robustness.					
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects a shift from algorithm prototyping to n assessment.	nature and optimized software implementation and					
Title: All Source Combat Operations and Targeting (ASCOT)		7.32	11.300	7.89		
<b>Description:</b> The All Source Combat Operations and Targeting (AS battlespace awareness and survivability by combining data and coor will create methods for optimal balancing of battlespace awareness and local platform sensors. The program builds upon technology de Assessment Contested Environment (RSPACE) program, previously of this program are survivability, information latency, reliability, and environments will be used to validate the technology. Technologies	rdinating operations using all available sensors. The pro and survivability by leveraging existing networked senso eveloped as a part of the Resilient Synchronized Planning budgeted in PE 0603766E/Project NET-01. Key attribu- endurance. Demonstrations on relevant platforms in rele	gram rs g and tes				
<ul> <li>FY 2022 Plans:</li> <li>Complete development of final payload and advanced targeting ar</li> <li>Conduct performance evaluation and flight testing with final payloa</li> <li>Perform sensor fusion, data analysis, and system integration deve</li> </ul>	ad.	cise.				
FY 2023 Plans:  - Integrate final flight payload with sensor fusion tool to create an or  - Perform sensor fusion, data analysis, and system integration to ex						
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects a shift from system testing to final ter	chnical integration and testing activities.					
Title: Fiddler		-	-	8.87		
<b>Description:</b> The Fiddler program seeks to train an artificial intellige Radar (SAR) images at any arbitrary look angle, frequency, and polartificial images will be used to train and improve the performance of	arization based on a few examples of real images. Thes					

PE 0603767E: SENSOR TECHNOLOGY
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 4 of 12

R-1 Line #63

	UNCLASSIFIED					
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense A	Advanced Research Projects Agency	Date: A	pril 2022			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0603767E / SENSOR TECHNOLOGY	Project (Number/Name) SEN-01 / SURVEILLANCE AND COUNTERMEASURES TECHNOLOGY				
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023		
capability will allow the government to collect a small amount of S SAR-based ATR algorithms which are effective at detecting that t to the Services.						
FY 2023 Plans:  - Create baseline version of the Fiddler image generation softward in the Property of the Prop	thetic Aperture Radar (SAR) imagery of objects. f the software to demonstrate it can successfully create syr	nthetic				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects program initiation.						
Title: Aerial Dragnet		3.847	3.568			
Description: Aerial Dragnet seeks to detect multiple small Unmable before they are within Line-Of-Sight (LOS) of friendly assets. Unlurban terrain for several reasons: they can fly at low altitudes betwand they move at slow speeds making them difficult to differential small UASs is driven by commercial technologies, which make the research conducted in the System of Systems Integration Technologies (PE 0603766E, Project NET-01), Aerial Dragnet will perform survey payloads deployed on buildings, masts and aerial platforms. The to detect, track, and classify UAS incursions rapidly, thus enabling low-cost and comprised of signal processing software, sensor has the system will be scalable to provide cost-effective surveillance technologies are expected to transition to the Army, Marine Corps	ike traditional air targets, small UASs pose a special threat ween buildings, they are small making them difficult to sense the from other moving objects. Moreover, the development of the major that it is a special to sense the from other moving objects. Moreover, the development of the major that is a special program (budgeted in the sellance using an architecture consisting of networked sense that it is ability to see over and into urban terrain allows Aerial Drag multiple defeat options. Aerial Dragnet sensor payloads are dware, and networking for distributed, autonomous operation coverage from neighborhood to city-sized areas. Aerial Dragnet sensor payloads are sensor payloads.	in se, of or gnet are on.				
FY 2022 Plans: - Evaluate system performance, mission planning and modeling days) within a dense urban environment.	tools of the sensors in a persistent deployment (more than	30				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects program completion.						
Title: Shosty		7.078	6.055			

PE 0603767E: SENSOR TECHNOLOGY
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 5 of 12

R-1 Line #63

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defer	Date:	Date: April 2022					
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603767E / SENSOR TECHNOLOGY	Project (Number/Name) SEN-01 / SURVEILLANCE AND COUNTERMEASURES TECHNOLOG					
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	pe 0603767E / SENSOR TECHNOLOG semplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)  iption: Shosty seeks to develop and demonstrate enhanced capabilities for high frequency (HF) over-the-horizor (S) systems. This program will develop techniques to characterize distributed skywave HF radar propagation character radar backscatter from the surface. System signal processing, modeling, analysis, and over-the-air experimental ducted to assess performance. Technologies developed under the Shosty program will transition to the Services (22 Plans:						
(OTHR) systems. This program will develop techniques to comeasure radar backscatter from the surface. System signal be conducted to assess performance. Technologies develop FY 2022 Plans:	haracterize distributed skywave HF radar propagation channels processing, modeling, analysis, and over-the-air experimentation and et al., and under the Shosty program will transition to the Services.  If transition partners, and verify with modeling and simulation.	s and					
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects program completion.							

**Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals** 

C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

N/A

Remarks

D. Acquisition Strategy

N/A

PE 0603767E: SENSOR TECHNOLOGY
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 6 of 12

R-1 Line #63

22.753

36.785

35.838

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency										Date: April 2022			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3				R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603767E / SENSOR TECHNOLOGY				Project (Number/Name) SEN-02 I SENSORS AND PROCESSING SYSTEMS					
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023 Base	FY 2023 OCO	FY 2023 Total	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	Cost To Complete	Total Cost	
SEN-02: SENSORS AND PROCESSING SYSTEMS	-	41.203	84.248	92.659	-	92.659	115.000	195.768	244.001	257.865	-	-	
Quantity of RDT&E Articles	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

R Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)

The Sensors and Processing Systems project develops and demonstrates the advanced sensor and processing technologies and systems necessary for Intelligence, Surveillance, and Reconnaissance (ISR) missions. Future battlefields will continue to be populated with targets that use mobility and concealment as key survival tactics, and high-value targets will range from specific individual insurgents and vehicles to groups of individuals and large platforms such as mobile missile launchers and artillery. The Sensors and Processing Systems project is primarily driven by four needs: (a) providing day-night ISR capabilities against the entire range of potential targets; (b) countering camouflage, concealment, and deception of mobile ground targets; (c) detecting and identifying objects of interest/targets across wide geographic areas in near-real-time; and (d) enabling reliable identification, precision fire control tracking, timely engagement, and accurate battle damage assessment of ground targets. The Sensors and Processing Systems project develops and demonstrates technologies and system concepts that combine novel approaches to sensing with emerging sensor technologies and advanced sensor and image processing algorithms, software, and hardware to enable comprehensive knowledge of the battlespace and detection, identification, tracking, engagement, and battle damage assessment for high-value targets in all weather conditions and combat environments.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in willions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
Title: Painter	-	15.354	25.597
<b>Description:</b> The Painter program seeks to create revolutionary advancements in laser technologies for future active optical systems. Painter will translate efficiency benefits from critical laser components into compact optical sources. The objective of Painter is to simultaneously increase the power and decrease the size of laser sources compared to state of the art. Aggressive packaging objectives will be met by overcoming the thermal management challenges of state-of-the-art lasers. Painter development is guided and constrained by spectral properties required to support multiple mission applications. Technologies from Painter will transition to the Services.			
<ul> <li>FY 2022 Plans:</li> <li>Conduct application studies for Painter-enabled active optical systems.</li> <li>Perform architectural studies for critical Painter components and sub-systems.</li> <li>Model Painter effectiveness over multiple concepts of employment.</li> </ul>			
FY 2023 Plans:  - Define architecture for Painter laser technology.  - Construct test bench for Painter hardware experimentation.  - Evaluate initial Painter hardware in lab environment.			

PE 0603767E: SENSOR TECHNOLOGY
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 7 of 12

R-1 Line #63

	UNCLASSIFIED					
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense	e Advanced Research Projects Agency	Date: A	pril 2022			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603767E / SENSOR TECHNOLOGY	Project (Number/Name) SEN-02 I SENSORS AND PROCESSIN SYSTEMS				
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023		
<ul> <li>Conduct preliminary design review for Painter laser technolog</li> <li>Initiate construction of laboratory-based Painter laser.</li> </ul>	gy.					
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase reflects shift from initial studies and mod	deling to construction of hardware for Painter technology.					
Title: Military Tactical Means (MTM)		22.798	22.718	22.682		
<b>Description:</b> The Military Tactical Means (MTM) program is deperforming wide-area search to detect high-value targets in ord and prosecuting targets with distributed effects-chains requires sensors with different modalities residing in various domains. The needed to perform this wide-area search for missions in denied one or more targeting sensors. The sensors developed under geometry-invariant and have the potential to be used in highly small terrestrial platforms (e.g., class-I or II unmanned aerial sy algorithms to ensure consistency when passing chain of custod possibility of different sensing modalities and will also be designed between sensors. Technology developed by this program will the performance of the performanc	ler to task engagement systems to close effects-chains. Find the ability to detect, track, and maintain custody of targets as his program will examine both the sensors and the exploitation of territories and maintain positive chain of custody hand-offs to this program will concentrate on sensor modalities that are moroliferated systems, such as small satellite constellations and yetem). The exploitation portion of this program will develop day between sensors in different domains where there is the need to increase confidence and accuracy as targets are pass	cross on o ostly d				
FY 2022 Plans:  - Integrate algorithms and sensors compatible with field experi Execute experiments to measure sensor and algorithm perfo Evaluate both sensor and processor compatibility for objectiv Continue modeling and simulation of MTM capabilities against stakeholders Perform objective system modeling to validate performance as	rmance and effectiveness. re platform size, weight, and power (SWaP). st real world use cases developed jointly with operational					
<ul> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>Build and integrate a multi-modal sensor system following the</li> <li>Conduct detailed sensor performance testing on multi-modal</li> <li>Plan data collection campaigns to test airborne prototype ser</li> </ul>	sensor payload and processing.					
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects minor program repricing.						
Title: Coho		7.582	16.534	15.683		

PE 0603767E: SENSOR TECHNOLOGY
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 8 of 12

R-1 Line #63

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense	e Advanced Research Projects Agency	Date:	April 2022			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0603767E / SENSOR TECHNOLOGY	Project (Number/Name) SEN-02 / SENSORS AND PROCESSING SYSTEMS				
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023		
<b>Description:</b> The Coho program is developing advanced signal Frequency (RF) systems. These systems will create an asymmodenial environments by extending the real-time operating bandw U.S. and Allied Forces to accurately orient and beneficially man developed under the All-Signal Tactical Real-time Analyzer (AS objective of Coho is to provide ultra wideband RF signal detection platforms. Coho seeks to provide capabilities for multiple mission wide operating bandwidth with noise isolation for background el (2) filtering: isolating signals based on modulation features to procalization: supporting low-latency execution of multi-aperture procedures from Coho will transition to the Services.	netric advantage for tactical operations in anti-access/area- width of tactical signal processing, underpinning the ability of neuver in the electromagnetic spectrum. Based on technolog (TRAL) program, previously budgeted in this PE and Project, on and recognition capabilities in a form factor suitable for tac on areas. These capabilities include (1) surveillance: combinal electromagnetic search in the low signal to noise ratio environt rocess signals in the presence of co-channel interference, an	the ctical ing ment, d (3)				
FY 2022 Plans:  - Conduct Conceptual Design Review for the Coho system.  - Continue development of algorithms for signal recognition.  - Develop brassboard Coho system.  - Conduct initial testing of the brassboard system to determine  - Conduct Critical Design Review for final prototype system.	efficacy of the technology.					
FY 2023 Plans:  - Conduct final evaluations of Coho signal recognition algorithm  - Optimize Coho system via hardware calibration and software  - Test prototype Coho system to verify performance.						
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects a shift from brassboard hardwar	re development to final evaluation and testing.					
Title: Distributed Radar Image Formation Technology (DRIFT)		-	3.000	13.05		
<b>Description:</b> Based on recent developments in small synthetic new opportunities to experiment with novel SAR-related conception Distributed Mosaic Communications (RNDMC) program (budge Radar Image Formation Technology (DRIFT) program is to demonstrated statements of the satellites flown in formation. DRIFT seeks to acquire data from Satellites flown in formation.	ots. Based on technologies developed in the Resilient Netwo sted in PE 0603760E/ Project CCC-02), the goal of the Distrib nonstrate advanced capabilities enabled by a cluster of SAR	rked				

PE 0603767E: SENSOR TECHNOLOGY
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 9 of 12

R-1 Line #63

	UNCLASSIFIED					
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advance	ed Research Projects Agency	Da	te: April 2022			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3	<b>R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)</b> PE 0603767E <i>I SENSOR TECHNOLOGY</i>	Project (Number/Name) SEN-02 I SENSORS AND PROCESSIN SYSTEMS				
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 202	21 FY 2022	FY 2023		
processing algorithms on this data. This will expand the utility of small SA applications. Technology developed under this program will transition to t		tary				
FY 2022 Plans: - Establish conceptual design for DRIFT formation flying satellite data co	llection.					
<ul> <li>FY 2023 Plans:</li> <li>Create prototype DRIFT algorithms and test on simulated data.</li> <li>Prepare satellites for on-orbit testing, including finalizing the hardware,</li> <li>Conduct modeling and simulation to develop detailed plans for satellite tested on orbit.</li> </ul>		<b>:</b>				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY2023 increase reflects a shift from conceptual design to prototypin	ng and testing.					
Title: Thermal Imaging Technology Experiment-Recon (TITE-R)		4.	836 20.742	15.643		
<b>Description:</b> The Thermal Imaging Technology Experiment-Recon (TITE technology demonstrations associated with the Small Satellite Sensors p will develop and demonstrate complimentary sensing modalities, advance downlinks which will more closely represent an objective tactical capabilitic capable of supporting future tactical targeting operations implemented on mission software to support automated on-board processing and simplified approach will directly support tactical operations. TITE-R aims to rapidly be made available to transition partners to integrate with space vehicles at this program will transition to the Services and other government agencies.	rogram, previously budgeted in this PE/Project. TITed processing, and low size, weight, and power crosty. TITE-R will develop sensors and software autom small (< 250 kg) satellites. TITE-R will also developed operator tasking. This scalable tactical targeting develop and test an early-to-space prototype system and conduct experimentation. Technology developed	ss and lation p m to				
<ul> <li>FY 2022 Plans:</li> <li>Complete payload design and build.</li> <li>Conduct system-level preliminary design review (PDR) and critical designates.</li> <li>Complete payload testing of all hardware components.</li> <li>Implement a baseline set of mission software demonstrating mission feed bevelop testing environment.</li> </ul>						
FY 2023 Plans: - Perform detailed testing of mission software integrated with payload ha - Analyze technology utility for tactical use within operational constellation						

PE 0603767E: SENSOR TECHNOLOGY
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 10 of 12

R-1 Line #63

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense A	dvanced Research Projects Agency		Date: A	pril 2022		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603767E / SENSOR TECHNOLOGY	Project (Number/Name) SEN-02 / SENSORS AND PROCESS SYSTEMS				
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	
- Begin transition of integrated software and hardware capability to	transition partners.					
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects a shift from development, validatio	n, and experimentation to systems integration and testing					
Title: Dynamically Composed RF Systems		5.987	5.900			
electronic warfare (EW) systems, and communication systems requested consuming to build and integrate onto platforms. The Dynamically by developing adaptive, converged RF array systems. This enable system for tasks to support radar, communications, and EW in a can modular architecture for collaborative, agile RF systems; (2) advand the associated wide-band agile electronics to support converge processing complex implementing hardware-agnostic RF operating control, coordination, and scheduling of RF functions and payloads (a System and Sensor Resource Manager (SSRM)). This capability developed under this program will transition to the Services.	Composed RF Systems program addresses these challed est enhanced operational capability by dynamically adapting onverged manner. This program will design and develops anced techniques for RF apertures and airframe integration ed missions over those apertures; (3) a heterogeneous sign modes (the RF Virtual Machine); (4) software tools for the statched the element level to maximize overall task performance.	nges ng the (1) on gnal ne				
FY 2022 Plans:  - Conduct ground testing of SSRM on testbed aircraft and demonstrated tests of the SSRM controlling two third-party paylogs.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	flight.				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 decrease reflects program completion.						
	Accomplishments/Planned Programs Sul	ototals	41.203	84.248	92.6	

# C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

N/A

Remarks

# D. Acquisition Strategy

N/A

PE 0603767E: SENSOR TECHNOLOGY
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 11 of 12

R-1 Line #63

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency								Date: April 2022				
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3				, , , ,				Number/Name) SENSOR TECHNOLOGY				
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023 Base	FY 2023 OCO	FY 2023 Total	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
SEN-06: SENSOR TECHNOLOGY	-	125.095	173.759	186.005	-	186.005	117.411	69.793	14.400	0.000	-	-
Quantity of RDT&E Articles	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

## A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

This project funds classified DARPA programs that are reported in accordance with Title 10, United States Code, Section 119(a)(1) or its successor.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	
Title: Classified DARPA Program	125.095	173.759	186.005	
Description: This project funds Classified DARPA Programs. Details of this submission are classified.				
FY 2022 Plans: Details will be provided under separate cover.				
FY 2023 Plans: Details will be provided under separate cover.				
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: Details will be provided under separate cover.				
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals	125.095	173.759	186.005	

# C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

N/A

Remarks

# D. Acquisition Strategy

N/A

PE 0603767E: SENSOR TECHNOLOGY
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 12 of 12

R-1 Line #63

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)

0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 6:

RDT&E Management Support

Appropriation/Budget Activity

PE 0605001E I MISSION SUPPORT

COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023 Base	FY 2023 OCO	FY 2023 Total	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
Total Program Element	-	75.246	73.145	86.869	-	86.869	88.503	90.192	91.924	93.699	-	-
MST-01: MISSION SUPPORT	-	75.246	73.145	86.869	-	86.869	88.503	90.192	91.924	93.699	-	-
Quantity of RDT&E Articles	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

## A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

The Mission Support Program Element provides funding for the costs of mission support activities for the Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency. The funds provide personnel compensation for mission support civilians as well as costs for building rent, physical security, travel, supplies and equipment, communications, printing and reproduction.

B. Program Change Summary (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023 Base	FY 2023 OCO	FY 2023 Total
Previous President's Budget	74.334	73.145	0.000	-	0.000
Current President's Budget	75.246	73.145	86.869	-	86.869
Total Adjustments	0.912	0.000	86.869	-	86.869
<ul> <li>Congressional General Reductions</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
<ul> <li>Congressional Directed Reductions</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
<ul> <li>Congressional Rescissions</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
<ul> <li>Congressional Adds</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
<ul> <li>Congressional Directed Transfers</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
Reprogrammings	0.912	0.000			
SBIR/STTR Transfer	0.000	0.000			
<ul> <li>Adjustments to Budget Year</li> </ul>	-	-	86.869	-	86.869

## **Change Summary Explanation**

FY 2021: Increase reflects reprogrammings.

FY 2022: N/A

FY 2023: FY 2023 funding increase reflects the fact that the FY 2022 President's Budget request did not include out-year funding.

C. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
Title: Mission Support	75.246	73.145	86.869
Description: Mission Support			
FY 2022 Plans:			

PE 0605001E: MISSION SUPPORT

Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 1 of 2

R-1 Line #148

Volume 1 - 237

Date: April 2022

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced	Research Projects Agency	Date: April 2022
Appropriation/Budget Activity	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)	
0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 6:	PE 0605001E I MISSION SUPPORT	
RDT&E Management Support		

FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
75.246	73.145	86.869

# D. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

N/A

Remarks

# E. Acquisition Strategy

N/A

PE 0605001E: *MISSION SUPPORT*Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 2 of 2

R-1 Line #148

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

Appropriation/Budget Activity R-1 Program Element (Nu

0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 6:

RDT&E Management Support

R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)
PE 0605502E / SMALL BUSINESS INNOVATION RESEARCH

Date: April 2022

COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023 Base	FY 2023 OCO	FY 2023 Total	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
Total Program Element	-	109.867	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	-
SB-01: SMALL BUSINESS INNOVATION RESEARCH	-	109.867	0.000	0.000	-	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	-
Quantity of RDT&E Articles	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

In accordance with Public Law No: 116-92 (National Defense Authorization Act 2020) and the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 638), the DARPA Small Business Innovation Research (SBIR) and Small Business Technology Transfer (STTR) programs are designed to provide small, high-tech businesses and academic institutions the opportunity to propose radical, innovative, high-risk approaches to address existing and emerging national security threats, thereby supporting DARPA's overall strategy to enable fundamental discoveries and technological breakthroughs that provide new military capabilities.

B. Program Change Summary (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023 Base	FY 2023 OCO	FY 2023 Total
Previous President's Budget	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	0.000
Current President's Budget	109.867	0.000	0.000	-	0.000
Total Adjustments	109.867	0.000	0.000	-	0.000
<ul> <li>Congressional General Reductions</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
<ul> <li>Congressional Directed Reductions</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
<ul> <li>Congressional Rescissions</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
<ul> <li>Congressional Adds</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
<ul> <li>Congressional Directed Transfers</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
<ul> <li>Reprogrammings</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
SBIR/STTR Transfer	109.867	0.000			

## **Change Summary Explanation**

FY 2021: Increase reflects SBIR/STTR transfer.

FY 2022: N/A FY 2023: N/A

C. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
Title: Small Business Innovation Research	109.867	0.000	0.000
Description: The Small Business Innovation Research (SBIR) and Small Business Technology Transfer (STTR) programs are			

PE 0605502E: SMALL BUSINESS INNOVATION RESEARCH Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

Page 1 of 3

R-1 Line #162

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advance	ed Research Projects Agency	Date: A	April 2022	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 6: RDT&E Management Support	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0605502E / SMALL BUSINESS INNOVATION R	PESEARCH		
C. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
designed to provide small, high-tech businesses and academic institutions the approaches to address existing and emerging national security threats; there fundamental discoveries and technological breakthroughs that provide new results.	eby supporting DARPA's overall strategy to enable			
FY 2022 Plans:  Continue to utilize various funding pathways available to the SBIR/STTR pPhase II, co-funds, cross agency awards, Phase II Enhancements, and SBIF SBIR XL aims to increase opportunities for DARPA funded technology by small businesses that scale. The goals of SBIR XL include; (1) increase relein DARPA; (2) emphasize transition and commercialization as part of evalua commercialization milestones; (3) raise award ceilings to support efforts for of technology transition and commercialization; (4) decrease award timelines - Topics will be developed and managed by DARPA and link to DoD OSD S (1) Air Platforms; (2) Chemical / Biological Defense; (3) Information Systems Materials / Processes; (6) Biomedical; (7) Sensors, Electronics and Electron (10) Weapons; (11) Nuclear Technology; (12) Battlespace Environments.  DARPA will link wherever possible to the National Defense Strategy DoD is which include (1) 5G; (2) Artificial Intelligence (AI)/Machine Learning (ML); (3) (6) Directed Energy (DE); (7) Hypersonics; (8) Microelectronics; (9) Network Nuclear; (11) Quantum Science; (12) Space; (13) General Warfighting (GWF FY 2023 Plans:  Continue to utilize various funding pathways available to the SBIR/STTR pPhase II, co-funds, cross agency awards, Phase II Enhancements, and SBIF SBIR XL aims to increase opportunities for DARPA funded technology by small businesses that scale. The goals of SBIR XL include; (1) increase relein DARPA; (2) emphasize transition and commercialization as part of evalua commercialization milestones; (3) raise award ceilings to support efforts for of technology transition and commercialization; (4) decrease award timelines - Topics will be developed and managed by DARPA and link to DoD OSD S (1) Air Platforms; (2) Chemical / Biological Defense; (3) Information Systems Materials / Processes; (6) Biomedical; (7) Sensors, Electronics and Electron (10) Weapons; (11) Nuclear Technology; (12) Battlespace Environments.	R XL Pilot.  reimagining SBIRs to transform ideas into successful evance of SBIR Program for Technology Development tion process including establishment of concrete operation-scale deployment, increasing the probability is.  BIR/STTR Key Technology Areas which include is Technology; (4) Ground and Sea Vehicles; (5) is Warfare; (8) Space Platforms; (9) Human Systems; Research, Technology & Laboratory Focus areas is Autonomy; (4) Biotechnology; (5) Cybersecurity; ed Command, Control & Communication (C3); (10) is R).  Programs. This includes, Phase I, Phase II, Direct to R XL Pilot.  Preimagining SBIRs to transform ideas into successful evance of SBIR Program for Technology Development tion process including establishment of concrete operation-scale deployment, increasing the probability is.  BIR/STTR Key Technology Areas which include is Technology; (4) Ground and Sea Vehicles; (5)			

PE 0605502E: SMALL BUSINESS INNOVATION RESEARCH Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED Page 2 of 3

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced	Research Projects Agency	Date: April 2022
1	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0605502E / SMALL BUSINESS INNOVATION RESE	EARCH

C. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
- DARPA will link wherever possible to the National Defense Strategy DoD Research, Technology & Laboratory Focus areas which include (1) 5G; (2) Artificial Intelligence (AI)/Machine Learning (ML); (3) Autonomy; (4) Biotechnology; (5) Cybersecurity; (6) Directed Energy (DE); (7) Hypersonics; (8) Microelectronics; (9) Networked Command, Control & Communication (C3); (10) Nuclear; (11) Quantum Science; (12) Space; (13) General Warfighting (GWR).			
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtota	ls 109.867	0.000	0.000

# D. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

N/A

Remarks

# E. Acquisition Strategy

N/A



Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)

0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 6:

PE 0605898E I MANAGEMENT HQ - R&D

RDT&E Management Support

Appropriation/Budget Activity

r r management cappert												
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023 Base	FY 2023 OCO	FY 2023 Total	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
Total Program Element	-	14.154	12.740	14.636	-	14.636	14.595	14.344	14.440	14.537	-	-
MH-01: MANAGEMENT HQ - R&D	-	14.154	12.740	14.636	-	14.636	14.595	14.344	14.440	14.537	-	-
Quantity of RDT&E Articles	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

The Management HQ - R&D Program Element provides funding for the administrative support costs of the Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency. This project provides funding for DARPA Management Headquarters Activities (MHA). The funds provide personnel compensation for management headquarters civilians as well as associated travel and support contract costs. Departmental Service Requirements Review Board (SRRB) reductions were taken in this PE. Mission support costs are reflected in PE 0605001E, Project MST-01.

B. Program Change Summary (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023 Base	FY 2023 OCO	FY 2023 Total
Previous President's Budget	13.434	12.740	0.000	-	0.000
Current President's Budget	14.154	12.740	14.636	-	14.636
Total Adjustments	0.720	0.000	14.636	-	14.636
<ul> <li>Congressional General Reductions</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
<ul> <li>Congressional Directed Reductions</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
<ul> <li>Congressional Rescissions</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
<ul> <li>Congressional Adds</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
<ul> <li>Congressional Directed Transfers</li> </ul>	0.000	0.000			
<ul> <li>Reprogrammings</li> </ul>	0.720	0.000			
SBIR/STTR Transfer	0.000	0.000			
<ul> <li>Adjustments to Budget Year</li> </ul>	-	-	14.636	-	14.636

## **Change Summary Explanation**

FY 2021: Increase reflects reprogrammings.

FY 2022: N/A

FY 2023: FY 2023 funding increase reflects the fact that the FY 2022 President's Budget request did not include out-year funding.

C. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2022	FY 2023
Title: Management Headquarters	14.154	12.740	14.636
Description: Management Headquarters			

PE 0605898E: MANAGEMENT HQ - R&D Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency UNCLASSIFIED Page 1 of 2

R-1 Line #171

Volume 1 - 243

Date: April 2022

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2023 Defense Advanced	Research Projects Agency	Date: April 2022
11	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0605898E / MANAGEMENT HQ - R&D	

C. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
FY 2022 Plans: - Fund management headquarters civilian salaries, benefits, travel and support contract costs.			
FY 2023 Plans: - Fund management headquarters civilian salaries, benefits, travel and support contract costs.			
FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: The FY 2023 increase is due to revised civilian personnel, travel, and support contract costs.			
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals	14.154	12.740	14.636

# D. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

N/A

Remarks

# E. Acquisition Strategy

N/A

PE 0605898E: MANAGEMENT HQ - R&D
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 2 of 2

R-1 Line #171