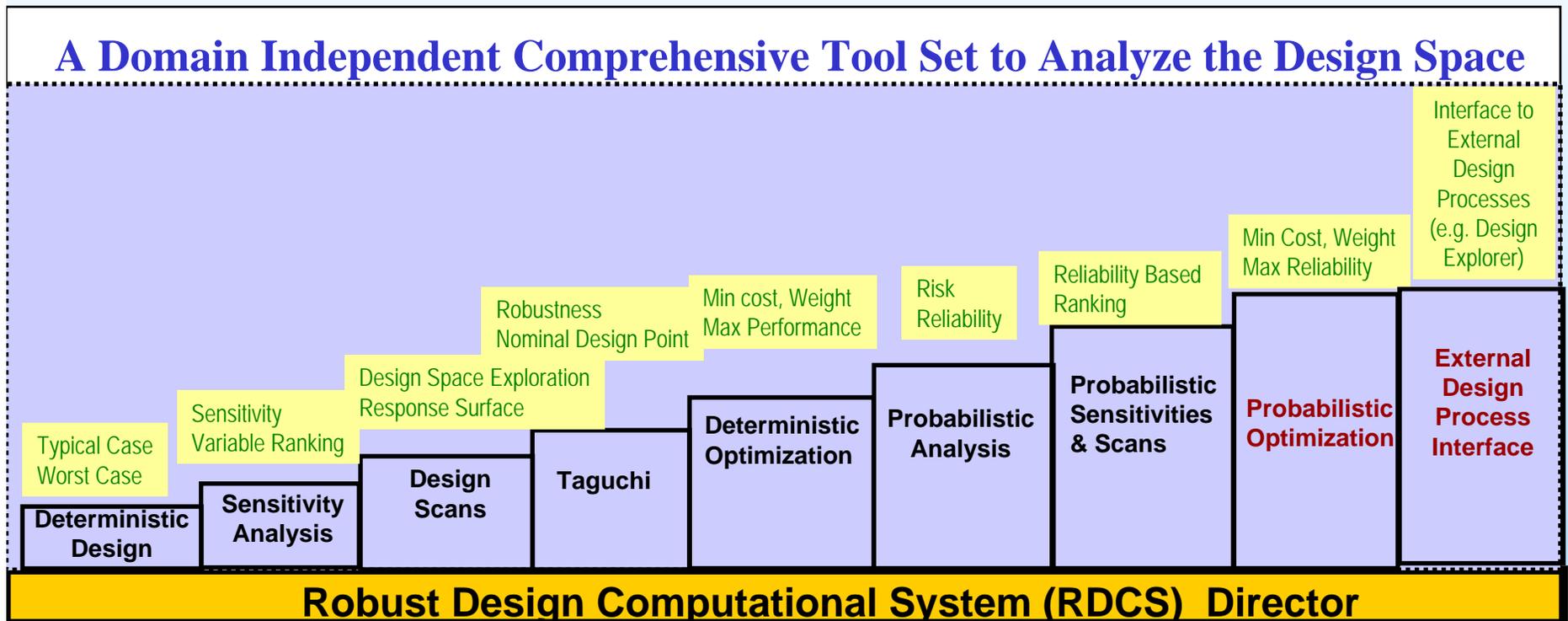




Computational Tools & Distributed Computing



Runs on Linux, HP, and Sun



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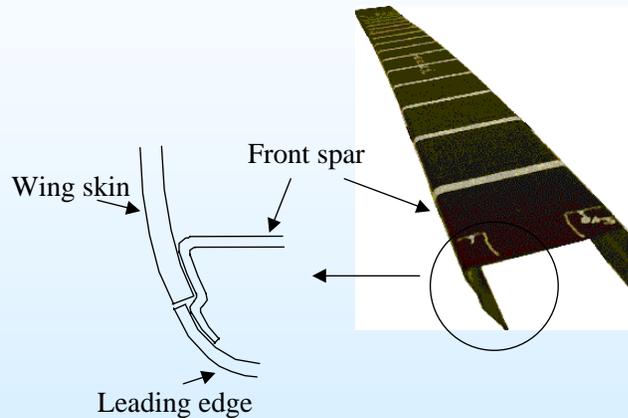




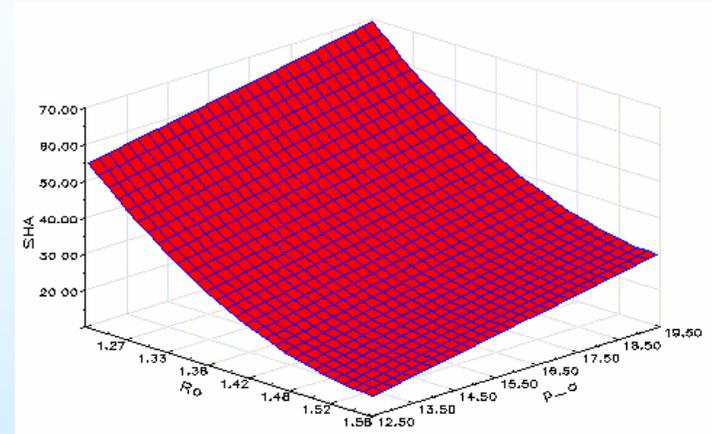
Computational Tools: COMPRO* Software Integration with RDCS

2D FEM Cure Simulation of Wingtip Spar

767-400 Raked Wingtip Front Spar
DOE Sensitivity Analysis



RDCS Sensitivity Analysis Plus
Design Scan



Order of Magnitude Increase in Problem Solving Efficiency

* Composites Processing (COMPRO) software is commercial software copyright protected by Convergent Manufacturing Technologies of British Columbia



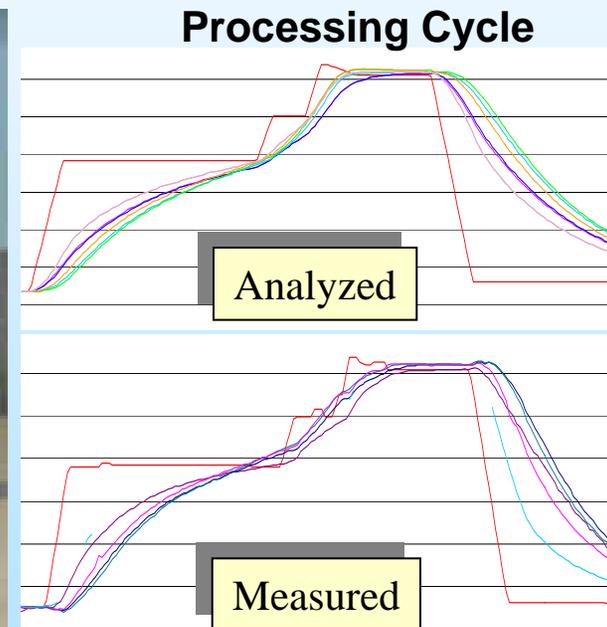
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Computational Tools: Process Design by Analysis

2D FEM Cure Simulation of a Thick Composite Laminate



**Analysis Yielded Robust Cure Cycle -- Verified by A Single Test
Original Plan Called For a Costly 6-Part Build Experimental Study**



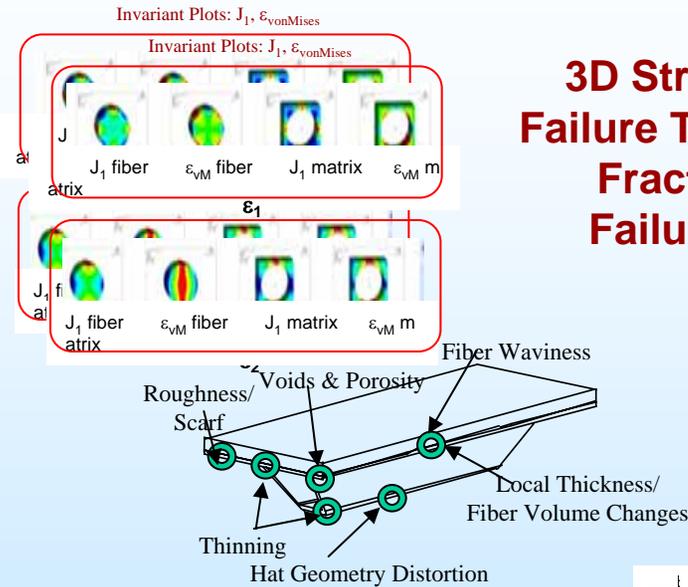
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Analysis and Test Ties Across Functions: Structures Failure Prediction

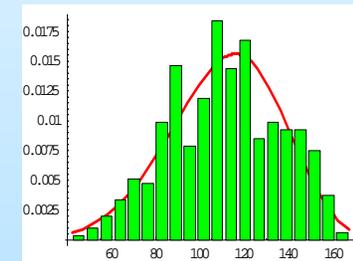
- Use Physics-Based or Mechanistic Analysis Methods
- Link with Manufacturing Processes to allow Prediction of Real Component Properties
- Integrate with Statistical and Computational Methods; RDCS, Sensitivity Analysis
- Validate



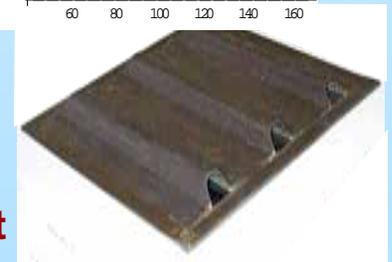
3D Strain Invariant Failure Theory (SIFT) & Fracture-Based Failure Theories

Effects of Defects & Residual Stress

Parametric Statistical & Processing Variability



Reduced Amount of Testing for Component Certification



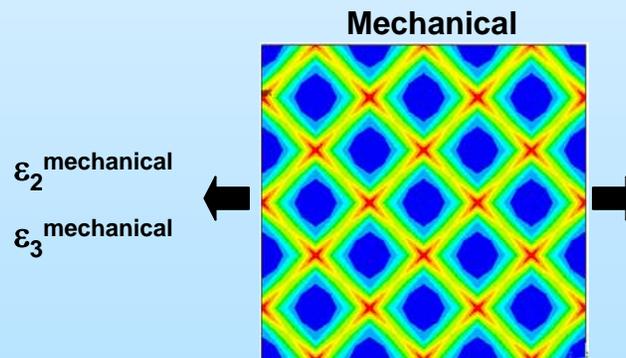
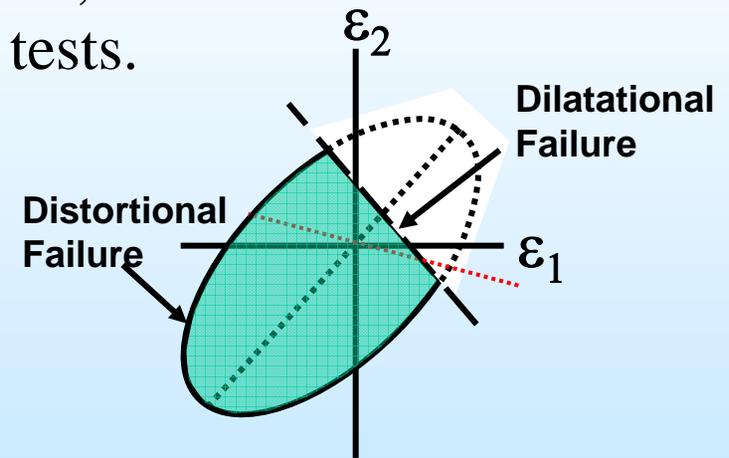
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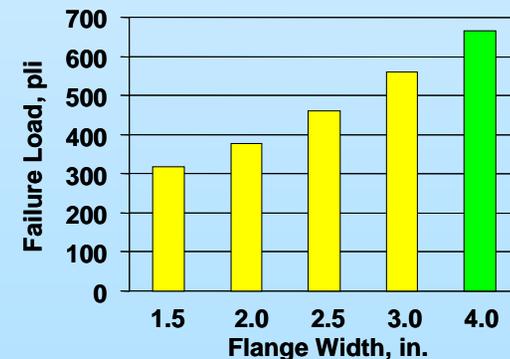


Analysis and Test Ties Across Scales

- Examples include SIFT and Advanced Fracture Methods
- Can Predict Complex Structures with arbitrary loading
- Use **only** Intrinsic Material Properties, obtained from simple, inexpensive tests.
- Predict Structural behavior and failure mode, not just failure load
- Take advantage of knowledge at constituent/lamina level



- Trend correctly with **all** variables





Knowledge Management and Feature Based Studies: Producibility*

Definition:

A Controller Module to Compare Requirements to Manufacturing Capabilities For Quality Components

Corollaries:

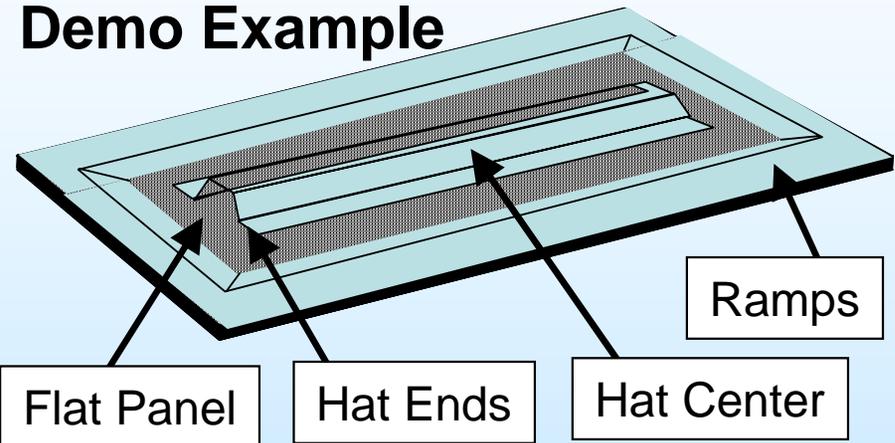
- ***Can I Make It?***
- ***With What Degree of Success?***
- ***How Can I Make It?***
- ***By Which Manufacturing Sequence Should It Be Made?***

***Addresses scale up, part geometry, planned rework and avoidance of unplanned rework, provides for knowledge transfer.**



Knowledge Management and Feature Based Studies: Producibility

Hat Stiffened Demo Example



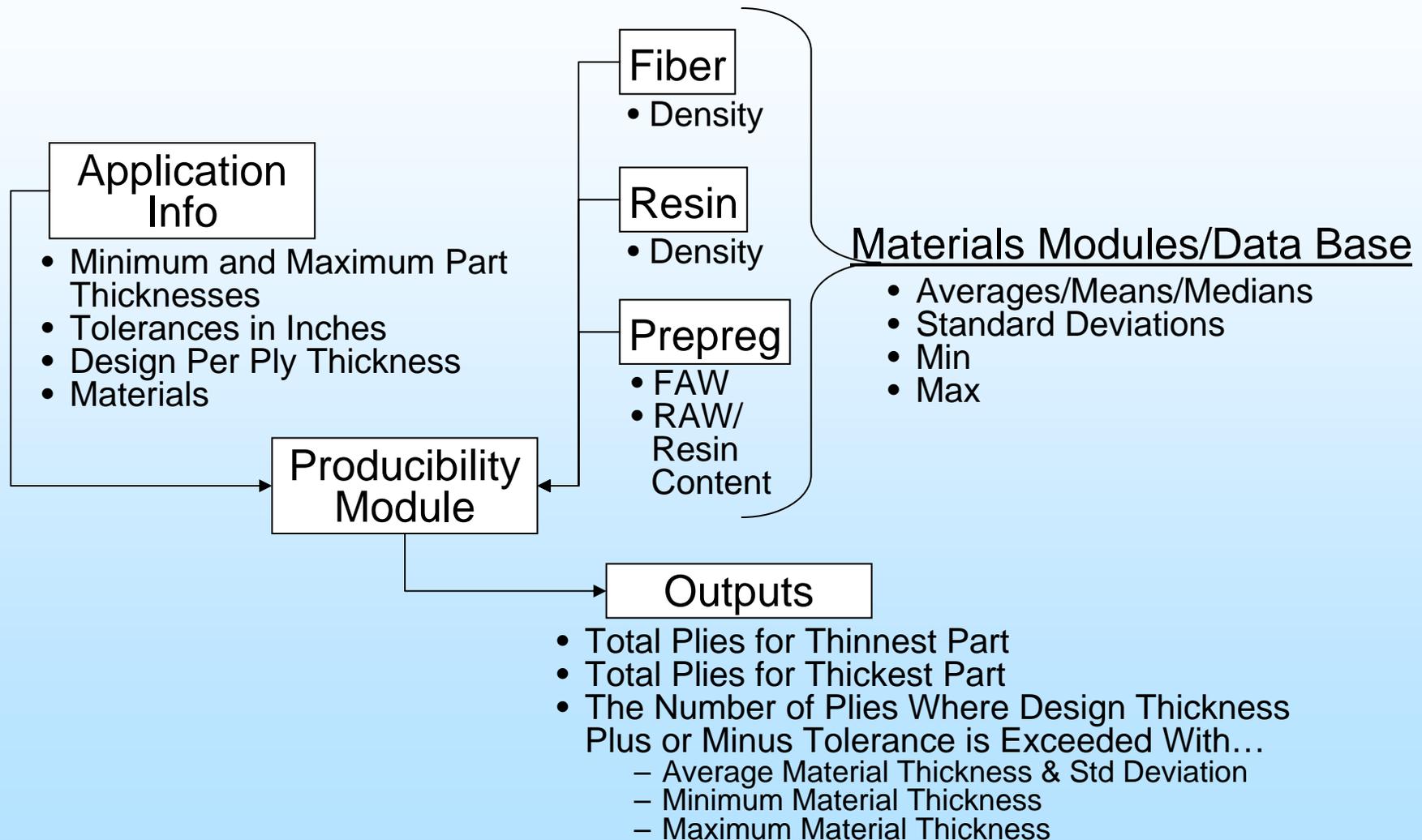
Feature Based Assessment Steps

1. Define Configuration
2. Identify Features/ Characteristics
3. Identify Defects Associated With Features/ Characteristics
4. Identify Tooling Options
5. Associate Defects to Tooling, Producibility and Material Areas
6. Quantify Defects Relative to Tooling, Producibility and Material Areas



Knowledge Management and Feature Based Studies

Producibility Area: Final Part Quality - Thickness

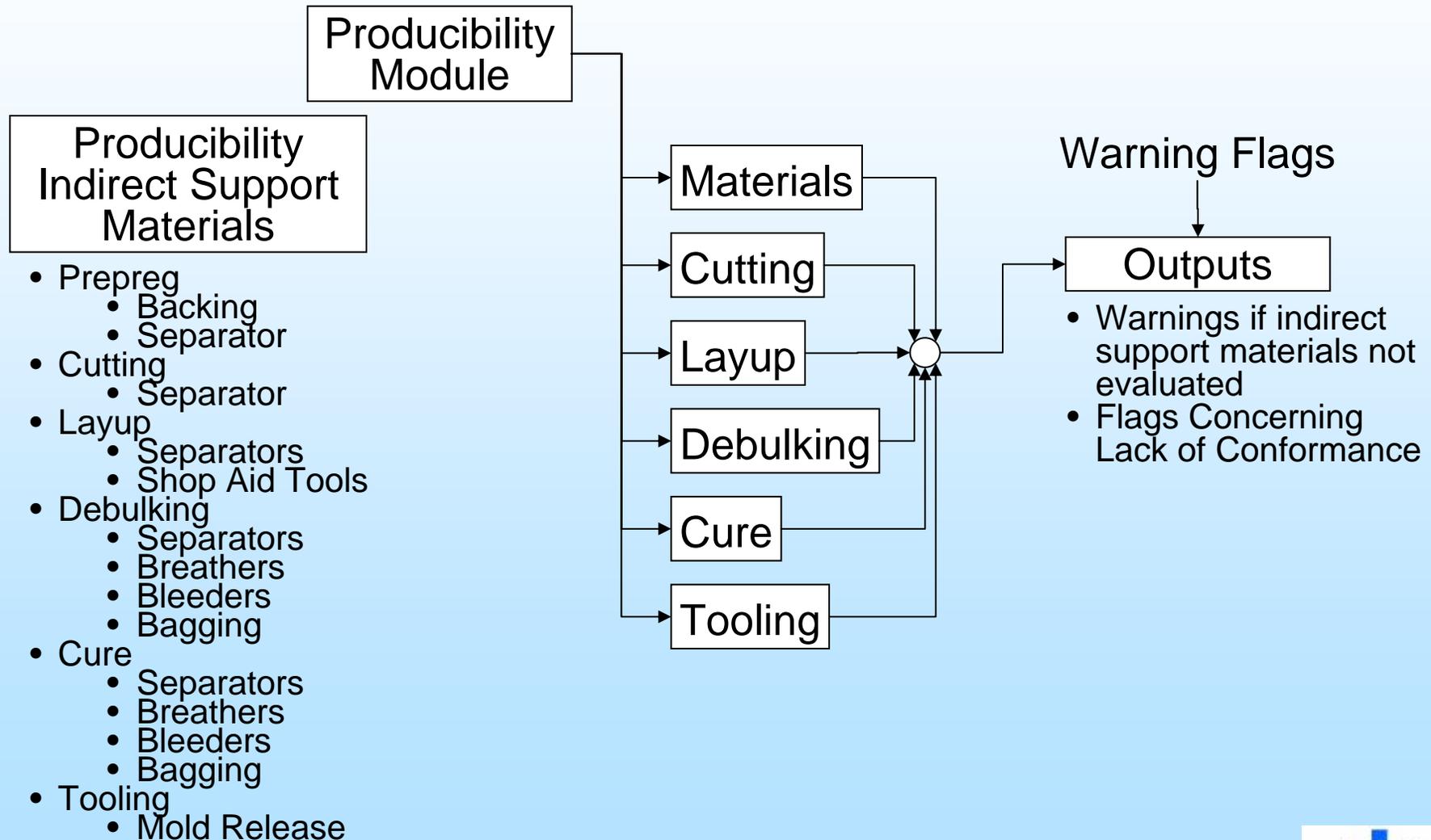




Knowledge Management and Feature Based Studies

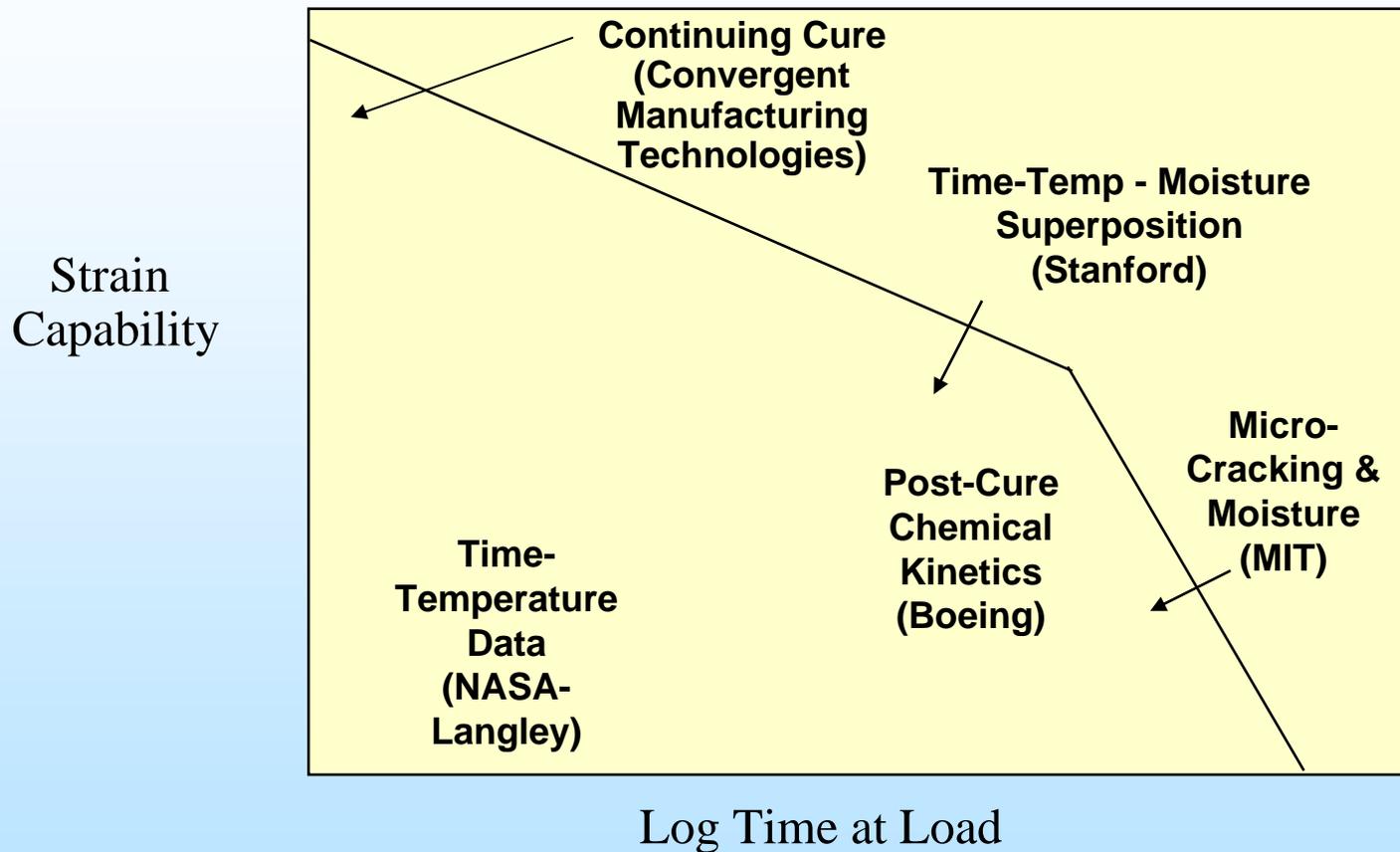
Producibility Area: In-Process Quality – Producibility Operations

Final Part Quality – Inclusions & NDE





Knowledge Management and Feature Based Studies: End of Life Properties



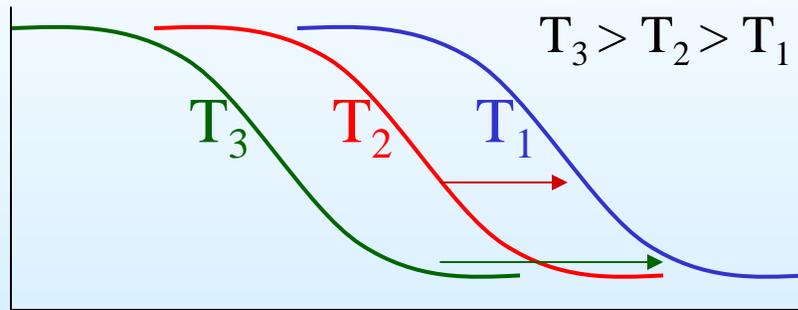
This Approach Predicts the Effects of Four Competing Failure Modes – Time, Temperature, Environment and Chemical Degradation



Knowledge Management & Feature Based Studies: End of Life Properties

Assumption: Same shape for any temperature = Master Curve

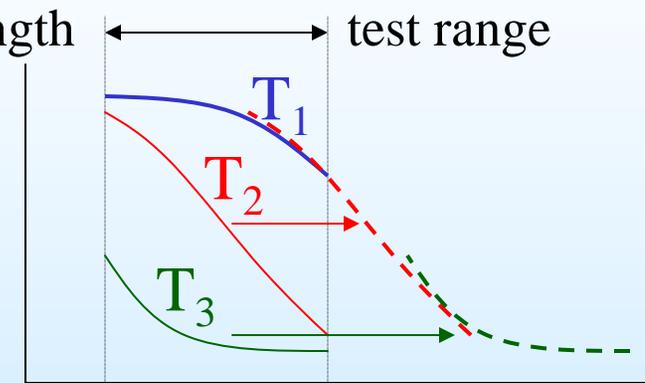
Strength



Log time to failure

TTSP
→

Strength



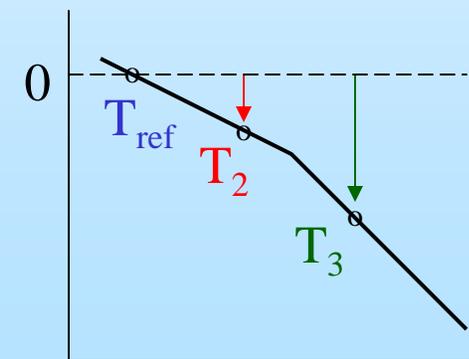
Log time to failure

Curves can be superposed by horizontal shifts

⇒ Master curve can be generated from the fragments of curves at different temperatures

⇒ Accelerated evaluation of long term performance

Shift factors



Temperature



What about major obstacles to insertion?

Define and Address Scale Up Issues
Assess and Validate End of Life Properties
Understand the Drivers of Part Geometry
and Manage Them
Plan Maturation Cycles and Eliminate
Unplanned Rework
Facilitate Transition and Support
Via Well-Documented Knowledge Base



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Accelerated Insertion of Materials Is Achieved in AIM-C Methodology by

- Development and characterization focused on design knowledge base needs.
- Coordinated use of
 - Existing Knowledge
 - Validated Analysis tools
 - Focused Testing
- Use of Physics Based Material & Structural Analysis Methods
- Use of Integrated Engineering Processes & Simulations
- Uncertainty Analysis and Management
 - Early Feature Based Assessment/Demonstration
 - Tracking of Variability and Error Propagation Across Scales
- Rework Acknowledgement and Avoidance
- Disciplined approach for pedigree management

Orchestration to efficiently tie together the above elements to a design knowledge base for qualification and certification.



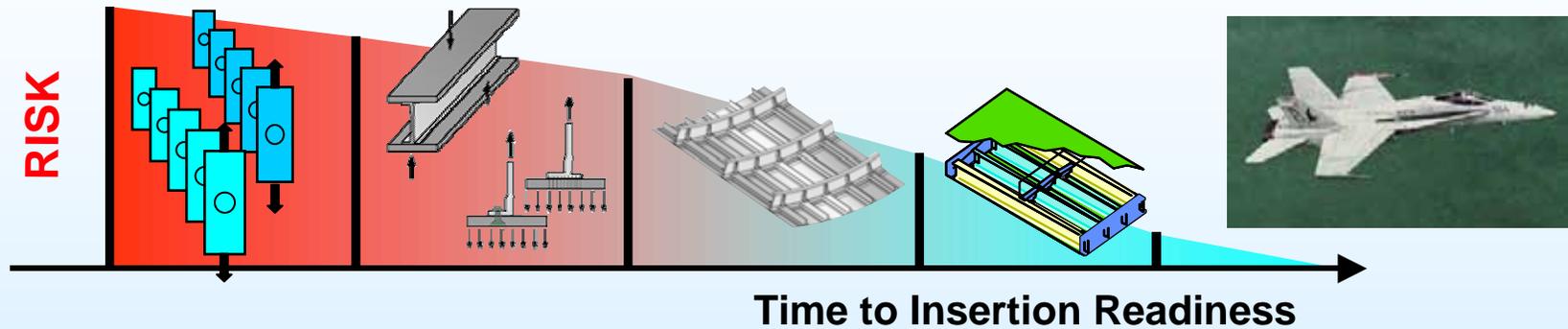
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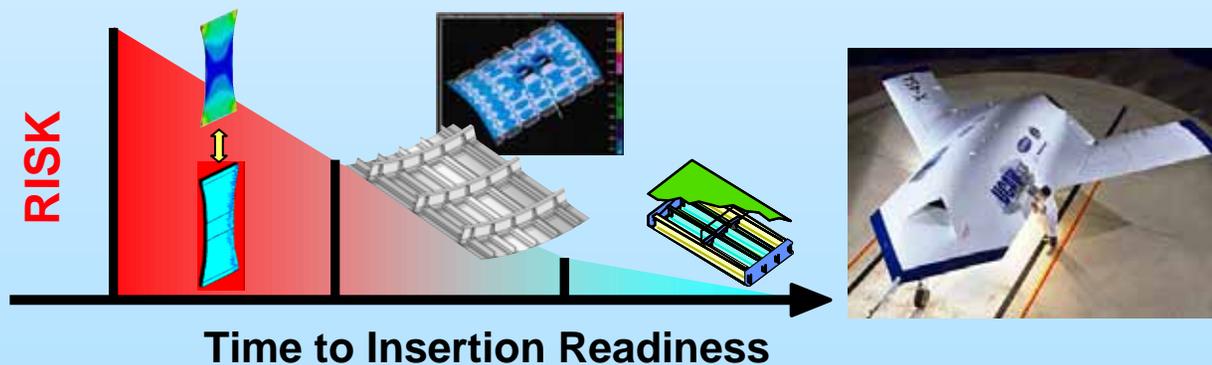


What's the Benefit of Integrated Assessment, Development, and Characterization?

Traditional Test Supported by Analysis Approach



AIM Provides an Analysis Approach Supported by Experience, Test and Demonstration



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